March 5, 1754. NUMB. 1315.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

The SPEECH of His Excellency JAMES GLEN, *Eſq*; *Governor in Chief, and Captain-General, in and over His Majeſty's Province of* South-Carolina, *delivered to the General Aſſembly of the ſaid Province met at* Charles-Town, *on the* 16*th Day of* January, 1754.

Honourable Gentlemen,
Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen,

MY long Reſidence in this Province, and the near Relation I have the Honour to ſtand in to you, inſpire the warmeſt Wiſhes for your Welfare: And as it is the peculiar Excellence of His Majeſty's Government, that all His Subjects may be happy if they will, I have called you together, that you may conſult, whether any Thing be wanting to render your Happineſs compleat; and I ſhall lay before you ſuch Matters as may be proper to be the Subject of your Deliberation and Debate at this Meeting.

The Friendſhip of the *Indian* Nations around us, is of the greateſt Importance, and therefore to be cultivated with the greateſt Care; and I can aſſure you, that the Attention given by the Governor and Council, to all *Indian* Affairs in general, is equal to the Importance of them.

The *Cherokee Indians* have, for many Years paſt, earneſtly prayed to have Forts built in their Country, and the Governor, in the Preſence, and at the Deſire, of both Houſes of Aſſembly, has promiſed that a Fort ſhould be built there, but the *Indians* have as publickly accuſed us of Breach of Promiſe; and therefore, to wipe away this Reproach, and alſo to preſerve that Nation in the *Britiſh* Intereſt, the Council unanimouſly adviſed me (in Conſequence of a Reſolution of the Aſſembly) to give Directions for building ſuch Fort. I found that my own Preſence would be abſolutely neceſſary, and therefore I undertook that long Journey, which was attended with ſome Toil and Fatigue; but I have now the Pleaſure to acquaint you, that the Fort is fully finiſhed: It ſeems to give great Satisfaction to the *Indians*, and I hope, may contribute to the Safety of our Back Settlements, and the Security of the *Britiſh* Trade.

At the ſame time I acquaint you, that the Accounts I have from all our other *Indians*, are very agreeable, and breathe nothing but Peace and Friendſhip: And while I thus congratulate you on the Proſpect of Peace around us, let me alſo rejoice with you, for the great Plenty that is among us. Our chief, and almoſt our ſole, Dependance hitherto, hath been on *RICE*, but we have now happily found out other Reſources; we no longer plant INDICO by way of Experiment, our Succeſs in it ſeems to be certain, and the Culture and Manufacture of it are nearly brought to Perfection; and therefore I recommend it to you, to cauſe ſome ſhort Account of the whole Proceſs to be printed, and diſperſed among the People in the Out-Parts; and alſo, that ſome *Indico Seed* be diſtributed, at the Publick Expence, in each of the new Townſhips, and in other Parts where the Poverty of the Inhabitants make ſuch Supplies neceſſary.

The People in *Amelia*, *Saxe-Gotha*, and *New-Windſor*, tho' they are old ſettled Townſhips, yet have never had any Miniſter or School-Maſter amongſt them, and there are ſeveral Thouſands of Settlers near them, upon the *Wateree*, *Saludy*, and *Broad-River*, and *Stephens*'s *Creek*, in the ſame Situation: This is truly a great Evil, but admits of a Cure. It will perhaps be more difficult to relieve them from another, that the Courts of Judicature are too far from them: It is unneceſſary for me to expatiate upon this Subject, ſo commonly known; but, unleſs they are ſpeedily relieved, I am afraid they muſt be ſoon ruined, or driven from thoſe Places, where they have been planted with ſo much Care, and at ſo great Expence to the Publick: It is true, ſome Years ago the Legiſlature took that Matter into Conſideration, but the Remedy propoſed was diſapproved of by His Majeſty; but let us not conclude, that becauſe His Majeſty diſapproved of what we formerly did, that therefore we are for ever precluded from ſeeking a proper Remedy.

The Reign of a good King, is a Seaſon when Defects in Policy and Government may beſt be ſupplied, and ſuch Favours obtained by the People as their Circumſtances require: And as the glorious Reign of our preſent Sovereign, a great Part of which, I hope, is yet to come, muſt ſhine in our Annals, a Pattern to future Princes, be it your Care, *Gentlemen*, that when your Poſterity ſhall read what will be recorded of the Felicity of theſe Times, they may have Reaſon to honour the Wiſdom of this General Aſſembly, who watched the Seaſons, and procured for them, all that could be reaſonably expected, by a Loyal People, from a Gracious Prince.

JAMES GLEN.

To His *Excellency* JAMES GLEN, *Eſq*; *Governor, Captain-General, and Commander in Chief, in and over His Majeſty's Province of* South-Carolina,

The Humble ADDRESS *of the Council of the ſaid Province.*

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE, His Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects the Council of this Province, beg Leave to return your Excellency our Thanks for your Speech delivered this Day in General Aſſembly.

The Concern your Excellency expreſſes for the Welfare of this Province, more particularly demands our grateful Acknowledgments: We are perſuaded, that none can be ſo acceptable to your Excellency, as our Endeavours to ſerve our King and Country; and we ſhall give an immediate and cloſe Attention to the ſeveral Matters, which, for thoſe Ends, your Excellency is pleaſed to recommend to us.

We congratulate with your Excellency, on the Peace and Plenty which His Majeſty's People of this Province enjoy: And we join with your Excellency, in the moſt ardent Wiſhes, for a long Continuance of the glorious and happy Reign, which Providence has appointed as a Source of Bleſſings to *Britiſh* Subjects.

By Order of the Council,
January 16*th*, 1754. JOHN CLELAND, *Preſident.*

To which His Excellency made the following ANSWER.

Honourable Gentlemen,

I THANK *you for this Loyal Addreſs; your conſtant Practice is an undeniable Proof of the Sincerity of your Profeſſions: And you judge very rightly, that the moſt agreeable Manner in which you can expreſs your Senſe of my Services to the Publick, is, by continuing to co-operate with me in the Service of your King and Country.*

To His Excellency JAMES GLEN, *Eſq*; *Governor, Captain-General and Commander in Chief, in and over His Majeſty's Province of* South Carolina,

The Humble ADDRESS *of the Houſe of Aſſembly of the ſaid Province.*

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE, His Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Houſe of Aſſembly, beg Leave to return your Excellency our hearty Thanks for your Speech Yeſterday delivered to us; and take this Opportunity of congratulating your Excellency on your ſafe Return from the *Indian* Country, and your having eſcaped the Injuries which Fatigue and Toil are often attended with.

We are truly ſenſible of the Happineſs peculiar to His Majeſty's Subjects, remote as we are from His Majeſty's Royal Preſence; and we are aſſured, this Happineſs was never more compleat than it is at preſent, under the benign Influence of His Majeſty's Government; a Conſideration, which muſt give us the moſt ſanguine Hopes of meeting with Succeſs, in any Meaſures we ſhall concert for His Majeſty's Service, and the Welfare of His People repreſented by us, for we ſhall look upon His Majeſty's Intereſt and our own as inſeparably united; and in ſuch Sentiments, there cannot be any Doubt of finding your Excellency unanimous with us.

Beſides the Attention beſtowed by your Excellency and His Majeſty's Council on *Indian* Affairs, we aſſure your Excellency, the preſerving the ſeveral Nations of *Indians* around us in a State of Obedience to His Majeſty, and in Friendſhip with ourſelves, was a Concern which this Houſe, as well as former Houſes of Aſſembly, always attended to with great Aſſiduity; and that the Publick of this Province have, for many Years paſt, been at very great Expences to ſecure an Alliance with them: But we are too ſorry to ſay, from ſeveral Inſtances, neither your Excellency's, nor our Endeavours, have been ſo available as we could wiſh. We are however hopeful, the building a Fort near the *Cherokee's*, may prove ſome Check to their future Inſults.

The Improvements made in the Manufacture of *Indico*, and the Succeſs which the planting of that Commodity has lately met with, muſt neceſſarily prove an Encouragement for a more general Cultivation of it, and which we ſhall, on our Part, take proper Meaſures to promote, being an Article of Commerce that muſt be very acceptable to His Majeſty's Subjects in Great-Britain, and wherein their Intereſt and ours is cloſely connected.

We are obliged to your Excellency, for the Intimations you are pleaſed to give us concerning the People in our Back Settlements; their Grievances are well known to us: Their Want of Miniſters for the Exerciſe of Divine Service, ſhall be duly conſidered; and tho' the former Method concerted by the Legiſlature here, for the Adminiſtration of Juſtice nearer to them, was not approved of by His Majeſty, we ſtill hope that very deſirable and neceſſary Relief may be contrived for them, which will prove effectual: But theſe Matters ſhall be duly attended to, with ſuch other Things as ſhall occur to us in our Publick Deliberations; for, as your Excellency juſtly obſerves, the Reign of a good King is the proper Seaſon for ſupplying Defects in Policy and Government; and we ſhould be much wanting in the Duty we owe to our Conſtituents, did we not improve the Advantages we enjoy under the Auſpices of His preſent Majeſty's gracious Reign, as we look upon Him, under God, the real Fountain of our preſent Felicity, ſo we may rely on Him for Redreſs in all neceſſary Applications.

In the Houſe of Aſſembly, *By Order of the Houſe,*
January, 17, 1754. JAMES MICHIE, *Speaker.*

To which His Excellency made the following ANSWER.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen,

THE *Zeal and Loyalty of the good People of this Province cannot be better expreſſed in Words, than by this dutiful Addreſs of their Repreſentatives; and, from the Experience of many Years, I can vouch that their Behaviour has been becoming and ſuitable to theſe Profeſſions. I pray, God may long preſerve His Majeſty's precious Life, and you will have many Opportunities of repeating ſuch affectionate Addreſſes; for, while he lives, you will have reiterated Reaſon for ſo doing.*

The kind Notice that you are pleaſed to take of my Endeavours to ſerve the Publick, are very agreeable to me: I am proud of the Praiſes of the People, but I ſhall ever be more ſollicitous to deſerve them.

Extract of a Letter from Moſcow, dated Auguſt 23.

The Academy have tranſmitted to Court the following Account of Profeſſor Richmann's Death.

ON the 6th of Auguſt, towards Noon, M. Richmann perceiving a Tempeſt ariſing Northwards, he prepared for making Electrical Obſervations, or the Means for averting the Effects of Thunder, according to the Method practiſed by Mr. Franklin, of Philadelphia. With him was M. Sokolaw, Engraver to the Academy. The Place for the Experiment was a Kind of Gallery, with its Entrance towards the North, and a Window towards the South. Whether the Window was open is not known; all that is certain is, that near the Window was a Cupboard four Feet long, on which were placed the electrical Needle, and a Veſſel of Water, partly filled with Braſs Filings, over which came an Iron Bar about an Inch thick, and a Foot long, faſtened at the Top to a Wire which came down from the Roof of the Houſe, through the Gallery Door. The Profeſſor, judging from the Needle that the Tempeſt was at a great Diſtance, aſſured M. Sokolaw that there was no Danger, but that there might be at the Approach. M. Richmann ſtood about a Foot from the Bar, attentively obſerving the Needle. Soon after M. Sokolaw ſaw, the Machine being untouched, a Globe of blue and whitiſh Fire, about four Inches Diameter, dart from the Bar againſt M. Richmann's Forehead, who fell backwards without the leaſt Outcry. This was ſucceeded by an Exploſion like that of a ſmall Cannon, which alſo threw M. Sokolaw on the Floor, feeling as it were ſome Blows on his Back. It has ſince been found that the Wire breaking, ſome Bits had hit him behind, and left the Marks of Burning on his Clothes. Being a little recovered he (Sokolaw) got up, and leaning againſt the Cupboard, he directed his Eyes to M. Richmann, whom he imagined to be no more than ſtunn'd, but a thick Smoak hindering him from ſeeing his Face, he apprehended the Houſe had taken Fire, and ran out to call the Picket Guard. Mrs. Richmann having heard the Noiſe, came into the Gallery, and found it full of Smoak. M. Sokolaw was gone out before. This Gentlewoman at her Return thither, ſaw her Huſband ſtretched out on his Back, without any Sign of Life; nor could all the Means ſhe uſed recover him from what ſhe flattered herſelf was no more than a Lethargy. Profeſſor Kratzenſtein coming with a Surgeon, a Vein was opened, out of which came only one ſingle Drop of Blood. M. Kratzenſtein endeavoured ſeveral Times to blow into his Breaſt, an uſual Practice on ſuffocated Perſons, all to no Effect. There was no Pulſe, nor the leaſt Sign of any Convulſion in any Part of his Body. In the upper Part of his Forehead, where the Hairs begin to ſhew themſelves, was an oval round Spot, about the Bigneſs of a Rouble, a little to the Left, where the Blood had been as it were preſſed by the Pores, without damaging the Skin. His Left Shoe was torn in two Places on the ſame Side, without any Mark of Burning, but ſmall whitiſh Specks near the Rents; upon pulling off his Shoes and Stockings, there was in the ſame Place a Spot of extravaſated Blood, the Bigneſs of a Rouble. On the Left Side of his Body, from the Hips to the Neck, were eight Spots, red and blue, beſides others, like thoſe cauſed by Gunpowder. The two Jambs of the Gallery Door were ſplit from End to End, and, together with the Door, thrown into the Gallery. A Splinter of the Kitchen Door, two Feet long, and about the Thickneſs of the Barrel of a Pen, had been thrown on the Stairs adjoining to it. The Glaſs Veſſel was broke off at about half its Heighth, and the Braſs Filings and ſome Bits of Wire ſcattered about.

The next Day, upon opening the Body, it was obſerved, that the Spots of extravaſated Blood were dried and hardened, the Hair not in the leaſt burned. The Skin being raiſed, the Spots were found not to have reached the Bones, Muſcles, &c. not ſo much as the Fat under them had the leaſt Tinge: The Brain was perfectly ſound: The fore Part of the Lungs was in its natural Situation, without any Hurt: Neither was the Heart damaged, only it was quite void of Blood. In the Cavity of the Breaſt was about Half a Pound of pure Blood. In ſeparating the Trachian Artery from the Orifices of the Ventricle, the Head Part was found to be extremely ſoft, thin, and lacerated. At the Inſtant of turning the Body before it was opened, ſome Blood iſſued from the Mouth. The Inteſtines were ſound and in good Condition, but the Pancreas hurt and full of Blood: The other Intrails, as the Liver, the Spleen, perfectly ſound. As to the Accident itſelf, Profeſſor Richmann might have ſtaid ſtill longer in the Gallery, without any Imputation of Raſhneſs, or ſo much as being in any Danger, as the Tempeſt was then near ſix Degrees from his Horizon. By Means of the five or ſix preceding Exploſions, which were very weak, the Diſtance betwixt the Lightning and the Thunder, might eaſily have been calculated by the Interval of betwixt fifteen and twenty Seconds. The Exploſion which immediately followed the Lightning, was that which proved fatal to M. Richmann. Counſellor Lomonoſſeu was making the ſame Experiment, at his Houſe, near that of M. Richmann, but could obſerve nothing but large Sparks, at the very Time when the former was ſtruck dead by the Exploſion.

The new Doctrine of Lightning is, however, confirm'd by this unhappy Accident; and many Lives may hereafter be ſav'd by the Practice it teaches. M. Richmann being about to make Experiments on the Matter of Lightning, had ſupported his Rod and Wires by Electrics *per ſe*, which cut off their Communication with the Earth; and himſelf ſtanding too near where the Wire terminated, help'd with his Body to compleat that Communication. It is plain the Wire conducted the Lightning to him thro' the whole Length of the Gallery: And had his Apparatus been intended for the Security of his Houſe, and the Wire (as in that Caſe it ought to be) continued without Interruption from the Roof to the Earth; it ſeems more than probable that the Lightning would have follow'd the Wire, and that neither the Houſe nor any of the Family would have been hurt by that unfortunate Stroke.

Dublin, Oct. 27. We hear, and it is hoped, that a Bill will be brought into Parliament this Seſſion, to prevent the horrid, barbarous, inhuman, bloody, murderous, and exceſſive Drinking of Whiſkey, which infernal Spirit hath killed more People than all the Plagues, Peſtilences, Famines, Battles, Murders, Wars, and Diſtempers, that ever happened in this Kingdom in the ſame Space of Time.

Nov. 3. We hear the Legiſlature will make Enquiry into all the Corn and Flour that have been imported into the different Ports of Ireland, for two Years paſt, and from what Places; which Enquiry, it is hoped, will put many of our Graziers upon Tillage, and not ſuffer the Lands of Ireland, in many Places, to be diſtitute of human Creatures, who are obliged to fly to France and Spain for Bread, and fight againſt their King and Country. If the People of Ireland eat no Grain or Potatoes, but that of their own Country, ſhould we be in the miſerable Situation that we are at preſent, for Want of Money and Credit? It will be the Policy and Intereſt of England, to encourage us in Agriculture; if not, the French and Spaniards will have moſt of our poor Natives in a few Years, which may be dreadful Thorns in their Sides; Witneſs the late Battles of Fontenoy and Valle in Flanders.

Edinburgh, October 30. *Since Wedneſday laſt, a conſiderable Number of Boats have come to Glaſgow with freſh Herrings, which are very large, and as good as have been ſeen theſe many Years. The fiſhing at Greenock, and in the Bay of Air, is begun, and promiſes well.*

We hear from Inverary, that a Boat paſſing from Gigha to Ilay on the 12*th Curt. was overſet by a ſudden Squall of Wind, and Mr. James Campbell of Aſkomiln, and Mr. Agnus Mac Lachlan Writer in Edinburgh, together with four Boatmen, were all drowned.*

Norwich, Nov. 1. *Laſt Friday was taken at Wymondham, and on Monday was committed to the Caſtle by Armine Wodehouſe, Eſq; John Hall, One of the moſt notorious Horſe-ſtealers that has been taken theſe many Years. He is only committed for ſtealing one black Mare out of a Cloſe belonging to Thomas Eldred, of Wending in this County, on the* 28*th of September: But 'tis ſaid, he has carried on this Practice for ſeven or eight Years; has been concern'd with moſt of the Horſe-ſtealers that were taken laſt Year, and carried to Cambridge to be tried, and has ſtolen fifty Horſes in this County.*

By

By Captain Tipple, arrived in Maryland in seven Weeks from London, we have the following Advices, viz.

LONDON, December 8.

BY private Letters from Dublin we learn, that on Friday Night the 23d paſt, Arthur Jones Nevill, Eſq; late Surveyor and Engineer General of Ireland, was expelled the Hon. Houſe of Commons of that Kingdom, for miſemploying the Money allotted for repairing or building of Barracks in Ireland, and erecting many of them in ſo bad a Manner, as to endanger the Health of his Majeſty's Troops. At the ſame time a new Writ was ordered to be iſſued for electing a Knight of the Shire for the County of Wexford, in his Room. The Determination of this important Affair, ſo conſonant (ſay theſe Letters) to the Dictates of Juſtice, as well as the general Voice of the People, was celebrated with all the Demonſtrations of unfeigned Joy. Though the Night was far advanced, Bonfires were immediately lighted in all Parts of the City, one particularly near the Caſtle, which laſted till the Dawn of Day. The Patriot Tribune, the generous Aſſerter of publick Liberty on this Occaſion, was uſhered home amidſt the Acclamations of more than 4000 Inhabitants, truly ſenſible of the Bleſſings ſecured to them by his unwearied Endeavours for the Kingdom's Intereſt.

Dec. 11. Letters from Hamburgh inform us, that the King of Pruſſia has requeſted the Conſent of the Regency of that City, for raiſing 1000 Seamen in it for the Service of the Embden Company; which Requeſt has been granted, but ſtill without Prejudice to the Right which the Magiſtrates reſerve to themſelves, of granting or refuſing ſuch Licences on a future Occaſion.

Yeſterday Hamilton, for the Murder of Lord Harrington's Cook, was executed at Tyburn, and his Body delivered to the Surgeons. He died a Roman Catholick, and denied the Robbery and Murder to the laſt.

Laſt Tueſday, about Five a Clock in the Evening, the Priſoners in the Caſtle of Norwich made their Eſcape by the following Stratagem: As the Governor's Son, and one of the Turnkeys were going to ward them up, they ſuddenly ſeized them, and tied them Neck and Heels together; and (having before agreed to lock up ſuch of the Priſoners as did not chuſe to go with them) they ſet two of the moſt reſolute Fellows amongſt them to ſtand Guard over the Keepers, till they ſhould go and call at the Grate to be let out: And as ſoon as the other Turnkey unlock'd the Door, they gave him two or three Blows, which laid him ſenſeleſs; and then made the beſt of their Way, ſixteen in all; but four were retaken the ſame Night in Norwich, not having got their Irons off; two of which were Clarke and Roſe the Smugglers, who broke out about two Months ſince.

On the 26th paſt was carried into Yougholl, in Ireland, a French built Sloop, called the Friend of Bantry, Capt. Thomas Farmar, from Nantz, laden with Tea, Brandy and Salt; and ſeized by William Jackſon, Tide Surveyor of that Port.

The 22d paſt, a Snow, called the Fortuna, Abraham Williams, Maſter, of and from Gottenburgh, laden with Iron and Deals for Dublin, was entirely wreck'd in Carnarvon Bay; but the Crew were ſaved.

They write from Yarmouth, that on Tueſday the 27th paſt, a large Ship, ſuppoſed to be a Collier, ſtruck on the Scroby Sand, near the Town of Yarmouth. The Weather was ſo bad, and Sea ſo rough, that there could be no Aſſiſtance given by Boats, nor from the Ships in the Roads. The Men were ſeen for ſeveral Hours upon the Yards and Rigging, but by the Violence of the Sea they were drove off and drowned.

And the 29th paſt, the Thomas of Dublin, William Hill, was ſunk in Holyhead, in a Storm of Wind at North.

The Molly, Hill, from Malaga, is ſunk near Holyhead.

The Broughton, Courtney, from Riga, is loſt on the Arklow Banks near Dublin, but the Capt. and Crew are ſaved.

They write from Margate, that they have had taken up on that Coaſt ſeveral Firkins of Butter, which are under the Care of the Lord of the Manor's Officers: It is thought ſome Collier hath been loſt in the Swin, at the Back of their Sands, as there hath been Part of a large Ship taken up on one of their Sands.

The Thomas and Anne, of Hull, Thomas Raven, Maſter and principal Owner, bound from London for Gainſborough, loaded with ſundry Goods, was, on the 27th of laſt Month, overſet and beat upon the Lincolnſhire Coaſt upon the Sands of Saltfleet, about ten Miles South of the Mouth of Humber: Five of the Hands were found drowned in the Hold; the Maſter and one Sailor were found drowned upon the Coaſt, ſome Miles from the Wreck; and alſo the Maſter's Pocket Book, containing a Liſt of the Particulars of the Loading, and the Counterpart of an Inſurance upon the Ship.

Extract of a Letter from Eyemouth, November 30.

"A moſt violent Storm from the North and North-Eaſt has produced fatal Effects on this Coaſt. A large Fiſhing Boat, belonging to Berwick, with ſeven Hands on board, was loſt, and the whole Crew periſhed. On Monday a ſmall Veſſel, Andrew Simſon Maſter, went from this Place to Berwick: She was wreck'd off the Monk-houſe, beyond the Skairs, on Tueſday Morning, and all on board periſh'd."

Dec. 13. By private Letters from the Hague, we learn, that in Conſequence of the Repreſentations made by that Republick, in Conjunction with his Britannic Majeſty, to the Court of France, touching the new Works at Dunkirk, the French Ambaſſador has preſented a Memorial to the Preſident of the Week, in which it is ſaid, "That the Court in giving Orders to dig a Canal behind the Barracks of Dunkirk, had no other Intention, but to carry off the Filth of the Streets, which infected the Air, and injured the Health of the Inhabitants and Garriſon; that they never imagined this innocent Precaution could give any Occaſion for the ſmalleſt Complaint; that, nevertheleſs, to give the Maritime Powers a manifeſt Proof of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's religious Regard to Treaties, and to remove every Ground of Uneaſineſs, he had not only ordered the ſaid Works to be ſtopped, but alſo given Directions for laying before their High Mightineſſes a Plan of Dunkirk, that they may judge themſelves of the true State of its Fortifications."

Letters from Florence adviſe, that the Regency receive frequent Expreſſes from Vienna, which give Occaſion to the Holding ſo many Councils; that it was reported the Empreſs Queen purpoſed to augment her Troops deſtined for Italy to 24,000 Men; and that, on the other Hand, it was rumoured that great Efforts were making to detach the Duke of Modena from his Engagements with the Imperial Court.

Advices from Turin ſay, that their Apprehenſions of a Rupture in Italy were increaſed, ſince they received Information that the French Court keeps a Body of 24000 Men on the Frontiers of Dauphiny and Provence, ready to paſs into Italy as Occaſion ſhall require; and that the Court of Vienna is marching an Army of the ſame Force towards Lombardy, a Paſſage having been already demanded for it through the Venetian Territories. Theſe Preparations, the Letters add, occaſion his Sardinian Majeſty to labour moſt aſſiduouſly with his Miniſters, in concerting the moſt proper Meaſures for the Safety and Intereſt of his Subjects.

An Extract of a Letter from the Hague, dated Dec. 4.

"The Effects which the Advices that the Letter from Conſtantinople, ſent you a Poſt or two ago, have had, were this; the Powers to which they related have agreed, that of all the Meaſures they are capable of taking to prevent the Storm, with which they ſeem to be threaten'd, there are none more proper than to aſſemble, in Livonia and Courland, a powerful Army, which might in a ſhort Time tranſport itſelf to any Part where it ſhould be thought proper for it to act: After having agreed upon this Expedient, the neceſſary Sums have been proviſionally furniſh'd to cauſe the Court of Ruſſia to put the Troops in Motion; and the high contracting Powers are actually at work upon a freſh Treaty for eſtabliſhing the neceſſary Funds for the Support of a Land Army, and ſuch a Fleet as they may poſſibly be obliged to put to Sea to ſecond the Operations of ſuch Army. 'Tis queſtion'd whether this Treaty is yet abſolutely concluded; but if it be not, it is upon the Point of being ſo. Juſt as I had finiſh'd what I had to ſay upon the above Subject, I received the Gazette from Modena, publiſh'd by Authority, in which I found, in the Article from Rome, the following Paſſage: "The News of a March of a Body of Auſtrian Troops towards Lombardy, is deſtitute of all Foundation, as well as the Report which has been induſtriouſly ſpread abroad, that theſe Troops were deſtin'd to be quarter'd in the fortified Places in the Dutchy of Modena, in order to guard them in Concert with the Troops of the Duke: As to the Government of the Milaneze with which that Prince has been inveſted, it is no more than an Adminiſtration, which his Serene Highneſs is charged with during the Minority of the Archduke, Peter Leopold, who is, 'tis aſſured, deſigned to be perpetual Governor of Auſtrian Lombardy, and the Duke of Modena will be diſpoſſeſſed of it as ſoon as that Prince arrives to Majority."

This Paſſage needs no Commentaries to explain it, ſeeing there is no Room to doubt but that it was inſerted, by Order of the Court of Modena, in the Gazette from whence it was taken."

December 15. By Letters received from New-York, by his Majeſty's Ship the Arundel, arrived at Spithhead, there is Advice, that Sir Danvers Oſborn, Bart, Governor of that Province, died there ſuddenly a few Days after his Arrival.

By the Death of Sir Danvers Oſborn, a conſiderable Eſtate, and a fine Seat at Chickſands in Bedfordſhire, comes to his eldeſt Son, a Minor, thirteen Years old, at Weſtminſter School, now Sir George Oſborn, Bart.

The Jane, Capt. Smith, from Kingſbridge, bound for Leith, was loſt on the Coaſt of Suffolk.

Deal, Dec. 13. Arriv'd, the Baltimore, Randolph, from Virginia; the Irene, Garriſon, and the Joſeph, Bryant, from New-York; and the Shirley, Allen, from Jamaica.

Newcaſtle, Dec. 1. *A jolly Tar juſt arriv'd at Shields from Philadelphia, meeting a Lady of Pleaſure in the Street there on Thurſday Night, and being pretty mellow, deſired her to take Part of a Bottle at a neighbouring Houſe, which ſhe readily conſenting to, they mutually agreed to take a Nap together, for an Hour or ſo: But the Lady, in order to divert this Stranger in the beſt Manner ſhe could, after he had put off his Cloaths, propoſed to dreſs herſelf with them, to let him ſee what a pretty Sailor ſhe would make, &c. This being done, ſhe found an Opportunity to march off, and left the poor Fellow without Money or Cloaths. About three Guineas were in his Pockets.*

Dublin, Dec. 8. Laſt Tueſday died Cornet James Knox, one of the Officers of the Royal Hoſpital, in the 88th Year of his Age. He was at the Raiſing of the Royal Iriſh Dragoons, ſerved nineteen Campaigns in the Reigns of King William and Queen Anne, was never on a Party that was beat, never taken a Priſoner, and never received a Wound.

Charles-Town, South-Carolina, December 10.

Two Indians (ſuppoſed to be the ſame that broke out of our Watch-houſe ſome Time ſince) lately went into and plunder'd a Houſe at Ediſto, and kill'd a Woman with her two Children, while her Huſband was about 8 Miles from Home: Theſe Inhuman Wretches ſtabb'd the Woman in ſeveral Places, and daſh'd the Children's Brains out.

Halifax, Nova-Scotia, January 19.

Laſt Friday Night was 7-Night, two Soldiers belonging to the Governor's Regiment, quarter'd at the Citadel Barracks, having ſome Words together, went out of the Barracks in order to decide the Controverſy by Hand and Fiſt, when one of them ſtruck the other an unlucky Blow, of which he died before Morning. He was immediately taken up and confin'd in the Provo's.

Jan. 26. *A few Days ago a Soldier belonging to Col. Warburton's Regiment, having no Inclination to do any further Duty, but to live an idle Life, cut off one of his Thumbs in Hopes to obtain the Benefits of Chelſea Hoſpital: He was taken into Cuſtody and try'd at a Court Martial, which ſentenced him to receive* 1000 *Laſhes, and to be drumm'd out of the Regiment;* 500 *of which he has receiv'd, and the Remainder he is to receive in a few Days.*

ANNAPOLIS, February 7.

Tueſday laſt arrived an Expreſs from Virginia, to his Excellency our Governor, which we hear was concerning the Ohio Affairs; and Yeſterday Morning his Excellency, with the Advice of the Council, was pleaſed to iſſue his Proclamations to ſummon the General Aſſembly (which was prorogued to May) to meet and ſit here on Monday the 25th of this Inſtant February.

The Expreſs did not tarry above an Hour in Town, and then proceeded to the Northward.

At our Mayor's Court laſt Week, one James Lord, was tried for Stealing, found Guilty, and was whipp'd, and ſtood in the Pillory.

Laſt Monday one Aaron Grace, was committed to Priſon here, for offering to impoſe a forged Order for Credit to the Amount of Six Pounds Eight Shillings, on a Merchant in Town.

February 14. *Friday laſt died of the Gout, at his Seat on Potowmack, the Honourable* BENJAMIN YOUNG, *Eſq; one of his Lordſhip's Council of State, Judge of the Admiralty Court, Chief Juſtice of the Provincial Court, and one of the Judges of the Land Office, and formerly one of the Commiſſioners of the Paper Currency Office: He was a Gentleman of a moſt amiable Character; had great Knowledge and Probity to diſcharge his great Truſts; and his Death may juſtly be reckoned a general publick Loſs.*

February 21. *Sunday laſt being the Birth-Day of the Right Honourable the Lord* BALTIMORE, *Proprietary of this Province, when he enter'd into the Twenty-third Year of his Age, the ſame was obſerved here on Monday. His Excellency the Governor made an elegant Entertainment at his own Houſe at Dinner, for a great Number of Gentlemen and Ladies: In the Afternoon the Publick Healths were drank, the Great Guns firing at each Health; and in the Evening his Excellency gave a Publick Ball in the Council Chamber, where all the Loyal Healths were repeated; and the Ball laſted 'til Two o' Clock, at which the Ladies and Gentlemen made a gay Appearance: There was a large Bonfire made on the Common, where a Hogſhead of Punch was given to the Populace, and the greateſt Part of the Town was beautifully illuminated.*

We hear from Accomack County in Virginia, that the Two Negroe Men who ſo barbarouſly murdered their Overſeer ſome time ago, have been ſince executed.

Friday laſt two Dwelling Houſes, and ſome Out-Houſes, belonging to Turnor Wootton, Eſq; High-Sheriff of Prince George's County, near Queen-Anne Town, were burnt down to the Ground. The Fire began in his Priſon, (which he ſuppoſed to have been fired on Purpoſe) and communicated itſelf to the Dwelling-Houſe, which might have been ſaved, if they had had a Ladder. Mr. Wootton has ſuffered very conſiderably by this Accident, notwithſtanding they ſaved the greateſt Part of his Furniture, and all the Priſoners were ſecured.

Sunday Night laſt a very good Houſe, belonging to Mr. Charles Brown, of Queen-Anne's County, near his own Dwelling Houſe, was burnt down, and it was with great Difficulty they prevented ſome Negroe Children from periſhing in the Flames. It is ſuppoſed to have been ſet on Fire on Purpoſe by one of his Negroe Wenches. And on Tueſday Evening a Pillow, with a Coal of Fire in it, and ſome Straw, was found under his Store-Houſe (which ſtood on Blocks) juſt beginning to blaze. The Wench is committed to Queen-Anne's County Goal.

Capt. Tipple brings an Account, that all the Ships from this Province who could be expected to have got Home, were ſafe arrived.

A few Days ago, a ſmall Houſe, near Magothy River, belonging to one William Humphreys, which had a Wooden Chimney, took Fire, and was burnt, with every Thing in it.

NEW-YORK, February 25.

Capt. Stiles in 38 *Days from Montſerrat, informs us, That Capt. Hunter, of this Port, was bound up to Antigua from thence; and that the laſt Intelligence from Coracoa, acquainted them of the ſafe Arrival of Capt. Jauncey of this Place at that Iſland; Capt. Stiles was bound to Virginia, and tho' in Sight of the Capes, yet was blown off in our hard N. W. Wind we had here the 21ſt of January laſt, and after beating ſome Time at Sea, in extreme cold Weather, oblig'd to put in here.*

Capt. Spelling from Charles-Town, in South-Carolina, adviſes, that Capt. William Dickenſon, in the Sloop Benjamin, was to ſail from thence for this Port in about a Week after him. Capt. Spelling on his Paſſage hither, 21 *Days ſince, and about* 16 *Leagues from the Land, took up a Tierce of Ship Bread, mark'd,* G_M *which gave him Reaſon to believe ſome Veſſel muſt have been caſt away near that Place.*

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Inward Entries.

Brig Fleet Hawk, D. Cox from Halifax. Sloop Phœbe and Polly, James Spelling, and Schooner Sarah and Francis, J. Conyers from S. Carolina. Schooner Sea Nymph, E. Stiles from Montſerrat. Snow Iſabella, F. Simmons from Leith. Outwards. *Sloop Rambler, Linus King for Newfoundland. Ship Jacob, R. Langdon for Jamaica.* Cleared. *Sloop Weymouth, J. Concklin to Boſton. Brig Bell Savage, J. Lewis to V. Iſlands. Brig Robert, G. Shannon to St. Chriſtophers. Sloop Sally, H. Law to Jamaica. Sloop Little Tom, W. Carliſle to Madeira. Brig Charming Polly, J. Waldron to Londonderry.*

PHILADELPHIA, March 5.

By Letters from London (Via Maryland) dated the 18th of December, there is Advice, that the Report of the Algerines declaring War againſt England was entirely groundleſs: That the Letters by Meſnard, from this Port, were juſt then come to Hand: And that Capt. Budden was to ſail for this Place two Weeks after the above Date.

By Captain Teage, from Liſbon, we have Advice, that the following Veſſels from this City were arrived there, viz. The Boyne, Godfrey; Batchelor, Murphey; Liverpool, Stamper; Polly, Edwards; Unity, Crathorn; James and Chriſtopher, Power; Princeſs, Draſon; and Sea-Horſe, Nabby: And that Capt. Romer, in a Brigantine, was ready to ſail for New-York.

Captain Teage likewiſe informs us, that the Bill for the Naturalization of the Jews in England is repealed.

From Barbados we learn, that all the Veſſels, that could have been expected from this Place, were arrived there, except the Nancy, Capt. Sage: And that Captain Arthur, of this Port, from the Iſle of May; Captain Millar, from Amboy, and a Sloop from New-York, had likewiſe arriv'd ſafe.

Capt. Greenway, in his Paſſage from Barbados, touch'd at St. Euſtatia, and adviſes, that Capt. Lawrence, for New-York, and Capt. Faulkner, for this Place, ſailed from thence in Company with him. *Juſt now we have heard of Captain Faulkner's Arrival at Marcus-Hook.*

Capt. Cunningham, bound hither from Boſton, is loſt on Cape-Cod.

We hear that Captain Flower, inward bound from North Carolina, ran aſhore on Cape-May, but is ſaid to be got off again, with the Loſs of his Rudder, and other Damage.

Late laſt Night Captain Brown, from Jamaica, arriv'd here; by whom there is Advice of the following Arrivals there, viz. The Captains Reeve, Rait, Lake, Lownes, Haſelton, Winter, Stirling, Wall, Hardy, Hutchinſon and Trump, all from this Town; and Captain Hill, from New-York, in nineteen Days Paſſage. Capt. Haſelton, it is ſaid, was to ſail ſoon for London.

By a Veſſel juſt come to from Antigua, we have an Account of Capt. Taylor's putting in there to refit, having ſprung a Leak ſoon after he left our Capes for Liſbon: That the Nelly, Downie, belonging here, was arriv'd in fourteen Days Paſſage: And that Capt. Green, from this Port, had touch'd there, but was gone to Leeward.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Rebecca, John M'Clelland from Seville.
----Joſephia, William Teage from Liſbon.
----Carpenter, Hugh Bowes from Barbados.
Brig Barbados Factor, Joſeph Greenway from Ditto.
----Proſpect, William Condy from Do.
Schooner Bettey, Thomas Auſtin from Boſton.
OUTWARDS. *Sloop Polly, John Harper for Antigua.*
CLEARED. *Brig Thiſtle, John Murray to Madeira.*
Schooner Dolphin, William Morton to Boſton.
Brig Lark, Robert Gardner to Barbados.
Snow Succeſs, Joſeph Cookſon to Ditto.
Ship American, Fenwick Lyall to Ditto.
Snow Polly, Robert White to S. Carolina.
Sloop Betſey, Robert Lockridge to Providence.

To be SOLD, by

BENJAMIN MIFFLIN,

At his ſtore, formerly Anthony Morris's malt-houſe, near the Draw-bridge,

IRISH potatoes, at 3s. 9d. by the ſingle buſhel, and 3s. 4d. by the quantity; onions by the bunch or buſhel; Rhode-Iſland cheeſe; raiſins; lemons; bohea and green tea, coffee, chocolate, pepper, alſpice, ginger, indico, wine, rum, ſugar, nails, New-York beef, mackrel, ſoap and candles, wholeſale or retail; Indian corn, flour by the barrel or ſmaller quantity; and ſundry other goods. ⊕ 5 W.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcribers, the following houſes and lots, ſituated in the borough of Lancaſter; four houſes and lots, ſituated in Orange-ſtreet, the lots containing in front 64 feet 4 inches, and in depth 245 feet each, on one of the ſaid lots is erected a commodious brick-houſe, the other three built with ſquare logs, and well finiſhed: Alſo two ſmall lots, with a log-houſe on each lot, ſituate in the ſame ſtreet: Likewiſe one in Prince-ſtreet, 64 feet in front, and 120 in depth, with a large frame houſe, and a brick kitchen adjoining the ſame, all in good repair: Alſo one bounded upon two 14 feet alleys, and adjoining the laſt mentioned lot, with a large carpenter's ſhop, built with ſquare logs, and a ſmall orchard thereon: Likewiſe one in Prince-ſtreet aforeſaid, 64 feet in front, and 100 in depth, with a good frame houſe erected thereon: One in King-ſtreet, 32 feet front, and 120 in depth on Water-ſtreet, with a good ſquare log-houſe of two ſtories, and a ſtable: Two lots in Water-ſtreet, with a large ſtone houſe, the lots containing in front 128 feet, and in depth 120: Four more lots on ſaid ſtreet, to be ſold or lett, with a good tan-yard, and a ſtone-houſe thereon: Likewiſe ten acres of good land, ſituate in the borough aforeſaid, and about half a mile from the Court-houſe, bounded upon the great road 40 perches, leading ſouth from Lancaſter to Coneſtogoe creek, all under good fence, with a good barn thereon. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe any of the ſaid houſes and lots, &c. may be informed upon what terms, by the ſubſcribers, living in Lancaſter aforeſaid. ISAAC WHITELOCK.
THOMAS POLTANY.

N. B. The ſaid Poltany, at his ſhop in King-ſtreet, near the Court-houſe, at the ſign of the Hand-ſaw, has a variety of ironmongery and furniture, ſuitable for deſks, drawers, &c. (at reaſonable rates) for ſale. Tbe 6 mo.

TO be ſold by publick vendue, on Thurſday, the 14th of March, at the houſe of Arnold Francis, in the Northern Liberties, Horſes, cows, breeding mares, carts, ploughs, harrows, and ſeveral other implements of huſbandry, &c. The ſale to begin at nine o'clock in the forenoon, where due attendance will be given, by

ARNOLD FRANCIS.

The Snow Mary, Captain Donnell, is come up from Liſbon: And Captain Hall, from Anguilla, is in Sight of the Town.

Best possible image.

NOtice is hereby given, That the Lottery for building a publick Wharft at Baltimore Town, Maryland, will certainly begin to be drawn on the 18th Day of April next.

N. B. There are a few Tickets remaining unfold in the Hands of James Stevenſon, in Water-Street, who will pay the Numbers ſold by him that happen to come up fortunate.

Philadelphia, December 14, 1753.

RUN away laſt night from the ſubſcriber, living in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, An Iriſh ſervant lad, named John Hanley, about 19 or 20 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, has a ſmooth face, and ruddy complexion, grey rowling eyes, and ſhort brown hair: Took with him, A brown linſey-woolſey jacket with dark ſtripes in the back parts, lined with linſey, of ſheeps grey, grey yarn ſtockings, new ſhoes, with carved white metal buckles; he alſo ſtole and took with him, an aſh colour'd drab coat, lined before with ſhaloon of the ſame colour, a half worn wool hat, a new flag ſilk handkerchief, a reddiſh brown country ſtuff jacket, lined with brown ſhaloon, with light mohair buttons, a light colour'd camblet coat, check trowſers, a black wig, three ſhirts of eight hundred linen, in a linen bag, and may have other things not known. He has run away ſeveral times, writes counterfeit paſſes, and perhaps may have one with him. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

GEORGE MACKEILL.

N. B. He had an iron collar about his neck. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. Tbc 9 mo.

To be ſold by the ſubſcribers, at 4 a clock in the afternoon, on the fourth day of April next, by publick vendue, on the premiſes,

THE houſe and lot of ground where Rees Peters lately dwelt, ſituated on the north-ſide of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, bounded on the eaſt by ground late of John Bayley's, on the north by ground late of Hermanus Alrichs, weſtward by other ground of ſaid Rees Peters, part of the eſtate of Jonathan Dickinſon, deceaſed, and ſouthward by Cheſtnut-ſtreet aforeſaid, containing in breadth eaſt and weſt 25 feet, and in depth north and ſouth 50 feet. Alſo another houſe and lot, ſituated as the former, bounded on the ſouth by Cheſtnut-ſtreet aforeſaid, eaſtwardly by the above deſcribed lot, northward by a lot late of Hermanus Alrichs aforeſaid, and weſtward by ground part of the eſtate of Jonathan Dickinſon aforeſaid, containing in breadth eaſt and weſt 14 feet 9 inches, and in depth north and ſouth 50 feet; by William Savery, and William Peters, Executors.

N. B. The back part of the firſt deſcribed lot is ſubject to a ground-rent of Eighteen Shillings and Six-pence per annum.

†‡† All perſons that have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts that they may be adjuſted: And thoſe that are indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment. § Tbc 4 W

To be SOLD,

A Large brick houſe, ſuitable for a merchant or Tavern-keeper, two ſtories high, 28 feet in length, 18 feet deep, with a large kitchen, ſtabling, gardening, and an excellent good well; likewiſe a beautiful orchard, full of grafted trees, 28 yards front, and 27 rod deep, and divers other conveniences not mentioned, ſituated in Bordentown. Enquire of John Thorn, now in poſſeſſion of the ſaid houſe and land, and know the terms. ⊕

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A Plantation, ſituate in Oxford townſhip, near the church, within eight miles of Philadelphia, containing 300 acres of land, about one half cleared, the other well wooded, 22 or 23 acres of meadow, and more may be made, about 200 apple-trees, moſt of them juſt beginning to bear, as many bearing heart-cherries, and ſome peach-trees; a large ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, four rooms on each floor, good cellars, two kitchens, and a chamber over each; it is made to ſuit either one or two families, a large milk-houſe, and well of fine water in one of the kitchens, two barns, two ſtables, beſides other outhouſes; alſo milch cows, working horſes, ſheep, hogs, waggon, carts, plows, and other implements for huſbandry. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe either plantation, ſtock or implements, may have any reaſonable time for payment, allowing intereſt, and giving ſecurity. The place may be entered upon by tenant or purchaſer the 10th of the Fourth Month called April next. Enquire in Third-ſtreet, between Arch and Market-ſtreets, for SAMUEL PRESTON MOORE. Tbct. 10 A.

Philadelphia, February 5, 1753.

Province of Pennſylvania, ſs. NOtice is hereby given to all perſons indebted to the honourable the Proprietaries for quit-rent, that attendance will be given at the receiver's office, in Philadelphia, from Friday the 1ſt of March to Saturday the 9th; at Cheſter, from the 11th to the 16th; at Pennſbury, from the 18th to the 23d; at Lancaſter, from the 26th to the 30th inclusive; at which reſpective times and places all who are indebted as aforeſaid are required to pay RICHARD HOCKLEY, or EDMUND PHYSICK.

TO be ſold, 212 acres of good land, well timber'd, and water'd with ſeveral good ſprings, ſituate in Trediffryn, Cheſter county, near Coneſtogoe-road, 15 miles from Philadelphia: The title indiſputable. For terms apply to Joſeph Tucker, or Edward Jones, in Radnor, or to John Roberts, miller, of Merion. ⊙

To be Sold by JONATHAN MIFFLIN,

THE Houſe where Richard Swan now lives, next to John Biddle's, in Market-ſtreet; and ſix tenements in the Alley adjoining, together or ſeparate; the front-houſe is ſixteen feet wide on the ſtreet, on the ſide of an eight feet alley, and about one hundred feet deep to the ſouth end of the lot from the ſtreet, and is well ſituated for trade. Alſo a water lot, near Poole's Bridge, on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet continued, bounded on the ſouth by John Clifton's wharff, contains forty five feet on Front-ſtreet, and between four and five hundred eaſtward into the river; which, when improved, will admit of two more ſtreets beyond Front-ſtreet towards the river. Alſo ten acres of paſture land, on Germantown road, oppoſite Naglee's brick-kiln. The purchaſers may have years to pay the money for any part, or for the whole, paying intereſt; or may have a leaſe on rent for years, or for ever, as may ſuit the perſons beſt. ⊕

To be SOLD,

THE leaſe of a ſaw-mill for upwards of four years to come, with a plantation of ninety acres of clear land, with two dwelling-houſes, ſtable and orchard, all in good repair, commonly known by the name of Aſheton's mill, in Blockley townſhip, three miles and a half from Philadelphia.

Likewiſe 145 acres of woodland, within a mile of the ſaid mill, in lots of ten, fifteen or twenty acres, as it ſuits the purchaſer; the title is indiſputable. For terms of ſale enquire of James Coultas, at the Corporation Ferry, or Charles Jenkins, at the Lower Ferry on Schuylkill. Tbctf.

To be SOLD,

BY publick vendue, to the higheſt bidder, on Saturday, the 9th of March next, at the houſe of John Biddle, in Market-ſtreet, 8 acres of ground, upon Paſſyunk road, about a quarter of a mile from this City, bounding upon Mr. Inglis's ropewalk; part of which is a fine young orchard of the beſt fruit trees; alſo 4 acres of meadow ground, ſituate in Moyamenſing, in good order, very well ſwarded with timothy-graſs, bounding upon Robert Rawlinſon's meadow to the Eaſt, and William Shippen's meadow to the South. The ſale to begin at four a clock in the afternoon. †

TO be ſold by way of publick vendue, by the ſubſcriber, living in Middletown, Cheſter county, on the 15th of March, a certain piece or parcel of land, containing 33 acres, five acres of meadow already made, and as much more may be made, with a good ſtone houſe, kitchen, ſtable, &c. a draw-well, and ſeveral good ſprings of water, a good bearing orchard, and a young orchard, the whole within good fence, and divided into ſeveral parcels, being a pleaſant ſituation for any publick buſineſs, the great roads leading from Cheſter to the Great Valley, and from Darby to Concord, running thro' the ſame, where there hath been a publick-houſe kept theſe ſeveral years paſt. Alſo a tract of land, about a mile and a quarter from the abovementioned, containing 100 acres of extraordinary good land, either for graſs or corn, with a ſufficient quantity of choice meadow, a merchant mill, dwelling-houſe, barn, and other out-houſes on the ſame, all in good repair; likewiſe horſes, cows, ſheep, ſwine, cart, plow, and other utenſils of huſbandry, houſhold goods, &c. by

JOSEPH TALBOT.

N. B. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe either of the above premiſes, may view the ſame before the day of ſale. ⊕

ON the 15th of April next, will be ſold by publick vendue, by virtue of an order of the orphan's court, at the county of Northampton, the late dwelling plantation of Moſes Dupui, deceaſed, in the poſſeſſion of Daniel Shoemaker, ſituated at Miniſinks, upon the river Delaware, in Lower Smithfield townſhip, in the ſaid county, containing 200 acres, being moſt of it exceeding rich bottom land, the greateſt part of it cleared, and well fenced; there is a good orchard and barn upon it, and the title is indiſputable. Aaron Dupui, Daniel and Ann Shoemaker, Adminiſtrators.

Alſo, at the ſame time, will be ſold, by Daniel Dupui, living near the ſaid plantatian, a plantation of 250 acres of very good land, adjoining the above, with a good dwelling-houſe, and barn.

Likewiſe a plantation of 200 acres of land, now in the poſſeſſion of Samuel Dupui, about 30 acres of it being part of an Iſland in the river Delaware, with two dwellings, the greateſt part of it is cleared and fenced. The title indiſputable. ¶ Tbctdoſ.

TO be ſold by publick vendue, on Wedneſday the 6th of March, on the premiſes, by the ſubſcribers, A commodious plantation, ſituated in Piles-grove townſhip, Salem county, now in the occupation of John Keen, containing 364 acres, 20 of which is good meadow, with a good brick dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtable, &c. great part of the land well timber'd. The title and terms of ſale may be ſeen on ſaid day, ANDREW TRANBERG, ADOLPH BENZEL, OLOVE PARLIN.

N. B. To be ſold ſaid day 80 acres of timber land, adjoining ſaid plantation. ⊕

ALL Sorts of Printing-Work, Dutch and Engliſh, done by WILLIAM DUNLAP, Printer, at Lancaſter.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Richard Morrey, deceaſed, are deſired to pay: And thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted and ſettled, by JOHN BAZELEE, executor.

For *LONDON* directly,

The SHIP TRYAL,

Will ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having conſiderable part of her Loading engaged, and has good accommodations for paſſengers. For freight or paſſage, apply to Abel James, in Water-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

For CORK,

The SHIP MOLLY,

WILLIAM ALLISON, Maſter,

Will ſail in 16 days; has extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers. For Freight or paſſage, apply to John Meas, or ſaid maſter, at Powell's wharff.

RUN away on the 17th ult. from the ſubſcriber, living in Red-lion hundred, Newcaſtle county, a ſervant man, named Matthew Morriſon, a ſhort well-ſet fellow, with brown buſhy hair, about 23 years of age: Had on when he went away, a lightiſh colour'd coat, with white metal buttons, a white flannel jacket, with flat braſs buttons, two homeſpun ſhirts, an old felt hat, a pair of blue camblet breeches, two pair of ſtockings, one pair blue worſted, the other mixed yarn, a pair of old ſhoes, half ſoaled, with braſs buckles; he formerly ſerved Nathaniel Grub, in Cheſter county. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN TAYLOR, or ALEXANDER MONTGOMERY. ¶

Elizabeth-town, New-Jerſey, Feb. 22, 1754.

TWENTY PIECES of EIGHT Reward.

WHereas Iſaac Cory, ſon of John Cory, of Elizabeth-town, went away from his parents that very cold Tueſday, the 22d of January laſt, ſuppoſed to be ſomething diſorder'd in his mind, which cauſed diligent ſearch to be made, for fear he was frozen to death; he was 16 years of age, of a middle ſize, had dark eyes, and light hair: Had on two dark grey jackets, with pewter buttons, the upper one with ſlaſh ſleeves, old wool hat, leather breeches, with braſs buttons, old ſhoes, grey ſtockings, and a coarſe ſhirt. If he be living, any perſon that will bring him home, ſhall have Twenty Pieces of Eight reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ JOHN CORY.

For *Charles-Town*, in *South-Carolina*,

The Ship HENRIETTA,

JOHN ROSS maſter,

Will be ready in three days to take in goods, and ſails in eight days thereafter at furtheſt, goods or no goods. For freight or paſſage, apply to Michael Hilleges, or ſaid maſter on board at Goodman's wharff. Paſſengers may alſo be accommodated with paſſage to England and Holland, as ſaid ſhip proceeds directly from Charles-Town to Cowes and Rotterdam. ¶

Philadelphia, January 29, 1754.

To be LETT by the year, or for a term of years,

A PIECE of mowable meadow, containing nine acres, ſituated in Moyamenſing, about a mile and a half from Philadelphia, now in the poſſeſſion of John Aſhton, and may be enter'd upon the 12th of March next. For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM CLARK, below the Drawbridge. ⊕

TO be lett or ſold, A lot of ground in Fifth-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, in front 43 feet, and in depth 99 feet, adjoining the State-houſe wall: Alſo 60 feet of ground to be lett on ground-rent, adjoining the ſaid lot, 38 feet deep. Enquire in Walnut-ſtreet, of ROBERT TEMPEST. ⊕

74099

Juſt imported in the Ship London, Capt. Shirley, and to be ſold by

Mrs. ANNE REDMOND,

In Market ſtreet, next door to the ſign of the Star, the following goods, viz.

Gauſe and gauſe caps, gimps, blown lace, and lace for headdreſs, drinking glaſſes of the neweſt faſhion, decanters, diamond rings, ear-rings, ſolitairs, watches, ſilver tweezers, toothpick caſes, eggs, ſnuff-boxes, patch-boxes, thimbles, buttons, ſtone-rings ſet in ſilver, large ſilver knives and forks in caſes, and ſmall ditto, childrens ditto, ſtone buttons in ſilver, for ſleeves and waiſtcoats, ſilver pendants for watches or corals, and corals for children, enamelled ſnuff and patch-boxes. All ſorts of watch-makers tools and materials, ſprings, glaſſes, keys, hands, ſtrings, pendulum wire, plyers, Lancaſhire files of all ſorts, borax, blow-pipes, magnifying glaſſes, ſilver chains and leathers, ſilver and gilt cornelian and onyx ſcales, ſteel ditto, ſtone ſtay-hooks, hand-bells, gilt thimbles, ſteel-tops, braſs ditto, ſteel keys, ſwivels, large artificial flowers, true ſilver ribbon, plain of all ſorts, white and black lace, laces for ſtays, ladies mitts of all colours, ſilk purſes and garters, childrens ſtitcht caps, children and dolls feathered hats. All ſorts of leather and other fans, threads, pins, patches, flowered fuſtians, ſtockings, worſted patterns for breeches, muffatees, velvet caps, japaned tea-boards and waiters, cherry-tree ditto, mahogony tea cheſts, large and ſmall bottle ſtands, ſpice-boxes, and powder ditto. powder-flaſks, artificial magnets, plate powder, black ball and bruſhes of all kinds, dolls of all Prices, all ſorts of childrens toys, ſmelling bottles, plain and ſilver tops, box-irons, braſs candleſticks, tea tongs, punch ladles, all ſorts of copper and braſs toys, and variety of other goods too tedious to mention. ‡ 5 s. *T. b. c. t. f.*

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Thomas Howell, late of Chicheſter, Cheſter county, deceaſed, are deſired to pay: And all thoſe having any demands againſt the eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, in order that they may be ſettled, and paid, by the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia, SAMUEL HOWELL, executor.

N. B. To be ſold by the ſaid executor, The late dwelling-houſe and plantation of Thomas Howell, being about 150 acres of land, lying on the main road, about 4 miles from Cheſter, and half a mile from Marcus-hook; good part of ſaid land being drained and upland meadow, with a valuable young orchard, and wood land ſufficient; the houſe being a large brick houſe, with a cellar under the whole, new large barn, good ſtable, good water, &c. The land will be ſold together or in parcels, as it may ſuit the purchaſer. Credit will be given, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt. Tbctf.

Juſt imported, by way of New-York, and to be ſold cheap for ready money, or three months credit, by

ALEXANDER M'DOUALL,

At his ſtore, next door to Capt. Phillips's, in Water-ſtreet, and where Mr. Alexander Lunan formerly lived,

AN aſſortment of woollens, and other goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon. Alſo a choice parcel of Engliſh bottled beer. Tbc.3m. §

DONALDSON and FULLER,

Are removed from their late ſtore in Walnut-ſtreet, to the ſtore Meſſieurs Randle and Alexander Mitchell lately kept, in Water-ſtreet, next door to Mr. Samuel Neave, and near oppoſite to Capt. John Phillips's, where they continue to ſell, very cheap for ready money, or three months credit,

BEarſkins, coarſe broad-cloths, green naps, half-thicks, Yorkſhire plains, red, ſcarlet, white and ſtriped flannels, ſpotted ermin, mot-ſpotted rugs, ſhaloons, camblets, calimancoes, tammies and florettas, mens and womens worſted ſtockings, ſcarlet and cloth colour'd womens ſhort cloaks, worſted and ſilk caps, Dutch and Iriſh ozenbrigs, 6 qr. yd. wd. and 7-eights cotton and linen checks, cotton hollands, Scotch checks, yard-wide and 7-eights Iriſh linen, coarſe and fine ſheetings, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches, 6 qr. muſlins, calicoes and printed linens, black taffeties, India perſians, a variety of figured paduaſoy and taffety ribbons, holland tapes, bobbins, ſhirt buttons, wig ribbons and cauls, baladine ſewing ſilks, black velvet, colour'd and Scotch threads, number threads, gartering and laces, quality bindings, gilt trunks, horſe-whips, edging and gauze lace, writing paper, pins and needles, playing cards, ſconce and pier looking glaſſes, India pictures, corks, London nails, 8, 10, 12 and 20d, window blinds, box irons, Scotch and romal handkerchiefs, ſilver watches, bohea tea, by the cheſt or dozen, a large aſſortment of cutlary, moſt kinds of ſhoemakers tools, and ſeveral other kinds of goods ſuitable for the ſeaſon.

N. B. They have juſt opened a freſh parcel of yard-wide and 7-eights Iriſh linens. They have likewiſe a Dutch ſervant girl to diſpoſe of, who has 4 years to ſerve, and very fit for country work. T. b. c. t. f.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, a plantation, ſituated in Greenwich townſhip, Glouceſter county, near the mouth of Rackoon creek, containing 160 acres, near one half of which may be made good meadow, a conſiderable quantity improved, and all within good bank, with a good dwelling houſe, large barn, and a fine thriving young orchard; alſo a conſiderable quantity of cedar ſwamp, well timber'd with good rail timber, lying within half a mile of ſaid plantation. The ſaid plantation lies pleaſantly fronting the river Delaware, and almoſt oppoſite Cheſter. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, and know the conditions of ſale, by applying to ⊕ THOMAS BICKHAM.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Whitehill, Capt. Wall, and the Lydia, Capt. Reeve, and to be ſold, at very reaſonable rates, by

THOMAS PRESTON,

At his ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, next door to Joſhua Maddox, Eſq; and nearly oppoſite the Friends Meeting-houſe,

ANtimony, buckrams, broadcloths, bearſkins, bays, blankets, bandanoes, bed-lacings, black pariſnet, bed-patterns, bar-lead, buckles, buttons, bellows, brimſtone, calimancoes, camblets, camblettees, cheeks, cotton hollands, cambricks, calicoes, cotton romals, coſſaes, clouting diaper, capuchins, cotton ſtockings, cruels, cuttoe knives, candleſticks, combs, childrens ſhoes, cinnamon, cloves, coffee-mills, copperas, drab-cloths, durants, diaper, Dutch pretties, ducape ſilk, everlaſtings, epſom ſalts, flannels, forreſt-cloths, ferretting, files, gimp, edging, gartering, glaſs tumblers, glaſs buttons, gun-powder, glauber ſalts, handkerchiefs, half-thicks, hoſe, hairbines, humhums, hair-ſhag, horſe-whips, hair-cloths, hand-ſaws, jews-harps, jaconets, ink-pots, joynted-yards, indigo, Jeſuits bark, kerſeys, nap-coating, kenting handkerchiefs, knee-garters, knives and forks, linſeys, linen, lawns, luteſtrings, laces, lawn ſives, lead, muffatees, metal buttons, muſlins, marking canvas, mantua ſilks, menionet lawns, mohair, mace, nuns thread, nails, needles, ozenbrigs, perſians, printed linens, paper, playing cards, pins, pewter, pen-knives, quality binding, ruſſels, rugs, ſhaloons, ſerges, ſheeting, ſhort cloaks, ſileſias, black ſhades, ſewing ſilks, ſtay trimmings, carff-twiſt, ſcarff-buttons, ſnuff, ſteel, ſilver thimbles, ſnuff boxes, ſciſſars, ſleeve buttons, ſad-irons, ſago, ſalt-petre, ſaffron, ſalvolatile, ſurgeons inſtruments, ſpectacles, Scotch thread, ſleeve buttons, tinplates, tammies, tapes, taffeties, threads, tandems, taylors trimmings, tobacco boxes, thimbles, trunks, table knives, velvet, worſted ſtockings, ditto patterns wove, damaſks, binding, watch-ſtrings, yarn hoſe, yarn rugs.

Alſo imported, A large and neat aſſortment of drugs and chymical medicines, to be ſold by wholeſale, and at prime coſt. Tbcf.

To be SOLD,

A Negroe man, who has been brought up to the baking buſineſs, and is a very good houſe-negroe, is ſold for no fault but want of employ. Enquire of JOSIAH DAVENPORT.

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY *young Negro Man. Enquire at the New-Printing Office.*

Just imported in the laſt veſſels from London, and to be ſold, by
MORDECAI YARNALL,
At the ſign of the Hand-Saw, in Second ſtreet, near Black-horſe-alley, cheap for ready money, the following goods, viz.

BROAD cloths, kerſeys, ſhaloons, buttons and twiſt, cambblets, cambelettees, plush, worſted damaſks, ruſſels, velvet caps, ozenbrigs, Iriſh linens, check linen, cambricks, clear lawns, broad lawns, piſtol lawns, gerlix, table-cloths, napkening and clouting diaper, bed-ticks, bengals, ſewing ſilk, calicoes, ſtamped linens, white and colour'd threads, muſlins, gloves, black paduaſoy, bandannoes, ferret and cotton laces, nutmegs, cloves, mace, green rugs, ſtriped duffels, hard metal and other pewter, looking glaſſes, of all ſizes, 20, 10, 12, and 8d nails, cutlery, London ſteel, A C, No. 3, mill ſaws, wire mouſetraps, gunpowder, ſhot, bohea tea, alom, copperas, braſs kettles and milk pans, bibles, teſtaments, ſpelling books, primers, horn books, &c. ✠5s. Tuct.

Imported in the laſt ſhips from London, and to be ſold (wholeſale and retail) by
WILLIAM CHANCELLOR,
At the ſign of the Peſtle and Mortar, oppoſite the Preſbyterian Meeting-Houſe, in Market-ſtreet,
AN Aſſortment of DRUGS, and CHYMICAL MEDICINES. T. b. c. t. f.

To be ſold by
THOMAS ELLIS,
Glazier, in Front-ſtreet, oppoſite Black-horſe-alley,
SHeet lead, mill'd or caſt bar ditto, Briſtol glaſs, of ſundry ſizes, by the box or retail, London crown ditto, of any ſize, fit for clocks, ſamplars, pictures, white lead, red ditto, vermilion, Perſian blues of ſundry ſorts, leaf gold, looking glaſſes, linſeed oil, ſtreet lamps, &c. Tbctf.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, two Dutch ſervant men, one named John Daniel Digg, about 21 years of age, five feet nine inches high, a fair complexion, a little pock-marked, fair hair, and wears a comb in his hair, is a cooper by trade: Had on when he went away, a tow ſhirt, and trowſers, two Dutch made jackets, one trimm'd with red, the other with blue, has a large ſcar on one of his legs, they both talk a little Engliſh: The other named John Jacob Haſs, well-ſet, ſwarthy complexion, about five feet four inches high, and pretends to be ſomething of a miller: Had on when he went away, a brown jacket, lined with blue, and blue wove buttons on it, tow ſhirt and trowſers, and wears a braſs comb in his hair; both of them had good ſhoes, with ſteel buckles; they took with them, a large ſkin wallet, dreſſed in the hair, a pair of buckſkin breeches, check ſhirt, and a ſmall Dutch Ax. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervants, ſo as their maſter may have them again, ſhall have Five Pounds reward for each, and reaſonable charges, paid by ✠5s. Tbc. 3 m. JOHN TAYLOR.

TO be ſold by Deborah Claypoole, William Coleman, and John Swift, Executors of Abraham Claypoole, deceaſed, A lot of ground, in this city, ſituate on the north ſide of Mulberry-ſtreet, containing in breadth 99 feet, and in length 306 feet, bounded northward with the ends of Saſſafras ſtreet lots, eaſtward with the ſixth ſtreet from Delaware, ſouthward with Mulberry-ſtreet, and weſtward with vacant ground. Time will be allowed for the payment, upon good ſecurity, and paying intereſt. Tbctf.

Philadelphia, January 29, 1754.

RUN away from the ſubcriber, living near Cheſter-Town, in Kent county, Maryland, on the 21ſt inſtant, a Weſt-Country ſervant Lad, named James Bethell, a ſhort well-ſet lad, about five feet and a half high, about 19 years of age, of a brown complexion, round full fac'd, with a ſcar on each of his eye-brows, one of his legs ſhorter than the other, and hops very much: Took with him, a brown great coat, about half worn with flat metal buttons, black and white kerſey jacket, of fulled country cloth, white kerſey ditto, white flannel breeches, yarn ſtockings, and ſhoes, a pair of new boots, black wig, caſtor hat; has part of a kett of ſhoemaker's tools; took a middle ſized ſorrel horſe, with a white tail and mane, and a bald face, with an old ſaddle and bridle. He's ſuppoſed to travel up the country. The Horſe is branded on the near ſhoulder and buttock I. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant and horſe, ſo as the owner may have them again, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, or Forty Shillings for either, paid by
⊕ BENJAMIN EVERITT.

ABRAHAM USHER, and JAMES WHARTON, carry on the buſineſs as formerly done by Matthew and Abraham Uſher, and have the following goods on hand, which they will ſell very cheap for ready money or ſhort credit, viz. A large aſſortment of 7-8ths, yard-wide and 3 4ths linen checks, 7-8ths and yard-wide cotton ditto, cotton holands, linen ditto, 7-8ths and yard wide Iriſh linens, dipers and ozenbrigs, ſuperfine erminets, Turkey plads, colour'd fuſtians, tufted ditto, fine ſtarrets, colour'd and white Scots thread, fine Scots carpeting, ſuperfine camblets, calimancoes, durants and tammies, men and womens glazed white gloves, womens ſtuff and ſilk ſhoes, needles, an aſſortment of coat and jacket white and yellow metal buttons, ſleeve ditto, ſundry ſorts of ſhoe and knee buckles, an aſſortment of cutlary, viz. buck and bone table knives and forks, Hool's piſtol capp'd knives, ſeal end pen-knives, taylors ſhears, womens ſciſſars, &c. long and ſhort pipes, 4, 6 8, 10, 12 and 20d nails, hair bruſhes and brooms, of ſundry ſorts, ſundry kinds of ironmongery, copper ſauce-pans, pewter diſhes and plates, braſs candleſticks, tea, coffee, chocolate, cinnamon and nutmegs, beſt florence oil, copperas and allom, gun-powder, indigo, beſt velvet corks, pitch, tar and turpentine, mackrel, Engliſh cordage and anchors, old Jamaica ſpirit, ſingle and double refin'd London loaf ſugar, beſt London crown glaſs, Weſton's and Scotch ſnuff, a parcel of beſt Engliſh quills, and an aſſortment of ſhip-chandlery, where all perſons, that will favour us with their buſineſs, may depend on being uſed well.

N. B. All perſons indebted to the eſtate of Matthew and Abraham Uſher, are deſired once more to come and pay their reſpective debts, to prevent trouble. And all perſons that are indebted to Matthew Watſon, deceaſed, are likewiſe deſir'd to come and pay, or elſe they muſt expect to be troubled.

TO be ſold by publick vendue on the premiſes, on the 20th of March, a plantation, ſituated in Whiteland townſhip, in the Great Valley, Cheſter county, near the ſign of the White Horſe, on Coneſtogoe-road, containing 200 acres of land, about 100 acres cleared, and under good fence, 20 acres of good meadow, well-water'd, with a dwelling-houſe, good ſpring houſe, barn, ſtable, and a ſmall orchard; the woodland well timber'd. The title and conditions of ſale will be made known at the time and place aforeſaid, where attendance will be given by
¶ WILLIAM KINNISON.

To be ſold, by
THOMAS GORDON,
At his ſtore, oppoſite the Tun-tavern, in Water-ſtreet,
OLD Jamaica ſpirits, Madeira wine, wholeſale or retail, melaſſes, muſcovado ſugar, French white wine vinegar, olives anchovies, capers, &c. Alſo burgundy, claret, fontenack, and choice Batavia arrack. Tbc.

Imported in the laſt ſhips from London and Liverpool, and to be ſold, by
WALLACE and BRYAN,
At their ſtore, on Market-ſtreet wharff, very cheap for ready money or three months credit, the following goods, viz.

OZENBRIGS, 3-qr. 7-eights and 5-qr. garlix, tandem ſingle and double filetias, gulix, brown and Nuns holland, coarſe, middle and fine long, 7-eights, yard-wide, ſuperfine, clear and flowered lawns, a large aſſortment of cambricks, in pieces and patches, dowlas and princes linen, yard-wide heſſen, yard, ell and 6-qr. wide muſlin, black, blue and changeable taffeties, black and coloured perſians, bandanoe and cotton romal handkerchiefs, brown buckram, a variety of calicoes and dark ground chints, wrought furniture for beds, womens ſcarlet and cloth colour'd cloaks, womens ſhoes, gilt pocket books, pins, needles, black necklaces, coat and jacket buttons, gold pattern and ſilver locket ſleeve ditto, a large aſſortment of ſteel and white metal ſhoe and knee buckles, razors, knives, ſciſſars and ſhears, braſs and ſteel thimbles, ſteel ſhoe and knee chapes and tongues, ſpur bowls, ſnuffers, cork ſcrews and drawers, cheeſe taſters, marking irons, compaſs ſeals and pocket compaſſes, large and ſmall magnets, braſs and iron candleſticks, braſs cocks, tea tongs, black and white ſtay hooks, braſs and ſteel padlocks, bell handles and cranks, watch chryſtals, two foot rules and folding yards, gimblets, awl blades and tacks, ſail needles, womens ſteel ſpring hoops, ſcarlet, Scotch and letter'd gartering, quality binding, nonſopretties, ſtriped cotton tapes, narrow and broad filleting ditto, coarſe and fine colour'd ſtitching and Nuns thread, 7 qr. 8-qr. 10-qr. and 12-qr. beſt ſtriped, cotton and ſilk laces, a large aſſortment of faſhionable taffeties, paduaſoy, ſattin and black broad ſtock ribbons, mens and womens cotton and thread gloves and mittens, mens, womens and girls worſted and yarn ſtockings, mens ſilk, cotton and worſted ſingle and double caps, tammies, durants, calimancoes, ſhaloons, everlaſtings, ſaxon green, blue, ſcarlet, black and drab dolour'd hair ſhags, 3-qr. and 6-qr. wide bearſkins, duffels and naps, 6-qr. wide broad-cloth, yard-wide foreſt-cloths, kerſeys, plains, half-thicks and fearnoughts, twilled ſcarlet ſerge flannels, ſtriped blanketing, blankets in pairs or ſingle, ſpotted, green, blue and red rugs, ſail-cloth, a large aſſortment of 3-qr. 7-eights, yard-wide, 5 qr. and full 6-qr. cotton and linen checks, bed-bunts, yard-wide Iriſh linens and ozenbrigs, a caſk of wrought flax, clover ſeed, crates of tea-ware, a crate of earthen-ware toys, a ſmall box of medicines, bottled beer, caſtor and black hair hats, printed cottons, culgee handkerchiefs, green and bohea tea by the cheſt or dozen, Fyall wines, rum, melaſſes, and Iriſh beef by the barrel.

N. B. As they have all the goods that are manufactured in England from the makers, at the loweſt rates, propoſes to ſell very cheap for the benefit of caſh in reaſonable time. Tbtcf.

Juſt imported in the Lydia, Capt. Reeve, and to be ſold, by
MYERS and LEVY,
At their ſtore, in Water ſtreet, between Mr. Joſeph Saunders's and the Queen's Head,

TEN, 12, and 20d nails, long and ſhort handle frying pans, pewter diſhes, plates and baſons, cotton and linen checks, whited jeans, dyed pillows, bed-bunts, tammies, ſtarnets, worſted damaſks, cambelettees, calimancoes, flower'd ruſſels, Iriſh ſtuffs, cambiets, ſerge denims, burdets, black mantua, black taffeties, ribbons, mohair buttons, ſilk, hair and ſhirt buttons, baladine ſewing ſilks, buckrams, everlaſtings, ſhaloons, pins, ink powder, playing cards, ſpectacles, ſealing wax, carpenters rules, braſs buckles, teſtaments, ſpelling-books and pſalters, garnet necklaces, pewter tea-pots, braſs ſcrew-up pen-knives, Philadelphia braſs buttons, vellom pocket books, mens and womens whips, carpenters iron ſquares, wool cards, neſts of trunks, broad-cloths, beaver coatings, drab-frizes, blue and red duffels, ſtriped blankets, kerſeys, plains, druggets, emboſſed flannels, half-thicks, ſtriped linſeys, worſted and hair ſhag, worſted and cotton caps, ſilk caps, mens and womens worſted hoſe, rugs and roſe blankets, mens and womens gloves, ſadlary, deſk furniture, knives and forks, pen-knives, braſs ink-pots, ſhoemakers tools, ſleeve buttons, ſhovels and tongs, ſad-irons, tobacco-boxes, ſnuff-boxes, gilt coat buttons, ſciſſars, ivory combs, 7-eights garlix, Quadruple filetias, broad and piſtol lawns, demy dowlas, Iriſh linens, table-cloths, cambricks, clear lawns, Scots handkerchiefs, muſlins, clouting diaper, Ruſſia ſheeting, calicoes, linen handkerchiefs, Ruſſia linen, ozenbrigs, bandanoes, ſilk romals, ſooſeys, India damaſks, China taffeties, grograms, black perſians, chintz, blue linen, bobbin, tapes, and ſundry other articles.

To be SOLD, by
ANDREW REED.
(Who is removed to Mr. John Smith's houſe, in Water-ſtreet, above Arch-ſtreet, oppoſite to Mr. William Callender's)

WEſt-India, Philadelphia and New-England rum, muſcovado ſugar, Trenton pork, in barrels and half barrels, hogs-lard in kegs, ſmall and common ſiz'd ſhip-bread, flaxſeed, hogſhead heading and hoops, 8d. and 20d. nails, oil ſtints, and driping pans.

LAtely imported, and to be ſold for ready money, or ſhort credit, by JOSEPH FOX, in Third-ſtreet, and JOHN COX, at his ſtores, on the South ſide of Market-ſtreet wharff, A large and choice parcel of Fyall Wines. ⊕

ALL perſons that have any demands againſt the late partnerſhip of Levy and Franks, or eſtate of Nathan Levy, are deſired to bring them in for payment: And all thoſe indebted to them, are earneſtly requeſted to be ſpeedy in their payments, or they may depend on being ſued. DAVID FRANKS.

N. B. To be ſold, exceeding cheap, at the late company's ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, in order to finiſh accounts, A very great aſſortment of European and India goods, cutlary ware, nails, Ruſſia duck, Scotch and rappee ſnuff, &c. &c. &c. Tbctf.

To be SOLD or LETT, by
MARTHA GREEN,
A LARGE commodious brick houſe, 40 feet ſquare, 3 ſtories high, 4 rooms on a floor, a genteel court yard, neatly pailed in, a brick waſh-houſe, neceſſary houſe, pump in the yard, good garden, and orchard, fit for a gentleman's ſeat, ſituated about a mile from the city of Philadelphia, on Germantown road, containing thereon 8 perches and a half, and 28 perches and 7 feet back, being the houſe where the ſaid Martha Green now lives. Alſo to be ſold one other brick houſe, with a lot adjoining thereto, as may moſt conveniently ſuit the purchaſer. Likewiſe a good brick houſe, kitchen and garden, with a tanyard, and all other conveniences for the carrying on that buſineſs, being the houſe where Timothy Scarth now lives. Alſo ſome houſes in the city of Philadelphia. Likewiſe ſome lots on the iſland called Petty's iſland, in ſuch quantities in a lot, as may ſuit the purchaſer. Enquire of MARTHA GREEN, Executrix, living on the premiſes.

N. B. Conſiderable time may be had for payment of moſt part of the purchaſe money, upon giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt.

*** All perſons that have any demands on the eſtate of Thomas Green, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be ſettled: And all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, are deſired forthwith to pay their reſpective debts, or they will be ſued for the ſame. ¶

VEry good Lamp-black ſold at the New-Printing-Office.

TO be ſold by publick vendue on the premiſes, on the firſt day of April next, a tract of land in Eaſt-Nottingham townſhip, in the county of Cheſter, containing 106 acres, whereon John Frew lately dwelt, with a commodious new brick houſe thereon erected, two ſtories high, with four rooms on each floor, and a cellar under the whole, a brick kitchen, and other out-houſes; alſo a large ſtone griſt mill, fit for country and merchant work, with two pair of ſtones, and bolting mills, &c. (all the mill work new) ſituate on Elk-river, and ſupplied by a never failing ſtream of water; the mill-dam may be ſupported at leſs than Twenty-Shillings per annum: There is a large garden paled in, a good young orchard, 30 acres of well improved meadow, and more to be made. Its ſituation is exceedingly pleaſant and healthy, and in a thick inhabited part of the country, and convenient for ſtore-keeping, as well as purchaſing large quantities of wheat, &c. about 15 miles from Whiteclay creek landing. The purchaſer paying one half of the conſideration money, may have credit for the reſidue, paying intereſt. Any perſon may be inform'd of the title and terms of ſale, by applying to David Finney in New-Caſtle.

To be SOLD,
SEveral tracts of land, ſituated in the county of Berks; one within about three miles of the town of Reading, on the weſtern ſide of the river Schuylkill, and joining thereto, containing about 200 acres. Another about ſeven miles from Reading, and on the weſtern ſide of the river, lies a conſiderable length on the ſame, and has a run paſſing thro' it, containing about 150 acres. Another, about twelve miles from Reading, and two from Schuylkill, on the weſtern ſide, has ſeveral ſmall ſtreams of water paſſing thro' it, on which a conſiderable quantity of meadow may be made and watered. Another ſituated on Maiden-creek (which runs thro' it, about five miles from the mouth of ſaid creek, there are ſeveral ſtreams or runs paſſing thro' it, by which a large quantity of good land may be water'd, it is remarkably well timber'd, which may be ſawed (there being convenience for a mill of that kind) and floated down in rafts to Reading town, from which it is diſtant about 11 miles, and contains 400 acres, which may be divided into two plantations. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe any of the ſaid tracts, may apply to BENJAMIN LIGHTFOOT, in Reading, or to SAMUEL LIGHTFOOT, in Pikeland, Cheſter county, and be further informed of the terms of ſale, &c. ⊕

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, living in Bridge-Town, commonly called Mount-holly, in Burlington county, Weſt-New-Jerſey, the following lots of land, viz. A plantation adjoining to the ſaid town, containing 212 acres of land, on which is a good houſe and orchard, with 50 or 60 acres of clear'd land, about 30 acres of deep meadow, the moſt whereof is ditch'd and dry, near 15 acres clear'd and mowable, alſo 12 acres of dry meadow, very good, moſtly in clover graſs. Another tract of 250 acres of good land, about a mile from the above town, extending to the ſouth branch of Rancocas creek, where the tide flows, adjoining to the Old Bridge, on the country road, it has a large ſtream of water running thro' it, ſufficient for a mill, and is ſuppoſed to have 40 acres of good meadow. For terms, enquire of *Abraham Farrington.* Tbc. 3 Mo.

BENJAMIN GIBBS, SADLER,
HAVING removed from his late dwelling-houſe, in Market-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the ſign of the Indian King, to another houſe in the ſame ſtreet, almoſt oppoſite to James Benezet's, and next door to Joſeph Baker's, at the north-weſt corner of Front and Market-ſtreets, hereby gives notice, that he continues to carry on the Sadler's buſineſs as formerly, where all perſons in town and country may be ſupplied with ſaddles and ſadlary ware, as reaſonable as uſual; thoſe who are pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend upon the beſt uſage, and have their work finiſhed in the beſt manner and neweſt faſhions. ⊕ Tbc. 2 Mo.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcribers, a plantation, containing about 245 acres of good land, ſituated in Plumſted townſhip, in Bucks county, about fourteen miles from Newtown, on the main road leading from thence to Durham, late the property of Joſeph Brown, deceaſed; there is on it a good ſtone houſe, and kitchen, with a framed barn, and other out-houſes, two good orchards, twelve acres of meadow cleared, and more may be made; there is more than 100 acres of upland cleared, the whole being under good fence, and well water'd and timber'd. Whoever inclines to purchaſe the ſaid plantation, may apply to the executors, living near the premiſes, and be informed of the title and conditions of ſale.
⊕ ALEXANDER BROWN, and NATHAN PRESTON.

This is to give NOTICE,
THAT the co-partnerſhip between Sankey Hainſworth and Robert Hamilton, of the city of New-York, Merchants, was diſſolved, made void, and of no effect, the twenty-ſixth day of January, 1754; and all perſons that have any bills, notes or demands againſt the ſaid co-partnerſhip, are deſired to apply to Sankey Hainſworth, in order to have them ſettled and diſcharged. ¶

STolen from the ſubſcriber hereof, living in Earl townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the 20th of January laſt, A black mare, with a very long mane and tail, but may be trimmed by the thief, branded with P on the near ſhoulder, a natural pacer, about ſeven years old. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid mare, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me PETER BRAKER. ¶

VERY good hay, in Paſſyunk townſhip, about three miles from town, to be ſold cheap. Enquire of JOSEPH SIMS, below the Draw-bridge. ¶

Juſt imported in the laſt ſhips from London and Scotland, and to be ſold cheap for ready money or ſhort credit, by
THOMAS M'JANETT and Company,
At their ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, near the Tun Tavern,
A Large aſſortment of European and India goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon; with broadcloths, kerſeys, halfthicks, red ſerges, flannels, carpets, ſnuff, watches, and ſundry other goods, too tedious to mention. Alſo a very good man and woman's ſaddle. Tbc.

To be SOLD,
A Tract of land, in the Great-Valley, Cheſter county, about 20 miles from Philadelphia, containing 400 acres; 'tis well timbered and watered by the Great-Valley creek, and ſeveral convenient ſprings; there is a quantity of meadow cleared, and much more may be made; the title is good. There is on the premiſes, A dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtable, ſpring-houſe, and an orchard; a great quantity of extraordinary good wheat land may be cleared; it lies convenient to mills, Philadelphia market, and to ſeveral places of publick worſhip. If any perſon inclines to purchaſe, he may know the terms, by applying to Mr. William Griffitts, Merchant, or to Mr. Francis Alliſon, in Philadelphia, or to Iſaac Davis, Eſq; living near the place, in the Great-Valley. Tbctf.

TO BE SOLD,
A Plantation, in Kent county, on Delaware, Duck-creek hundred, containing 275 acres of land, 100 acres cleared, and in very good fence, lying within a mile and a half of Duck-creek landing, very convenient for farming, or a country ſtore, the whole being very well water'd by a branch running down ſouth-ſide of ſaid land. For terms of ſale, enquire of John Pennington, living on the premiſes, &c. Tbctf.

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Best possible image.

March 12, 1754. NUMB. 1316.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

On Sunday Night laſt arriv'd here an Expreſs from the Southward, by whom we have the following Intelligence, viz.

The SPEECH *of his Excellency* HORATIO SHARPE, *Eſq; Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of* Maryland, *to both Houſes of Aſſembly, on* Tueſday, *the 26th Day of* February, 1754.

Gentlemen of the Upper and Lower Houſes of Aſſembly,

THE Poſſibility of your undergoing any Inconveniences from being convened at this early Seaſon, would have determined me againſt meeting you ſo ſoon, had not the Receipt of a Letter from the Governor of *Virginia*, made me apprehenſive, the Welfare of this and the neighbouring Colonies might ſuffer from any longer Delay.

Alarmed at the Proſpect of ſeeing our common Enemy Maſters of all the Country adjacent to the inhabited Parts of theſe Provinces, his Majeſty's faithful Subjects in *Virginia* ſollicit our Aid to defeat their ambitious Enterprize; in the Event of which, I am perſuaded, you will think this Province too much intereſted not to exert yourſelves on this Occaſion. Leſt my enlarging on the many obvious Motives, which muſt incite you to anſwer our Neighbours Expectations, ſhould be conſtrued to imply a Suſpicion, for which your late Addreſs on the Earl of *Holderneſſe*'s Letter, leaves not the leaſt Room, I ſhall only communicate to you the Letters which I have received from his Majeſty's Governors on the Continent, reſpecting this Affair, and alſo one from the Lords of Trade, whereby we, as well as the other Colonies, are required to ſend Commiſſioners to *Albany* this Summer, with a Preſent to the *Indians*, as a Means of ſecuring the Affections of thoſe People at this critical Juncture, when, their being alienated from the *Engliſh* Intereſt, would threaten us with the moſt fatal Conſequences. Your Reſults on theſe ſeveral Letters, I have the moſt ſanguine Hopes, will give the ſtrongeſt Teſtimony of your Zeal for his Majeſty's Service, and demonſtrate you to be truly Guardians of the Intereſt, Safety and Honour of your Conſtituents.

To his Excellency HORATIO SHARPE, *Eſq; Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over the Province of* Maryland,

The humble ADDRESS of the Upper Houſe of ASSEMBLY.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE return you our unfeigned Thanks for your Speech to both Houſes of Aſſembly, at the Opening of this Seſſion. We are convinced nothing would have determined your Excellency to have called us together at this early Seaſon, but your Zeal for his Majeſty's Service, and the real Concern your Excellency has, for the Safety and Protection of his Subjects; we, therefore, aſſure your Excellency, that we ſhall, with the greateſt Chearfulneſs, ſubmit to any Inconveniency that may happen, if our Conſultations prove, in any Meaſure, conducive to the publick Good.

The Incroachments of the *French*, and their Depredations on his Majeſty's Lands, and the Sufferings of our Fellow Subjects, give us the greateſt Alarm, and we ſhould think ourſelves wanting in our Duty to his Majeſty, and our Country, ſhould we not give all the Aſſiſtance in our Power to repel the common Enemy, and as the firſt Step towards it will be to ſecure the Affections of the *Indians*, at this critical Juncture, we ſhall readily concur to do what is neceſſary towards the attaining ſo deſirable an End.

B. TASKER, Preſident.

The Governor's ANSWER.

Gentlemen of the Upper Houſe of Aſſembly,

I THANK you very kindly for your Addreſs, and am well pleaſed to ſee your Concern for the publick Good, make you ſubmit, with the greateſt Alacrity, to any Inconveniences, for an Opportunity of giving Proof of a moſt laudable Zeal for our Sovereign's and the Publick's Service.

HORATIO SHARPE.

To his Excellency HORATIO SHARPE, *Eſq; Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of* Maryland,

The humble ADDRESS of the Houſe of DELEGATES.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE his Majeſty's moſt loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Delegates of the Freemen of the Province of *Maryland*, in Aſſembly convened, return your Excellency our Thanks for your kind Speech, at the Opening of this Seſſion.

Though the Time and Seaſon of the Year be inconvenient to us, yet we ſhall chearfully attend the Service of our Conſtituents.

We will, with a juſt Regard to his Majeſty's Intereſt, our own Safety, and that of our Neighbours, conſider the ſeveral Letters laid before us by your Excellency, and we hope the Reſult will be ſuch, as will meet your Approbation, and anſwer the Expectations of thoſe we repreſent.

P. HAMMOND, Speaker.

The Governor's ANSWER.

Gentlemen of the Lower Houſe of Aſſembly,

I RETURN you Thanks for the Hopes your obliging Addreſs has given me, that the ſame Principle which induces you to ſubmit chearfully to the Inconveniences therein mentioned, will alſo animate you to contribute to the vigorous Proſecution of an Enterprize, on the Succeſs of which his Majeſty's Intereſt, as well as the Safety and Welfare of theſe Provinces do ſo much depend.

HORATIO SHARPE.

Extract of a Letter from Annapolis, March 6.

"Our *Aſſembly have granted* Three Hundred Pounds *for the Albany Treaty, and now have the* Ohio *Affair under Conſideration.*"

WILLIAMSBURG, February 8.

By a Gentleman from Auguſta, we have the melancholy Account, that Robert Foyle, of that County, living on the Head of Monongahalla River, a Branch of Miſſiſippi, together with his Wife and five Children, the youngeſt about ten Years old, were all murdered and ſcalp'd the 4th of laſt Month, ſuppoſed to have been done by the Indians about two Months before.

Feb. 15. Yeſterday the General Aſſembly of this Colony met at the Capitol, in this City, when his Honour the Governor opened the Seſſion with the following SPEECH.

Gentlemen of the Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Burgeſſes,

NOTHING leſs than a very important Concern could have induced me to call you together again, after ſo ſhort a Receſs; but the Dignity of the Crown of Great-Brttain, the Welfare of all the Colonies on this Continent, and more eſpecially of this Dominion, engage me to have your Advice and Aſſiſtance in an Affair of the greateſt Conſequence.

Major Waſhington, who was ſent by me to the Commandant of the French Forces on the River Ohio, being returned, informs me he found that Officer at a Fort they had erected on a Creek running into the Ohio, and that they were then preparing all Neceſſaries for building another Fort on that River; that they had Two Hundred and Twenty Canoes made, and many more rough hewed, to be made, in order to tranſport, early this Spring, a great Number of regular Forces, not leſs than Fifteen Hundred Men, with their Indians in Friendſhip with them, down the River Ohio, in order to build many more Fortreſſes on it; and they propoſed Loggs-Town to be the chief Place of their Rendezvous.

Major Waſhington further reports, That he aſked, "Why they "had ſeized the Goods of our Traders, and ſent their Perſons "Priſoners to Canada?" To which the Commandant anſwered, *That his Orders from their General, the Governor of Canada, were, Not to permit any Engliſh Subjects to trade on the Waters of the Ohio, but to ſeize their Goods, and ſend them Priſoners to Quebec.* He alſo aſked the Reaſon of taking Mr. Frazier's Houſe from him, which he had built and lived in upwards of twelve Years? He ſaid, *That Man was lucky that he had made his Eſcape, or he would have ſent him Priſoner to Canada.*

Theſe Tranſactions are entirely inconſiſtent with the Treaties ſubſiſting between the two Crowns, and contrary to my Inſtructions from his Majeſty, whereby I am directed to prevent any foreign Power ſettling or building any Fortreſſes on his Majeſty's Lands.

Add to the aforementioned unjuſtifiable Inſults of the French, the cruel and barbarous Murder, in cool Blood, of a whole Family in this Dominion, Man, Wife, and five Children, no longer ago than laſt Month; and very lately a poor Man, on the South Branch of Potowmack, robbed of his Son. Theſe Depredations were ſaid to be done by the French Indians; but, if I be rightly informed, ſome of the French Subjects always go with the Indians on theſe Incurſions, and are both privy to, and Inſtigators of, their Robberies and Murders.

How compaſſionate muſt then be the diſtreſsful Situation of that poor unhappy Family! ſurrounded by a Crowd of Miſcreants dreadfully ruſhing on to perpetrate the moſt ſavage Barbarities, inexorable to the Parent's Intreaties, inſenſible to the Cries of the tender Infant, baſely determined to deſtroy, without Provocation, thoſe who could not reſiſt their Violence.

Think you ſee the Infant torn from the unavailing Struggles of the diſtracted Mother, the Daughters raviſhed before the Eyes of their wretched Parents; and then, with Cruelty and Inſult, butchered and ſcalped. Suppoſe the horrid Scene compleated, and the wole Family, Man, Wife, and Children (as they were) murdered and ſcalped by theſe relentleſs Savages, and then torn in Pieces, and in Part devoured by wild Beaſts, for whom they were left a Prey by their more brutal Enemies.

But how muſt your Indignation riſe when you extend your View to the Abettors of theſe Villainies. Such are the People whoſe Neighbourhood you muſt now prevent, or with the moſt probable Expectation think to ſee, in the Boſom of your Country, theſe Evils, that you as yet have only the melancholy Tidings of from your Frontiers.

Conſider the bloody Villains, thieviſhly lurking about a Man's Plantation, and where they dare not attack like Men, baſely, like Vermin, ſtealing and carrying away, the helpleſs Infant, that happened to wander, though but a little Diſtance from his Father's Threſhold.

I aſſure you, Gentlemen, theſe Inſults on our Sovereign's Protection, and Barbarities on our Fellow Subjects, make deep Impreſſions on my Heart; and I doubt not, as you muſt hear them with Horror and Reſentment, but you will enable me, by a full and ſufficient Supply, to exert the moſt vigorous Efforts, to ſecure the Rights, and aſſert the Honour and Dignity of our Sovereign; to drive away theſe cruel and treacherous Invaders of your Properties, and Deſtroyers of your Families, and thereby to gratify my warmeſt Wiſhes in eſtabliſhing the Security and Proſperity of Virginia, on the moſt ſolid and permanent Foundations.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Burgeſſes,

I muſt earneſtly recommend to you His Majeſty's Commands, for a proper Supply, the immediate Neceſſity whereof, at this Time, I deſire you will ſeriouſly conſider, and by a ready and effectual Compliance, recommend yourſelves and the Country to His Royal Favour.

This is your Part, Gentlemen.-----What I could, before your Meeting, I have done for the Publick; and by the Advice of the Council I have array'd ſome Part of the Militia, which I have order'd up to the Ohio, with all poſſible Expedition, to build a Fort there, at the Forks of Memonangehalla. And as His Majeſty's gracious Preſent of Thirty Pieces of Cannon, Eighty Barrels of Powder, and other Ordnance Stores ſuitable, are arriv'd, I have ſent Ten of the Cannon, and a Proportion of Ammunition to Alexandria, to be from thence tranſported as ſoon as poſſible to the Ohio.

I have wrote to the neighbouring Colonies for their Aid and Aſſiſtance, which I have good Reaſon to expect; but I muſt obſerve to you, that their Eyes are fix'd on your Proceedings, and I hope you will engage them, by a laudable Example, to contribute ſufficiently for the common Cauſe.

The late Occaſion having ſuggeſted to me ſome Defect in the *Act for making Proviſion againſt Invaſions and Inſurrections*, I think proper to obſerve to you, that the Pay is very unequally proportioned, being too high for the Soldier, and too low for the Officer; and there is no Proviſion made for a Doctor, a Commiſſary of Stores, and ſeveral other Requiſites.----- I think it would be better to pay the Militia in Money than Tobacco, by which there may be a Saving to the Country, and the Men better ſatisfied.

Gentlemen of the Council, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Burgeſſes,

I look upon the Safety and Welfare of Virginia, to depend on your Councils and Determinations, at this critical Juncture, which therefore ought to be uninterrupted by any Avocations from Prejudice, or unſeaſonable Diviſions, at all Times the Bane of publick Conſultations, but which, at preſent, would be particularly fatal; and I doubt not, when you ſeriouſly conſider the Importance of what is laid before you, you will find Duty, Honour, and your own Preſervation, all united, to engage you to exert your Efforts equal to the Occaſion.

The Seaſon for entering upon Action being ſo near at Hand, your Seſſion can be but ſhort, and I deſire to conclude with an earneſt Exhortation to Concord and Expedition, leſt if we be divided or ſlow in Deliberation, our Enemies may ſeize the Time we loſe, and render any future Efforts ineffectual.

And in all Meaſures for His Majeſty's Service, and the Good of this Colony, you will have my ready and zealous Concurrence.

February 16, 1754.

To the Honourable ROBERT DINWIDDIE, *Eſq; his Majeſty's Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, of the Colony and Dominion of* VIRGINIA,

The humble ADDRESS of the Council.

SIR,

WE his Majeſty's faithful and loyal Subjects, the Council of Virginia, now met in General Aſſembly, beg Leave to return your Honour our hearty Thanks, for your kind Speech at the Opening of this Seſſion.

We cannot forbear to expreſs our juſt Indignation at the unwarrantable Encroachments, and hoſtile Proceedings of the French; and at the ſame time to teſtify our Approbation of the prudent Steps already taken by your Honour, for the Defence and Security of the Colony.

Our ardent Zeal for the Support of his Majeſty's Crown and Dignity, and our tender Regard for the Welfare and Proſperity of our Country, will incline us, by a chearful Concurrence with the Houſe of Burgeſſes, to exert our moſt vigorous Efforts to ſupport and effectuate your Honour's Proceedings, in what we agree to be the common Cauſe of all the Britiſh Colonies upon this Continent, and more eſpecially of this Dominion; and we aſſure your Honour, That in all our Conſultations we will proceed with that Harmony and Diſpatch, that the Importance of the Subject, and advanced Seaſon require.

We cannot conclude without our earneſt Prayers, that your Honour's conſtant Labours may be crowned with their deſerved Succeſs; and our warmeſt Wiſhes, that our Country may long continue to flouriſh under your Honour's Adminiſtration; from whence we may with Reaſon hope to ſee her Security and Proſperity eſtabliſhed, on the moſt ſolid and permanent Foundation.

To which his Honour was pleaſed to return the following ANSWER.

Gentlemen of the Council,

I Return you my ſincere Thanks for your kind Addreſs, and do aſſure you, it gives me great Pleaſure, that the Steps I have taken in the preſent Situation of our Affairs, meet with your Approbation.

Your ardent Zeal for his Majeſty's Crown and Dignity, and your Regard for the Proſperity and Welfare of our Country, with your Intentions of concurring with the Houſe of Burgeſſes, to exert the moſt vigorous Efforts for ſupporting me in my Proceedings againſt the Enemy, call for my moſt unfeigned Thanks.

And I have not the leaſt Doubt of your proceeding with Harmony, Diſpatch, and Reſolution, on the preſent Emergency.----I am much obliged for your Prayers for Succeſs to my Endeavours, which I aſſure you, ſhall always be with a View for the Welfare and Proſperity of this Dominion; and I hope, by our Conduct, that our Enemies will ſee, we are not diſunited, but cloſely connected in Defence of our Rights and Liberties.

February 18, 1754.

To the Honourable ROBERT DINWIDDIE, *Eſq; his Majeſty's Lieutenant Governor, and Commander in Chief, of the Colony and Dominion of* Virginia,

The humble ADDRESS of the Houſe of BURGESSES.

SIR,

WE His Majeſty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Burgeſſes of this His moſt antient Colony and Dominion of Virginia, now met in General Aſſembly, humbly beg Leave to return your Honour our Thanks for your kind Speech to the Council, and this Houſe.

With Hearts full of Zeal for his Majeſty's Service, and the Intereſt of this Country, and fired with Reſentment and Indignation at the unjuſtifiable Proceedings and Encroachments of the French, and French Indians; we do, in the ſtrongeſt Terms, expreſs our utmoſt Abhorrence of their late barbarous Cruelties and Depredations, committed on the Frontiers, and his Majeſty's Subjects inhabiting there.

We are truly ſenſible of the great Importance of the ſeveral Matters recommended to us by your Honour, and we do aſſure you that we will take the ſame into our ſerious Conſideration, and act therein agreeable to the Duty we owe to our King and Country.

To which his Honour was pleaſed to return the following ANSWER.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Burgeſſes,

I Return you my ſincere Thanks for your kind Addreſs. It gives me ſingular Pleaſure to find you ſo warmly expreſſing your Zeal for his Majeſty's Service, and the Intereſt of our Country; from whence I draw an happy Preſage, that you will take the moſt vigorous Meaſures to prevent the Progreſs of our Enemies in their unjuſtifiable Proceedings and Encroachments; and ſecure his Majeſty's People, your Fellow-Subjects, from a Repetition of thoſe barbarous Cruelties, that ſo juſtly fire your Indignation and Reſentment.

At the ſame time, Gentlemen, that you appear actuated by the higheſt Regard for your Duty to your King and Country, you will become an animating Example to the neighbouring Colonies, to exert themſelves in the common Cauſe.

And in every Meaſure conducive to this Good, the Houſe of Burgeſſes will always find my ready and affectionate Concurrence.

Extract of a Letter from Williamſburg, February 24.

"*Our General Aſſembly met the fourteenth Inſtant, and were laſt Night prorogued. They have given to Commiſſioners* Ten Thouſand "Pounds *for the Defence of our Frontiers. Three hundred Men are "order'd to be immediately raiſed and ſent to Ohio: And 'tis expected, "that at the next Meeting of the Commiſſioners more will be order'd. "In order to reimburſe the Treaſury the Money expended on this Occaſion, they have laid an additional Duty of Five per Cent. on all*

"*Slaves*

Best possible image.

" *Slaves imported; Two Shillings Sterling on every Writ and Subpœ-*
" *na iſſued from the General Court; One Shilling Sterling from a*
" *County Court; Twenty Shillings on every Coach and Chariot; and*
" *Ten Shillings on every Chair, per Annum, to continue three Years;*
" *which will be more than ſufficient.*"

Virginia, ſſ.

By the Honourable ROBERT DINWIDDIE, *Eſquire, His Majeſty's Lieutenant Governor, and Commander in Chief of this Dominion,*

A PROCLAMATION,

For Encouraging MEN to enliſt in his Majeſty's Service for the Defence and Security of this Colony.

WHEREAS it is determined that a Fort be immediately built on the River *Obio*, at the Fork of *Monongahela*, to oppoſe any further Encroachments, or hoſtile Attempts of the *French*, and the *Indians* in their Intereſt, and for the Security and Protection of his Majeſty's Subjects in this Colony; and as it is abſolutely neceſſary that a ſufficient Force ſhould be raiſed to erect and ſupport the ſame: For an Encouragement to all who ſhall voluntarily enter into the ſaid Service, I do hereby notify and promiſe, by and with the Advice and Conſent of his Majeſty's Council of this Colony, that over and above their Pay, Two Hundred Thouſand Acres, of his Majeſty the King of *Great-Britain*'s Lands, on the Eaſt Side of the River *Obio*, within this Dominion (One Hundred Thouſand Acres whereof to be contiguous to the ſaid Fort; and the other Hundred Thouſand Acres to be on, or near the River *Obio*) ſhall be laid off and granted to ſuch Perſons, who by their voluntary Engagement, and good Behaviour in the ſaid Service, ſhall deſerve the ſame. And I further promiſe, that the ſaid Lands ſhall be divided amongſt them immediately after the Performance of the ſaid Service, in a Proportion due to their reſpective Merit, as ſhall be repreſented to me by their Officers, and held and enjoyed by them without paying any Rights, and alſo free from the Payment of Quitrents, for the Term of Fifteen Years. And I do appoint this Proclamation to be read and publiſhed at the Court-Houſes, Churches and Chapels in each County within this Colony, and that the Sheriffs take Care the ſame be done accordingly.

Given at the Council Chamber in Williamſburg, *on the nineteenth Day of* February, *in the Twenty-ſeventh Year of his Majeſty's Reign*, Annoque Domini *One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Fifty-four.*

ROBERT DINWIDDIE.

GOD Save the KING.

Paris, Nov. 9. Every one of the Members of the Grand Chamber of the Parliament has received a Letter de Cachet, whereby it is ſaid, they are each of them enjoined to repair to Soiſſons, and to wait there for freſh Orders from his Majeſty.

Letters from Rouen adviſe, that the Chambers of the Parliament of Normandy were aſſembled the 5th, and the ſame Day the repeated Remonſtrances of that Company were ſent to be preſented to the King. The Parliament ſollicits the recalling Meſſ. Croſville and Beligarde, who are ſtill detained at Court.

Nov. 12. The Members of the Chatelet met the Day before Yeſterday, and 'twas remarked, that they were in great Agitation on Account of two of their Brethren being ſent to the Baſtile. 'Tis aſſured that they will ſtill perſiſt in their firſt Reſolution. Laſt Week there were two freſh Refuſals of the Sacrament; one on Account of a Refuſal to ſubmit to the Bull Unigenitus, and the other for Want of preſenting a Billet of Confeſſion.

Nov. 17. The Blow is at laſt ſtruck, the King, by Letters Patents, in the Form of a Declaration, dated the 11th Inſtant, has erected a Royal Chamber, which is to hold its Seſſions in the Caſtle of the Louvre, and to which the ſame Authority, in Matters Civil and Criminal, is aſſigned that the Parliament had by Law. On the 13th this Chamber was opened by a ſolemn Maſs, at which was preſent the Sieur de Lomaignon, Chancellor of France. The Surprize of the Publick is very great, which is chiefly teſtified by their Silence.

Rome, Nov. 6. The cruel Treatment which the Albanian Roman Catholicks undergo by the Turkiſh Government, having induced upwards of 100 Families of them to petition the Pope beſeeching an Azilum in the Eccleſiaſtical State, a particular Congregation was thereupon appointed to enquire into the Affair; and 'tis ſaid, that a Village in the State of Caſtro will be aſſign'd for their Abode, and that an Exemption of Taxes, for a Number of Years, will be granted to them.

Stockholm, Nov. 16. When it was thought that the Regulation of the Limits of Finland was upon the Point of being concluded, freſh Difficulties have ariſen to traverſe that thorny Negociation; ſo that when a Determination will be put thereto is uncertain.

Milan, Nov. 16. The Day of the Duke of Modena's coming to take Poſſeſſion of his Dignity of Governor General of the Auſtrian Lombardy is not yet fix'd.

Copenhagen, Nov. 24. The Storms which happened laſt Week in the South have done great Damage, ſeveral Ships of divers Nations have been drove aſhore upon our Coaſts.

Paris Nov. 26. M. de Mourchuchet, Counſellor of the Chatelet, continues detained in the Baſtile, and will do ſo until that Body entirely ſubmit themſelves to the Orders of the King.

Lipſick, Nov. 27. Letters from Gotha inform us of the Converſion of one Jacob Abraham Low, a Jew, only Son of Abraham Low, Baron de Lintz-heimer, Agent of the Finances of the Imperial Court, and one of the antienteſt Families of the Jews in Hungary, Bohemia or Moravia. This new Proſelyte, who is nineteen Years old, had been a Student in the Univerſity of Prague, where he received the firſt Impreſſions of the Chriſtian Religion. Neither the Fortune which he was in Expectation from his Relations, nor any other temporal Conſiderations, could diſſuade him from abjuring the Errors of Judaiſm.

Paris, Nov. 30. It is aſſured that the Members of the Chatelet have at length determined to regiſter the Letter Patent of his Majeſty for eſtabliſhing the Royal Chamber.

Dublin, Nov. 24. *If the People of this infatuated Country would encourage their own Manufactures, Tillage, and Induſtry, every human Creature in Ireland would earn their Bread. A late very worthy Archbiſhop found the Benefit of making Preſents of light Spades, Shovels, and Pickaxes to little Children, which had ſo good an Effect, that in a very uncultivated Part of Conaught theſe Children were ſo anxious to work, that every one of them earned Money, ſome two, three, five, and ſix Pence a Week, which was a great Relief and Pleaſure to their Parents, and of the utmoſt Advantage to the Gentry and Farmers; inſtead of being a Burthen to their Parents, and covered over with Rags, Lice, Fleas, Itch, Scabs and other filthy Diſtempers, and begging, ſtarving, thieving and murdering. A Voluntary Subſcription of 30 or 40 Pounds a Year in each County, would promote and execute this moſt uſeful and neceſſary Induſtry.*

We are aſſured, that upon a late Survey and exact Computation, there have been built in the City and Suburbs of Dublin, ſince the Year 1711, four thouſand Houſes, moſt of which are to the South and Weſt of the Town. This Number, in forty two Years, is but very ſmall, in Compariſon of thoſe raiſed in Birmingham, Sheffield, Leeds, Manchester, Liverpool, and other Trading Towns of England; which plainly ſhews, that the Trade and Manufactures of Ireland, excepting Linnen, have increaſed very little; but thoſe of England to a very great and amazing Degree; and for very good Reaſons, moſt of the trading Towns in England being plentifully and conſtantly ſupplied with Corn and Coals; which Neceſſaries will ever be wanted in Ireland, unleſs we run more into Tillage, the digging of Coal Mines, and the making our Rivers navigable.

LONDON, November 13.

We learn from the Hague, that they have Hopes of ſeeing the great Buſineſs of the Free Port abſolutely ſettled in the next Aſſembly of the States.

Nov. 20. It is ſaid the preſent Parliament will be diſſolved in February; and that Writs, returnable in 40 Days, will be immediately iſſued for electing a new One, which will ſit a few Weeks in May, leſt, whilſt his Majeſty, who, we hear, goes to Germany in June, is abroad, and no Parliament in the Kingdom, we ſhould be viſited with a Stroke, which every Briton, who has any Senſe of his Country's Welfare, ſincerely wiſhes that Heaven may long avert.

There is Advice that a Man of War which lately ſailed from Liſbon, is arrived at the Cape de Verd's, having on board Land Forces, in order to diſlodge the French from a Settlement they have made there, and the neceſſary Materials for building a Fort to ſecure the Colony.

We hear from Paris, that when ſeveral Perſons of Diſtinction were lately ordered into Exile, the Soldiers being drawn up pull'd off their Hats to them, but being commanded by their Officers to put them on they flung them away.

They write from Frankfort, that ſome of the moſt conſiderable Courts in Germany continue to arm and diſcipline their Troops with ſo much Eagerneſs, that thoſe who are concerned for the Tranquility of the Empire, cannot but look upon theſe Preparations with great Regret, the rather becauſe at preſent they hear of no Negociations for accommodating the Diſputes by which Diſturbances may be excited, and which are not of ſuch a Nature as to leave no Hopes of Accommodation in Caſe ſuch Negociations were put into proper Hands.

Nov. 22. Private Letters from Modena ſay, that the Count de Monzone, who arrived there lately from Paris, has brought with him certain Propoſitions, upon the Acceptance or Non-Acceptance of which the Tranquility of Italy will in a great Meaſure depend.

Nov. 24. Our Correſpondent at Paris acquaints us, that there is ſcarce a Night but ſome Lawyer of Diſtinction is carried into Exile, to Goal, or to Court. The High Chancellor moves no where without a Guard; ſome of the Miniſters have deſired to reſign, but the King commanded them to keep their Places.

The Bill for ſetting aſide the naturalizing the Jews, is paſſed in the Houſe of Peers.

The Arrival of the Count de Monzone has abſolutely put a Stand to every Thing at Modena.

Dec. 8. *Some of the Men of War fitting out (which will be ſoon ready for Service) are deſtined to protect our Trade on the Coaſt of Africa.*

It is ſaid one of the 500 £. Prizes is the Property of a Child in the Foundling Hoſpital, a Charitable Lady having bought that, and ſeveral others for the Benefit of ſome Children, whoſe Names ſhe cauſed to be endorſed thereon.

We are well informed, that one of the Ten Thouſand Pound Prizes in the State-Lottery, is the Property of DAVID CLARKSON, *Eſq; Merchant of New-York. The Ticket was purchaſed by Mr. Streatfield, an eminent Linen Draper in Leadenhall Street, for the aforeſaid David Clarkſon, Eſq;*

ANNAPOLIS, *February* 28.

Laſt Saturday, one Abſalom Butler, was committed to Baltimore County Goal, for the Murder of a Perſon near the Temporary Line ſome Time ſince, who died by Blows of his Fiſt, or other Wounds received in Boxing.

We hear from Kent County, That one Thomas Cartwright, a few Days ago, beat a Servant of his ſo barbarouſly that he died a ſhort Time after. The Coroner's Inqueſt brought in their Verdict Wilful Murder; but Cartwright is abſconded. It is ſaid they were both much in Liquor, and that Cartwright, when drunk, was of a moroſe, quarrelſome Diſpoſition.

BOSTON, February 18.

Extract of a Letter from Newbury, dated Feb. 12, 1754.

" Laſt Saturday Evening, after having obſerv'd, for about an Hour, Lightning at ſome Diſtance from us to the N. W. and low Thunder, a little before Eight a Clock, we had two very ſevere Claps, which ſeemed to proceed from a Cloud directly over our Heads in this Part of the Town where I live. The Lightning of the latter (which was preſently upon the former) ſtruck the Spire of our (Mr. Lowell's) Meeting-Houſe, cut it aſunder at ſome conſiderable Diſtance from the Weather-cock, ſhattered the remaining lower Part and Cupola very much, flew down into the Steeple, ſhiver'd the Foot of one of the Corner Poſts, broke ſeveral Windows of it almoſt all to Pieces, and others in the Body of the Meeting-Houſe on one Side of the Steeple, damaged two or three Pews on the ſame Side, eſpecially in the Gallery, but no great Injury is done to the Houſe within. The Steeple had lately been repaired at a conſiderable Coſt, which makes the Blow the heavier; but we would in this give Thanks, that no Life is loſt, or any Perſon hurt. Some Houſes near the Meeting-Houſe ſuſtained ſome Damage by their Windows being broke. We had in the midſt of the Shower, Hail of the Bigneſs of Piſtol Bullets, but little or no Wind."

By other Letters, and ſome Perſons from Newbury, we learn, that the Clock in the Meeting-Houſe received ſome Damage, the leaden Weights being partly melted, &c. and that the Town Stock of Gun-Powder, which was kept in a Loft of the Meeting-Houſe, narrowly eſcap'd being ſet on Fire, ſome of the Bullets, which lay very near the Powder, being melted by the Lightning.

And from Andover we hear, that the ſame Evening, about Eight a Clock, they had at that Town a violent Tempeſt of Wind, with Rain, Hail, Thunder, and Lightning: The Wind was ſo exceeding high, that it blew off the Roof of a Houſe entirely, and thereupon the Rain pour'd down ſo faſt into the Rooms that the Inhabitants were obliged to leave it: Several Barns were alſo blown down, and Creatures therein kill'd: The Roof of the Rev. Mr. Philips's Meeting-Houſe, about the third Part of it on the Eaſt and Weſt Side, was forcibly raiſed to a conſiderable Diſtance from the Rafters; and the Glaſs of the Windows of Mr. Philips's Dwelling-Houſe, much broken; and a great deal of other Damage done in the Town.

NEW-YORK, *March* 4.

Captain William Dickenſon who arrived here laſt Week from South-Carolina, ſailed from thence in Company with a Brig for Boſton: Off Charleſtown Bar, he ſpoke with the Shoreham and Jamaica Men of War, who were returned from cruizing in the Windward Paſſage; but it blowing freſh, he could learn nothing in Relation to our French Friends in thoſe Parts: Two Weeks ago Captain Dickenſon ſpoke with a Brig from Liſbon for Virginia; but has forgot the Captain's Name.

Laſt Monday Night, the Dwelling-Houſe of Mr. Iſaac Seixas of this City, Merchant, was broke open by ſome Villains, who ſtole from thence, beſides ſeveral other Things, the following Articles, viz. Two large Silver Table Spoons, mark'd I R S, Maker's Name MM, ſix Tea Spoons and a Sugar Tongs, mark'd RL, a Silver Pepper Box, and a Salt Cellar, a Pewter Ring Stand, two French Silver Candleſticks, and a Boy's Pair of Silver Buckles. The Rogues, by boring Holes in the Window Shutters oppoſite the Bolt and Hook, got into a lower Room, where they found the greateſt Part of their Booty.

We learn by Captain Duncan of the Sloop Batchelor of this Port, who arrived here laſt Thurſday from Coracoa, but laſt from Jamaica in 28 Days, That on the 25th of December laſt, a ſmart Engagement happened off Wann's-Keys, on the Spaniſh-Main, between a Coracoa Sloop and a Spaniſh Guarda-Coſta, in which the latter was ſoundly drubbed, and thought to have eſcaped by running aſhore; but being cloſely purſued by the Coracoaers, they ſet her a fire; and all the Crew, which conſiſted of upwards of 120, (ſave five) that eſcaped in the Engagement, were either burnt on board, or drown'd, in endeavouring to eſcape aſhore. The Coracoa Man came off victorious, with the Loſs of eight Men killed and wounded. Capt. Duncan informs us, that ſeveral Rhode-Iſlanders, and New-Londoners were arrived at Jamaica, but could not recollect their Names; and ſome Philadelphians.

Captain Wilmot, who arrived here on Tueſday laſt, in 7 Days from Boſton, informs us, that Capt. Briggs, in the Sloop Free-Maſon of that Port, ſailed for this Place about five Weeks ago, and as he has not been heard of ſince, it is thought he is blown off: Captain Wilmot alſo informs us, that about ten or twelve Days ago, a Sloop belonging to Colonel Noble was run aſhore on Cape-Cod, but no Hands loſt.

Yeſterday Capt. Nathaniel Lawrence, in the Sloop Diamond, arrived here from St. Euſtatia, who adviſes us of the ſafe Arrival at that Iſland, of the Capts. Gooding and Pell of this Port; that Capt. Hunter alſo of this Port, had ſailed for South-Carolina. Some Time before Capt. Lawrence ſailed, Capt. Kip of this Place arrived there from St. Thomas, and informed him, that Captain Coffee, in the Ship John, was arrived at that Iſland, being blown off this Coaſt in the Winter Seaſon.

Laſt Week Captain Edward Menzie arrived here from Rhode-Iſland, by whom we have the following Particulars relating to his Misfortune, viz. He ſailed from hence in a Brig in June 1752, bound for Honduras Bay, and on the laſt Day of February 1753, was taken off Key-Bokell by a Spaniſh Brig of 12 Carriage, and 30 Swivel Guns, and carried into Port-Mahoo, where he with many more Engliſhmen were confined on board a Veſſel for ſix Months, and uſed in the moſt cruel and unchriſtian like Manner, being often Days together without either Meat or Drink; and the only Proviſions they had given them was Carolina Pork, and ſo rotten, that by giving it one Shake, it would fall to Pieces from the Bone; ſometimes Drink and no Victua's; and at other Times, Victuals and no Drink. During his Confinement, Captain Kenneway in a Ship from Philadelphia, and Captain Swan in a Sloop, were carried in there, both of which died, chiefly owing to their Want of the common Neceſſaries of Life. In their Sickneſs, they entreated the Governor for the Aſſiſtance of an Engliſh Phyſician then there; but their Anſwer was, " Let the heretick Dogs die and be damn'd, and 'tis a Pity that all ſuch Vermin were not cut off the Face of the Earth." In a ſhort Time after, a Brig from Jamaica arrived at Port-Mahoo, when Capt. Menzie was ſet at Liberty, and took his Paſſage in her to the Muſqueto-Shore, where he was kindly received, and met with exceeding good Uſage from Mr. Pitts, and the Reſt of the Gentlemen of that Place; but not meeting with a Paſſage hither, according to Expectation, was unfortunately taken a ſecond Time in his Way to the Bay, by one of the King of Spain's Gallies, in the Sloop Mary, Captain Burger, of this Port, as has been already mentioned in this Paper; but the Spaniſh Captain commiſerating his unhappy Fate, gave him and another Engliſhman, a ſmall Craft, in which they got ſafe to the Bay, and from thence Capt. Menzie took his Paſſage with Captain Moſley to Rhode-Iſland.

Arrived, Brig Katey, Bayne; Schooner Mary, French, from New-York, at Jamaica: Snow Unicorn, White; Brig Charming-Polly, Stevenſon, of New-York, at Jamaica alſo. Gordon and Romer from New-York, at Coracoa.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Inward Entries.

Brig Banker, G. Wilmot from Boſton. Sloop Henry, Henry Cregier from Philadelphia. Sloop Benjamin, W. Dickenſon from S. Carolina. Sloop Batchelor, C. Duncan from Jamaica.

Outwards. Sloop Endeavour, D. Mercereau for Virginia. Sloop Sarah and Francis, J. Conyers for S. Carolina. Sloop Prince of Orange, P. Albouy; and, Brig Comus, A. Brown for Jamaica. Sloop Phœbe and Polly, J. Spelling for Coracoa.

Cleared. Schooner Spy, B. Evans to South-Carolina. Snow Ruddock, J. Doyle to Barbados. Ship Jacob, R. Langdon; and Brig Sally, John Roſs to Jamaica. Sloop Sarah and Elizabeth, P. Corne to Coaſt of Africa. Schooner Rachel, D. Dixon to Kirkwall in North-Britain.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.

By Captain Salter, of the Sloop Polly, of this Port, from the Coaſt of Africa (but laſt from Antigua) we have the following Account, and inſert it as a Caution to all thoſe who may have Occaſion to trade there, that for the future they may be more upon their Guard, than they generally have been, while any of the Natives are on board their Veſſels. The melancholy Affair is thus related, viz.

" That Captain William Cawfield, in the Race-Horſe, of London, being trading on the Coaſt laſt Fall, went into Sowſa River and there purchaſed about Twenty-eight Slaves: That having Buſineſs with the White Traders, he went aſhore, and travelled to their Settlement, about eight Leagues from the Place where his Veſſel lay: That on the 6th of October, about Four in the Morning, a Canoe came along Side of his Ship (while he was abſent) and on being aſk'd what their Buſineſs was, the Natives anſwered they had a Slave to ſell, and were then invited on board: That the Watch, not apprehenſive of their barbarous Deſign, went to ſleep ſome time after they had got into the Veſſel; upon which they took the Advantage, and fell upon them with their Knives, Cutlaſſes, &c. and murdered eleven of the Crew, conſiſting of thirteen; the other two, with much Difficulty, getting into the Boat in order to make their Eſcape; but one of them was ſo badly wounded, that he died ſoon after; and the other miraculouſly got aſhore into the Woods, or rather diſmal Swamps, where he muſt ſoon have periſhed, had not a Native ſeen him, who took him out of that miſerable Situation, and ſold him to the White Traders, for the Price they have for their own Slaves: That the Captain returned the next Day from the White Traders, and, to his great Surprize, found his Veſſel higher up than where he left her, and imagining ſomething more than ordinary muſt have happened; whereupon Captain Salter, with ſome of the Traders, went with him to ſee what was the Matter, and to help him to get her down again to the Place where ſhe was before; but, on their coming to the Ship, found her Cables had been cut, and that ſhe had driven with the Flood tide, till ſhe ran aſhore: That when they went on board, they found nothing but Blood and Brains on the Deck and Cabin Floor, and the Chief Mate's Bed in Puddles of Blood, but not a Soul to be ſeen dead or alive; from which they concluded the Slaves that had on board had committed the horrid Deed, till they were better informed by the Man that eſcaped in the Boat. The Villains had plundered the Ship of every Thing, carrying the Slaves with them, and left nothing but the Rigging and Sails, with which ſhe was got ſafe to Serra Lion."

By Letters from London (Via Maryland) dated the 27th of December, we have Advice of the Arrival there of the Ship London, Capt. Shirley, from this Place.

The Ship Marlborough, Capt. Dowers, of this Port, is arrived at Liſbon.

We hear from Barbados, by the Way of New-York, that the Sloop Nancy, Capt. Sage, belonging here, is ſafe arrived there.

Letters from Jamaica, mention the Arrival of the Ship Friendſhip, Captain Wright, at Carthagena, in twenty Days Paſſage from our Capes.

Saturday laſt the General Aſſembly of this Province adjourned to the ſixth of May next.

On Sunday a Veſſel arrived here from Dublin, in ſix Weeks, but brings no News, only that a Ship had arrived there from this Port before he ſailed, ſuppoſed, by the Deſcription given of her, to be the William and Mary, Capt. Oſborne.

*** To be ſold by POLE and HOWELL, A good new riding Chair, and Chaiſe, beſt Fall Mackrell, Oil, Lampblack, Gunpowder, Briſtol Pipes, with ſundry European Goods. Likewiſe Engliſh Clover-ſeed, at Twelve-pence per Pound. N. B. JOHN POLE inclines to lett Part of his Houſe, with about 15 Acres of good Land, lying on the Lower-Ferry Road, about Miles from Town.

Best possible image.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Patience, Joseph Brown from Jamaica.
Brig Friendship, Patrick Kelly from St. Croix.
Sloop Polly, Elisha Salter from Antigua.
Snow Mary, Nathaniel Donnell from Lisbon.
Sloop Prudence, Nathaniel Falkner from Coracoa.
Brig Molly, John Shankland from Anguilla.
Sloop Dove, Jonathan Cowpland from Ditto.

OUTWARDS.

Ship Henrietta, John Ross for S. Carolina.
---Charming Polly, Henry Dunn for W. Indies.
Schooner Betty, Thomas Austin to Boston.

CLEARED.

Brig Rebecca and Mary, Daniel Rees to Barbados.
---Barbados Factor, Joseph Greenway to North-Carolina.
Sloop Polly, John Harper to Antigua.

Philadelphia, March 6, 1754.

RUN away on the 5th instant from the subscriber, in Fogs Manor, Chester county, a native Irish servant lad, named Arthur M'Collough, about 18 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, middle stature, pretty full faced, round visage, mark'd with the small-pox, short black curled hair: Had on when he went away, a grey ratteen coat, with metal buttons, part of it lined with old black ratteen, and part with linsey, striped linsey waist coat, old dirty sheepskin breeches, with trowsers, new blue stockings, new shoes without buckles, new felt hat, and coarse ozenbrigs shirt. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN BLACK.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

WILLIAM DAWS,

SAIL-MAKER, from London,

DEsires to acquaint the publick, that he has taken the brick store on John Pole's wharff, the next below Chestnut-street wharff, where he carries on the Sail-making business, fitting and preventing marline-holes, as in London, at Two-pence Halfpenny per yard: All persons that please to employ him, may depend upon having their work done in the best manner, by their humble servant, WILLIAM DAWS.

Philadelphia, March 12, 1754.

RUN away on Friday night the 5th instant, from Henry Wolff, of Alsace township, Berks county, a Dutch servant man, called Henry Gowmiller, about 37 years of age, five feet five inches high, of a sandy complexion: Had on when he went away, a yellow wig, fine hat, whitish coat, mixed with blue, a fustian jacket, and a linsey woolsey ditto, blue cloth breeches, old shoes, and a pair of blue or white stockings; he also took with him masons tools, and a leather apron. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have FIVE POUNDS reward, paid by HENRY WOLFF.

TO be sold on the first day of April next, a plantation, in Coventry township, Chester county, the property of Samuel Meredith, containing 237 acres, about 100 acres cleared, and under good fence, having good buildings thereon, with two apple orchards, one peach orchard, a quantity of meadow, and much more may be made. Any person inclining to purchase said plantation, may apply to SAMUEL FLOWER, and know the terms of sale, either on the day of sale, or before if required.

TO be sold, by publick vendue, on the premises, on the first day of April next, a lot of ground, on the south-side of South-street, containing 100 feet front, and 360 feet deep, with two brick two story houses thereon, good cellars under the same, a good large kitchen, of brick and stone, two story high, a good pump in the yard, a garden with some fruit trees, and a large fram'd slaughter-house. The said lot is subject to a yearly ground-rent of 5 l. Sterling. Also one other lot adjoining the same on the aforesaid street, bounded on the west-side by a lot and improvements of Mr. George Emlen junior, and contains in breadth on said street 146 feet 5 inches, and in length or depth 360, or thereabouts. The ground is well manur'd and improv'd, and in good order for gardens, under good fence, and clear of ground-rent. Likewise 108 acres, with the allowance of 6 acres of woodland, situated at the head of Chickasatungas Creek, in Lebanon township, and county of Lancaster, and is situated on a convenient place for a store. The title is indisputable. The purchaser, paying two thirds of the consideration money, may have credit for the remainder, paying interest. Any person inclining to purchase before the day of sale, may apply to the owner of said lands, living on the premises. CONRAD WALTACKER.

For ANTIGUA,
The Snow
MARY,

Nathaniel Donnell *Commander,*
Will sail with all Expedition.
For freight or passage, apply to John Reynell, *or said commander on board.*

For DUBLIN directly,
The Brigantine
FRIENDSHIP,

Patrick Kelley, *Master,*
For freight or passage, apply to Randle *and* Alexander Mitchell, *or said Master on board,*
at Tun-Alley *wharff.*

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A Plantation, or tract of land, containing 485 acres, at Maiden Creek, in the county of Berks, near the Quakers Meeting-house, and 7 miles from Reading, with a good dwelling-house, new barn, 12 or 14 acres of meadow clear'd, and in good order, a good bearing orchard, with other improvements; there may be made a large quantity more of meadow with little expence, the whole being exceedingly well water'd; there is a good quantity of woodland, and a saw-mill, upon the place. Likewise a small Tract near the above, containing 40 or 50 acres, with a house, and other Improvements. Enquire of Samuel Pennock of Philadelphia, or Benjamin Lightfoot Esq; at Reading.

To be sold or lett by the abovesaid Samuel Pennock, a new and convenient brick dwelling-house, three stories high, with a kitchen, the house three rooms on a floor, and a garden belonging thereunto, with a stable, and other conveniences, in Fourth-street, on the east-side, a little above the Academy. Likewise to be sold cheap for ready money, or short credit, at said place, a good milch cow, and three horses, suitable for ploughing or carting, with a new iron chain, collars, &c. Also a new sleigh to be disposed of.

To be SOLD,

A Likely Negro woman, about 28 years old, with her two children, a boy about 7 months old, and a girl about 4 years and a half old. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

To be sold or lett, by the subscriber, living in Trenton,

A Good commodious stone house, with very good cellars, a good yard and garden, and a very good stable; also a very good brew-house, with all conveniencies for carrying on the brewing trade, all in very good order. Enquire of the owner, living in said house, who will inform the conditions of sale.

HENRY MARSELLIS.

N. B. The title is indisputable.

Philadelphia, February 26, 1754.

TO be lett by the subscriber, a good plantation, in the township of Passyunk, about four miles from this city, whereof forty acres is good drain'd meadow, and twenty acres choice upland; with a new house erected thereon, and a large range on the unimprov'd part thereof; a good stock of horses, cows, &c. and other implements of husbandry, to be rented therewith, if suitable to the tenant. Also to be lett or sold on ground-rent for ever, one hundred and twenty-five acres of fine land, about half a mile distant from the above place, with a good house and barn, &c. or any part thereof exceeding five acres. Likewise to be sold a tract of land, containing three hundred acres, in Bucks county, about sixteen miles from Philadelphia, bounding upon the line dividing Philadelphia from Bucks. The Southampton road runs thro' part of said tract. Any person inclining to purchase or rent any of the above-said tracts of land, may have a reasonable time of credit allow'd them, by applying to the owner, BARTHOLOMEW PENROSE, near the Draw-bridge.

N. B. Stolen or stray'd away from the first mention'd place, a chunky brown horse, has a black spot on one of his buttocks, about the size of a small hand. Any person producing the said horse to the said Bartholomew Penrose, shall have Twenty Shillings reward.

For *LONDON* directly,
The SHIP
TRYAL,

Will sail with all convenient speed, having considerable part of her Loading engaged, and has good accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage, apply to Abel James, in Water-street, Philadelphia.

For CORK,
The SHIP
MOLLY,
WILLIAM ALLISON,
Master,

Will sail in 16 days; has extraordinary accommodations for passengers. For Freight or passage, apply to John Meas, or said master, at Powell's wharff.

ON the 15th of April next, will be sold by publick vendue, by virtue of an order of the orphan's court, at the county of Northampton, the late dwelling plantation of Moses Dupui, deceased, in the possession of Daniel Shoemaker, situated at Minisinks, upon the river Delaware, in Lower Smithfield township, in the said county, containing 200 acres, being most of it exceeding rich bottom land, the greatest part of it cleared, and well fenced; there is a good orchard and barn upon it, and the title is indisputable. Aaron Dupui, Daniel and Ann Shoemaker, Administrators.

Also, at the same time, will be sold, by Daniel Dupui, living near the said plantation, a plantation of 250 acres of very good land, adjoining the above, with a good dwelling-house, and barn.

Likewise a plantation of 200 acres of land, now in the possession of Samuel Dupui, about 30 acres of it being part of an Island in the river Delaware, with two dwellings, the greatest part of it is cleared and fenced. The title indisputable. ¶ Tbctdos.

To be sold by the subscribers, at 4 a clock in the afternoon, on the fourth day of April next, by publick vendue, on the premises,

THE house and lot of ground where Rees Peters lately dwelt, situated on the north-side of Chestnut-street, bounded on the east by ground late of John Bayley's, on the north by ground late of Hermanus Alrichs, westward by other ground of said Rees Peters, part of the estate of Jonathan Dickinson, deceased, and southward by Chestnut-street aforesaid, containing in breadth east and west 25 feet, and in depth north and south 50 feet. Also another house and lot, situated as the former, bounded on the south by Chestnut-street aforesaid, eastwardly by the above described lot, northward by a lot late of Hermanus Alrichs aforesaid, and westward by ground part of the estate of Jonathan Dickinson aforesaid, containing in breadth east and west 14 feet 9 inches, and in depth north and south 50 feet; by William Savery, and William Peters, Executors.

N. B. The back part of the first described lot is subject to a ground rent of Eighteen Shillings and Six-pence per annum.

†‡† All persons that have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts that they may be adjusted: And those that are indebted to the said estate, are desired to make speedy payment. § Tbc 4 W

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A Plantation, situate in Oxford township, near the church, within eight miles of Philadelphia, containing 300 acres of land, about one half cleared, the other well wooded, 22 or 23 acres of meadow, and more may be made, about 200 apple-trees, most of them just beginning to bear, as many bearing heart-cherries, and some peach-trees; a large stone house, two stories high, four rooms on each floor, good cellars, two kitchens, and a chamber over each; it is made to suit either one or two families, a large milk-house, and well of fine water in one of the kitchens, two barns, two stables, besides other outhouses; also milch cows, working horses, sheep, hogs, waggon, carts, plows, and other implements for husbandry. Any person inclining to purchase either plantation, stock or implements, may have any reasonable time for payment, allowing interest, and giving security. The place may be entered upon by tenant or purchaser the 10th of the Fourth Month called April next. Enquire in Third-street, between Arch and Market-streets, for SAMUEL PRESTON MOORE. Tbct. 10 A.

Philadelphia, February 5, 1753.

Province of Pennsylvania, ss. NOtice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the honourable the Proprietaries for quit-rent, that attendance will be given at the receiver's office, in Philadelphia, from Friday the 1st of March to Saturday the 9th; at Chester, from the 11th to the 16th; at Pennsbury, from the 18th to the 23d; at Lancaster, from the 26th to the 30th inclusive; at which respective times and places all who are indebted as aforesaid are required to pay RICHARD HOCKLEY, or EDMUND PHYSICK.

TO be sold, 212 acres of good land, well timber'd, and water'd with several good springs, situate in Trediffryn, Chester county, near Conestogoe-road, 15 miles from Philadelphia: The title indisputable. For terms apply to Joseph Tucker, or Edward Jones, in Radnor, or to John Roberts, miller, of Merion.

TO be sold by way of publick vendue, by the subscriber, living in Middletown, Chester county, on the 15th of March, a certain piece or parcel of land, containing 33 acres, five acres of meadow already made, and as much more may be made, with a good stone house, kitchen, stable, &c. a draw well, and several good springs of water, a good bearing orchard, and a young orchard, the whole within good fence, and divided into several parcels, being a pleasant situation for any publick business, the great roads leading from Chester to the Great Valley, and from Darby to Concord, running thro' the same, where there hath been a publick-house kept these several years past. Also a tract of land, about a mile and a quarter from the abovementioned, containing 100 acres of extraordinary good land, either for grass or corn, with a sufficient quantity of choice meadow, a merchant mill, dwelling-house, barn, and other out-houses on the same, all in good repair; likewise horses, cows, sheep, swine, cart, plow, and other utensils of husbandry, houshold goods, &c. by

JOSEPH TALBOT.

N. B. Any person inclining to purchase either of the above premises, may view the same before the day of sale. ⊕

TO be sold by publick vendue on the premises, on the first day of April next, a tract of land in East-Nottingham township, in the county of Chester, containing 106 acres, whereon John Frew lately dwelt, with a commodious new brick house thereon erected, two stories high, with four rooms on each floor, and a cellar under the whole, a brick kitchen, and other out-houses; also a large stone grist-mill, fit for country and merchant work, with two pair of stones, and bolting mills, &c. (all the mill work new) situate on Elk-river, and supplied by a never failing stream of water; the mill-dam may be supported at less than Twenty-Shillings per annum: There is a large garden paled in, a good young orchard, 30 acres of well improved meadow, and more to be made. Its situation is exceedingly pleasant and healthy, and in a thick inhabited part of the country, and convenient for store-keeping, as well as purchasing large quantities of wheat, &c. about 15 miles from Whiteclay creek landing. The purchaser paying one half of the consideration money, may have credit for the residue, paying interest. Any person may be inform'd of the title and terms of sale, by applying to David Finney in New-Castle.

To be sold by the SUBSCRIBER,

A Negro man, about 30 years old, and a Negro woman, about 21; they are sold for no fault, the owner having no employment for them. Also a house to be lett in Fourth-street, near Market-street. MARCUS KUHL. Tbc. 3 Mo.

STolen away from the house of Peter Hagner, of Passyunk township, on the 6th instant, an iron roan stallion, about 12 hands and a half high, natural pacer, five years old this spring, has a bald face, but neither brand nor ear mark, newly trimm'd; also a new saddle, and old bridle. He is supposed to be stolen by one Charles Perry, a middle aged man, well set, of a swarthy complexion, with brownish clothes, and is thought to be gone towards New-York. Whoever secures said horse and thief, so as the owner may have his horse again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have Fifty Shillings reward, or Thirty Shillings for the horse, and reasonable charges, paid by the subscriber, living in Passyunk.

⊕ ANDREW LIBURT.

STray'd or stolen from John Howard, Joiner, of Philadelphia, on the fourth of January last, A black mare, with a star in her forehead, and a snip on her nose, one of her hind feet white, about 14 hands high, paces and trots, and goes a small hand gallop, about 6 or 7 years old. Whoever brings the said mare to the owner, shall have Twenty Shillings reward if stray'd, or Forty Shillings if stolen and the thief taken, paid by JOHN HOWARD. *Tbc.*

FOUR POUNDS *Reward.*

RUN away on the 18th of January last, from John Ladd, of Gloucester county, in New-Jersey, A servant Man, named John Armus, or Huckaback, of middle size, pale complexion, blind of one eye, it being sunk in his head, about 28 years of age: Had on, and took with him, A good felt hat, worsted cap, or an old wig, an old light colour'd coat, with brass buttons, without lining, a blue and white linsey woolsey jacket, with one sleeve all blue, half worn leather breeches, ozenbrigs trowsers two ozenbrigs shirts, a homespun black and white under jacket, two pair of yarn stockings, one pair grey, the other of a dark colour, neats leather shoes, almost new. He can speak Dutch, but appears to be this country born; has lived several years with Thomas Roberts, jun. about two miles eastward from Germantown. Whoever secures him, so as he may be had again, shall have Four Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN LADD.

N. B. He took with him a falling ax. *Tbc.*

A SCHEME

Of a LOTTERY, for raising the sum of *Six Hundred and Seventy-five Pounds*, to be applied to erecting a School-House, assisting a Schoolmaster, &c. for the benefit of the poor of the society of the Dutch Reformed Congregation, commonly called the Calvinists, in Philadelphia.

Number of Prizes.		Value in Pieces of Eight.		Total Value.
1	of	500	is	500
2	of	250	are	500
3	of	200	are	600
12	of	100	are	1200
20	of	50	are	1000
40	of	25	are	1000
200	of	10	are	2000
850	of	6	are	5100
			First drawn,	50
1128	Prizes,		Last drawn,	50
1872	Blanks,			
3000	Tickets, at four Pieces of Eight,			12000

Not quite one blank and three quarters to a prize.

AS soon as the lottery is drawn, an account of the fortunate tickets shall be published in the Pennsylvania Gazette, and the prizes paid by the signers of the respective tickets, after deducting Fifteen per Cent.

The following persons are appointed managers, viz. Henry Bassler, Daniel Bouton, Leonard Melchior, John Goll, Jacob Utrey, John Stillwagon, Jacob Maag, Bernard Lowerswyler, Christopher Geller, and John Kempfer, who are to give bond, and be on oath for the faithful performance of their trust.

The prizes not demanded in six months after the drawing, to be deemed generously given for the uses aforesaid, and not to be demanded afterwards.

We hope a design of this kind will meet with publick encouragement, as the society, without troubling others, hitherto have done all in their power to erect a place of worship in this city; but conceiving the instructing the rising generation of the utmost consequence, and many of the society unable to bear the expence of schooling, they have been tempted to take these measures to procure publick help to erect a school house, and assisting a master in instructing the helpless in the principles of religion, and the useful knowledge of reading and writing.

The drawing certainly to commence on the 18th day of March next, and to continue till finished, at the new building next door to the sign of the Sassafras-tree, in Sassafras-street, commonly called Race-street, where due attendance and care shall be given by the managers; such of the adventurers as chuse to attend, may be by at the drawing.

The tickets are now selling by the above managers, at their respective dwellings; and by Jacob Winey, Michael Deal, and Henry Shellenberg.

THE SUBSCRIBERS to this Paper who live remote from Philadelphia, many of whom are many Years in Arrear, are once more requested to consider how impracticable it is for us to wait on every one of them at their Houses for the Money, and how easy it is for them to find proper Opportunities of conveying it to us. As a News paper, which is a publick Convenience, cannot possibly be maintained under such Discouragements, we hope we shall be excused, if, for the future, we discontinue it to such as do not pay at the Year's End, and take some proper Method of recovering what has been long unjustly withheld from us.

FRANKLIN and HALL.

OUR Subscribers in *Virginia*, are desired to pay their respective Ballances due for this Gazette, to WILLIAM HUNTER, Esq; of *Williamsburgh*; those on the Western Shore of *Maryland*, to WILLIAM YOUNG, Esq; of *Baltimore* County; and those on the Eastern Shore, to THOMAS RINGOLD, Esq; of *Chester* Town; their several Accounts being left with those Gentlemen for that Purpose, who are fully impowered by us to receive, give Discharges, &c. FRANKLIN and HALL.

Bordentown, February 25, 1754.

WHereas Athalanah Douglas, the wife of George Douglas, has behaved to her said husband in a very unbecoming manner, and also contracted divers debts without his knowledge: These are therefore to forwarn all persons from trusting her on his account, for he will pay no debts of her contracting after the date hereof. ¶ GEORGE DOUGLAS.

TO BE SOLD,

A Healthy young Negroe man, about 21 years of age, has had the small-pox, by trade a sadler, and a good workman, and is well acquainted with most sorts of house-work. Any person inclining to purchase him, may have time to pay, giving security, and paying interest. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office. ⊕

TO be sold by John Snowdon, sadler, living in Market-street, Philadelphia, a good brick house, and lot of ground, in Second-street, the house is 16 feet in breadth, and 24 feet deep, with a good well, also a good stable and other buildings on the same; the lot is forty feet and a half front on Second-street, or thereabouts, more or less, and extends the same width to Dock-street, subject to a ground-rent of Four Pounds, Ten Shillings, a year, and a quit-rent to the proprietaries, of Two Shillings, and Sixpence, Sterling, per annum. Any person inclining to purchase either the whole or one half, may apply to

£5 s. Tbctf. JOHN SNOWDON.

To be SOLD,

A Plantation, containing 150 acres of land, in the Great Valley, near the sign of the White Horse, on the Lancaster road, with a good dwelling-house, barn and stable, and spring-house; a good orchard, that is fruitful every year, twelve acres of good meadow, and ten more may be made, with the same water as it is now carry'd upon rising ground, within three perches of the dwelling-house; fifty acres of said land is clear'd, and well fenced with chestnut rails, and the rest well timber'd. Whoever inclines to purchase the same, may apply to the owner, MALACHI JONES, living on said place. ⊕

BOOKS printed and sold by JAMES CHATTIN, *at his Printing Office, next Door to Hugh Roberts's, in Church-Alley, Philadelphia, viz.*

DOVER's useful miscellany, price 1s. 6d. Barclay's catechism, 2s. S. Fuller's ditto, 1s. J. Woolman against Negroe-keeping, 6d. J. Owen's spelling-book, 2s. S. C's short history of a long travel from Babylon to Bethel, 6d. J. F's essay on conduct, in verse, 6d. T. Ellwood's Davideis, a poem, bound, 2s. D. Roberts's memoirs of the life of J. Roberts, 1s. J. Jeffry's address to the people of the church of England, 9d. D. Hall's epistle to persons disown'd, 3d. The art of contentment, neatly bound, 2s. 6d. The travels and labours of Richard Davies, 2s. 6d. The royal primer improv'd, neatly bound, 6d. Ditto, bound different, 8d. Elizabeth Hanson's remarkable deliverance from the Indians of Canada, 6d.

N. B. A sufficient allowance is given to shop-keepers, hawkers, &c. who buy any of the above books to sell again.

Where may be had, bibles, of different sizes, testaments, young man's companions, and sundry other books. Also writing-paper, sealing-wax, ink-powder, ink, all sorts of blanks, lamp-black, &c. ¶

TO be sold by publick vendue, on Thursday, the 14th of March, at the house of Arnold Francis, in the Northern Liberties, Horses, cows, breeding mares, carts, ploughs, harrows, and several other implements of husbandry, &c. The sale to begin at nine a clock in the forenoon, where due attendance will be given, by

ARNOLD FRANCIS.

Philadelphia, January 29, 1754.

To be LETT by the year, or for a term of years,

A PIECE of mowable meadow, containing nine acres, situated in Moyamensing, about a mile and a half from Philadelphia, now in the possession of John Ashton, and may be enter'd upon the 12th of March next. For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM CLARK, below the Drawbridge. ⊕

To be SOLD,

A Plantation, in the township of Lower-Merion, 6 miles from Philadelphia, and two and a half from Germantown, adjoyning the river Schuylkill, a healthy situation, containing 315 acres or upwards; a large well built stone house, good barn, conveniently provided with stables, and other suitable buildings for a farmer, and a good stone spring-house; the whole well accommodated with water and meadowing; a good orchard, extraordinary well timber'd, very suitable for three settlements, with sufficient timber, water and meadowing to each; the whole to be disposed of together or in three parts, as may best suit the person or persons disposed to purchase the same. For terms of payment, and view of the land, apply to Thomas Evans, of North-Wales, or Hugh Evans, or Robert Roberts, living near the premises. ¶

N. B. The title is indisputable.

TO be sold by Eleanor Chew, executrix of the last will and testament of Joseph Chew deceased, the plantation whereon Archibald Moffett now dwells, lying on great Mantua creek, in the county of Gloucester, in West New-Jersey, containing about 140 acres of land, 40 whereof is cleared, and within good fence, with about 10 acres of meadow, a young orchard, a good house, barrack's &c. the rest choice good wood land. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may be informed of the terms, by applying to Michal Fisher, Esq; living on Great Timber creek, in the said county, or to the said executrix in Philadelphia. And all persons indebted to the said estate, are desired to pay; and those that have any demands against the said estate, to bring in their accounts, in order to have them adjusted by ELEANOR CHEW, executrix. ⊕

ALL those who have dealt with Rees Peters, late of this city, deceased, for shoemakers tools, glass ware, china, &c. &c. may be supplied at the most reasonable rates, by WILLIAM PETERS, in Chestnut-street, between Second and Front-streets, and next door to where his father lately dwelt. ¶ 5s. Tbctf.

To be SOLD,

A Lusty young Negroe man, by trade a cooper. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office. Tbctf.

WHereas the lease of the mills at Trenton, lett to Mr. Andrew Reed, will expire the first day of May next; and whereas the subscriber, the owner thereof, is willing to lett them for a further time, until his other private affairs will permit him to take them into his own care: And for the better carrying on of the same, the sum of Five Hundred Pounds will be lett therewith, and two dwelling-houses, with a pasture lying near the mills, convenient for the keeping of a store, &c. And further, the subscriber has lately laid out from his said mills, a street down to the ferry and landing, where the produce of the country, and the trade of Trenton, are exported from thence to the city of Philadelphia. Therefore if any person is desirous of renting the said mills, &c. or purchasing lots, or leasing said lots for a term of years, they may, by applying to the subscriber, know the terms.

Tbc. ROBERT LETTIS HOOPER.

To be sold by

ROBERT LETTIS HOOPER,

Now living at Trenton, in the province of New-Jersey,

A GRIST mill, with two pair of stones, and three bolting boxes, with good cloaths therein; the said bolting works all go by water with cogg and rounds, except the country cloaths; the meal is hoisted up by water in a large box; the mill-house 50 by 33, with good conveniencies for storing of wheat. Also a good stone dwelling-house, with three rooms on a floor, and a large stone kitchen to the same; and another stone house, with two rooms on a floor, and a large cooper's shop joining to the house, lying near the mills, and both houses well finished, and convenient for merchant and cooper. Also a fulling-mill, dwelling-house and shop, with all the tools and utensils belonging to a fulling-mill and dye-house; both of said mills lies on Millstone river, opposite to each other, at Rockey-hill, in the county of Somerset, and province of East-Jersey; their dams, houses and works are all compleatly finished, and the buyer may have from 50 to 100 acres of very good land, with a fine piece of meadow and timber, joining to the premises. The whole will be sold together or separate, as may best suit the buyer. Tbctf.

JOHN REILY, SCRIVENER, hereby gives Notice, That any Gentlemen desirous to buy or sell Estates, Houses, Lands, Yearly-rent Charges, Annuities, &c. or to borrow or lend Money on good Security, may be assisted therein by applying to him at his Office, in Front-street, where their Business (as usual) will be transacted with the greatest Care, Dispatch and Secrecy. Those who please to favour him in placing out their Money at Interest, may be assured that he will procure them undoubted Security, by Mortgage or otherwise.

Said Reily, upon Application, will, with Accuracy, peruse and examine Titles to Lands, &c. and inform the Possessors or Owners of the Deeds relating to such Lands, of any Defect in their Titles, also what will be needful to supply or remedy such Defects.

JOHN REILY.

At said Office is transacted, as above, the Notarial Business, in all its Branches, by Mr. JAMES HUMPHREYS, Notary Publick.

N. B. Said REILY has a large Quantity of French Indico, and Half Chests of neat and genuine Florence Oil, in Betty's, to dispose of, very cheap for ready Money.

To be sold, by

THOMAS WHARTON,

At his store, on Carpenter's wharff, where Joseph Saunders lately kept,

OZenbrigs, 3 qr. and 7-eights wide garlix, blue and white, purple and light ground calicoes, red and white ditto, chintz, printed linnens, calimancoes, scarlet and cloth colour'd camblets, English damasks, plain bandanoes, cambricks, broad lawns, Irish linens, corded demity, white jean, fustians, womens cotton gowns, mens and womens thread hose, paduasoy and tinsel ribbons, cloth colour'd and yellow silk, sorted mohair, gun locks, with screws, pocket bone knives and forks, best silver inlaid 4 bladed knives, brass ink-pots, enamelled fountain pens, flat wrought Bath sleeve buttons, plate fashioned coat and vest ditto, brass shoe and knee buckles, steel ditto, mens and boys felt hats, silk ferrit, quality binding, letter'd gartering, Scots thread, cotton laces, tapes and bobbin, long and short scythes, wool and cotton cards, short pipes hyson and green tea, nutmegs, cloves and mace, allspice, coffee and pepper, best Weston's snuff, London single refin'd loaf sugar, muscovado ditto, Philadelphia rum, and sundry other goods, too tedious to mention.

N. B The insurance office is there kept as formerly. Tbctf.

To be SOLD by

JOSEPH SAUNDERS,

At his house, wherein Israel Pemberton, senior, lately lived, next door to James Pemberton, and near the Queen's Head, in Water-street,

SUNDRY sorts of dye stuffs, as madder, ground red-wood, fustick, galls, log-wood and brazilletto, indigo, allom, copperas, also brimstone, English glue, bar lead, shot, gunpowder, neat powder flasks, sundry sorts of nails, steel, A.C. No. 3. long and short pipes, cutlary; ozenbrigs, garlix, twilled baging, blankets and rugs, flannel, shaloons, silk, linen and cotton handkerchiefs, ell-wide persians, muslins, calicoes, cotton and linen checks, buckrams, hat crapes, and Russia sheeting; writing paper of several sorts; sale twine; also Jamaica spirit, West-India and Philadelphia rum, loaf and muscovado sugar, coffee, tea and chocolate, rice, pepper, allspice, ginger, cinnamon, nutmegs, mace and cloves, salt petre, sweet oil, and sundry other goods.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of John Hart, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceased, are desired to pay their respective debts; and all who have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjusted, by THOMAS HALLOWELL, administrator to said estate. ⊕

York-town, August 22, 1753.

RUN away last night from the subscribers, living in York-town, Pennsylvania, two servants, viz. one an Englishman, named Sanderson Stanford, but may probably change his name to Emerson, about five feet ten inches high, very swarthy complexion, pock-mark'd, lisps, and speaks broad Yorkshire: Had on when he went away, A dark half-worn bearskin coat, with blue lining, buckskin or black breeches, his buckles not fellows. The other a native Irish-woman, named Catherine, middle siz'd, about 30 years of age, fair hair, blue eyes, long nose, and low forehead, speaks with the brogue: Had on, A blue linsey gown, and a striped linsey petticoat; she uses a deal of snuff, and looks sickly. They took with them a roan horse, about nine years old, shod all round, about 14 hands high, a natural pacer, heavy made and lean, goes rough and fast; also a pillow, bed-quilt, a silk handkerchief, grey half worn cut wig, a large half worn beaver hat, two linen shirts, and sundry other goods. 'Tis supposed they are gone towards Potomack, in order to go to Carolina. Whoever secures said servants and goods, so as they may be had again, shall have SIX POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JAMES SMITH, or THOMAS ARMOR. Tbc6m.

VEry good Lamp-black sold at the New-Printing-Office.

Just imported in the ship Louisa, Capt. Gardner, from Glasgow, and in the Charming Polly, Capt. Dunn, from Liverpool, and to be sold very cheap for ready money, by

Capt. JAMES M'CULLOUGH,

Near the Market,

A Variety of Scotch Dumblane linens, Fife and Glasgow checks, ribb'd worsted hose, 3 qr. and 7 8ths ticken, handkerchiefs, Liverpool 3 qr. linen checks, 7-8ths cotton checks, 6 q' linen and cotton checks, plains, drab narrow frizes, striped linseys, halfthicks, striped flannels, plain drabs, ribb'd and plain stockings, coarse and fine shaloons, &c. ⊕ 5s. Tbctf.

Just imported from London, in the Lydia, Capt. Reeve, and to be sold, by

WILLIAM MOORE,

At his store, in Front-street, opposite the late Mr. Hazeli's,

A LARGE assortment of European and East-India goods. Tbctf.

SCHEME

Of a LOTTERY, in Connecticut, for the benefit of the College in New-Jersey.

Whereas on the petition of the trustees of the college of New-Jersey, lately presented to the General Court or Assembly of the colony of Connecticut, for the erection of a publick lottery in that colony, in favour of the said college; the said General Court or Assembly hath generously impowered the trustees of the said college to set up a lottery in their colony for the purpose above-mentioned: The said lottery will consist of 8888 tickets, of which 5088 are to be fortunate, viz.

Numb. of Prizes.		York Currency.		Pieces of 8.		Total Val.
1	of	£ 501,	or	1252 and an half,	is	£ 501
2	of	250,	or	625	are	500
4	of	125,	or	312 and an half,	are	500
8	of	100,	or	250	are	800
16	of	50,	or	125	are	800
30	of	20,	or	50	are	600
50	of	10,	or	25	are	500
100	of	5,	or	12 and an half,	are	500
2877	of	3,	or	7 and an half,	are	8631

3088 Prizes, 5800 Blanks,) 8888 Tickets, at 30 s. York Currency, or 3 and 3 qrs. Ps. of 8 each, is £ 13332

Fifteen per Cent. to be deducted from the Prizes.

AS publick seminaries of learning not only tend to promote the private welfare of the communities in which they are founded, but to advance the honour, the reputation, and the happiness of a country in general; it is hoped, that all those who would encourage the progress of the liberal sciences, and are well-wishers to the propagation of christianity in these parts of the world, will chearfully become adventurers here; and the more freely, considering the above scheme is so well calculated for the benefit of the proprietors of tickets, as not to have two blanks to a prize. Publick notice will be given of the precise time of putting the tickets into the boxes, that such adventurers as are inclined, may be present when the same shall be done. The drawing to commence on the first Tuesday in June next, or sooner if full, at the town of Stamford in Connecticut, under the inspection of two justices of peace of the colony of Connecticut, and of two persons who shall be appointed by the trustees of the college of New-Jersey. The publick will have fourteen days notice of the time of drawing. The managers are sworn to the faithful discharge of the trust reposed in them, and have also given security for the same. The prizes will be published in the New-York and Pennsylvania Gazettes, and the money paid to the possessors of benefit tickets, as soon as the drawing is finished. Tickets are to be had at the dwelling-houses of Mr. John Lloyd, Ephraim Bostwick, Esq; and Dr. Nathaniel Hubbard, in the town of Stamford, in Connecticut, who are appointed managers. Tickets will also be sold by Mr. David Vanhorne, in New-York; Samuel Woodruff, Esq; in Elizabeth-town; Mr. Sergeant, treasurer of the college of New-Jersey, in Newark; John Stockton, Esq; in Prince-town; the Rev. Mr. Cowell, and messieurs Reed and Furman, in Trenton; Mr. Charles Hoff, junior, in Kingwood; Mr. John Imley, in Bordentown; and messieurs George Spafford, Andrew Reed, William Grant, John Sayre, Andrew Hodge, William Henry, Hugh M'Cullough, and Samuel Hazard, in Philadelphia. The prizes will be paid by those gentlemen who shall have disposed of the numbers drawing such prizes.

A SCHEME

Of a LOTTERY, for raising the sum of Five Hundred Sixty-two Pounds, Ten Shillings, to be applied towards the purchasing of a messuage and lot of ground in Germantown, for the minister of the Dutch Lutheran Congregation, and School-house, &c. for the benefit of the poor of the society.

Number of Prizes.		Value in Pieces of Eight.		Total Value.
1	of	400	is	400
1	of	100	is	100
3	of	50	are	150
15	of	20	are	300
150	of	10	are	1500
1250	of	6	are	7500
			First drawn,	25
1420 Prizes.			Last drawn,	25
3580 Blanks,				
5000 Tickets, at two Pieces of Eight each, is				10000

THE drawing to begin on the 24th day of June next, or sooner, if sooner full, in the presence of at least three of the managers, and as many of the adventurers as shall think fit to attend, and continue drawing till finished.

A list of the prizes to be published in the publick papers as soon as the drawing is compleated, that the fortunate may know the fate of their tickets.

The money to be paid to the fortunate, as soon as the drawing is finished, the sum of Fifteen per Cent. being first deducted.

The managers appointed are Sebastine Neff, George Donnenhaver, Jacob Miller, Charles Hay, Jacob Beyerle, and Matthias Gainsele, who are to give bond, and be upon oath for the faithful discharge of their trust.

The tickets will beg n to be sold by the managers, at their respective dwellings on Friday the 7th of September inst.

We hope a design of this kind will meet with encouragement, as the only motive that induced the society to enter on such a scheme, was their being thoroughly sensible of the disadvantages they labour under, and the great necessity there is of a house in Germantown, for their minister to instruct those children in reading and writing, whose parents are unable to give them such education; and as the society amongst themselves are unable to accomplish such an undertaking, were importuned to have recourse to a lottery, in order to enable them to carry on the same, as it will tend to the publick good.

Just imported, and to be sold, by

THOMAS DAVIS,

At his house, in Market-street, where Hugh Roberts lately lived,

A Variety of superfine, refine, middling and coarse broad-cloths and trimmings, bearskins, naps and flannels; also cutlary, haberdashery, pewter, &c. Tbc. 3 m.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, POST-MASTER, and D. HALL, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the Market.

March 19, 1754. NUMB. 1317.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

Friends FRANKLIN and HALL,

As I apprehend publiſhing the Sentiments of ſome of the moſt eſteemed of the Church of England *concerning Theatrical Entertainments, may be of Service at this Time, the giving the following Quotations a Place in your Paper, will much oblige your Friend,* A. B.

Britain's Remembrancer, printed in *Philadelphia,* Page 27.

SHOULD I pretend to give a View of the Wickedneſs of the Theatre, I ſhould not know where to begin, or to what Length the Subject would carry me. For whether I inſiſted on the Lewdneſs or Impiety of moſt of the Plays themſelves; on the infamous Characters of the Actors and Actreſſes; on the ſcandalous Farces they commonly tag the graveſt Plays with, or, above all, on the inhumanly impudent Dances and Songs, with which they lard them between the Acts; I ſay, which ſoever of theſe Particulars I inſiſted on, each of them would furniſh Matter for a great many Pages; and much more, if I ſhould enter upon a full View of them all. Indeed the Theatre is at preſent on ſuch a Footing in *England,* that it is impoſſible to enter it, and not come out the Worſe for having been in it; for, now a Days, a good Play is no other than a Trap to draw in the Modeſt and Innocent to a Love of Theatrical Entertainments: And the Minds of the Spectators are not the ſafer from being poluted and debauched, tho' the Play itſelf be in the main decent and modeſt; ſince the ingenious Contrivance of the Managers entirely prevents the good Effect of any worthy Sentiment expreſſed in the Play, by introducing a painted Strumpet at the End of every Act, to cut Capers on the Stage in ſuch an impudent and unwomanly Manner, as muſt make the moſt ſhocking Impreſſions on every Mind; and, leſt the Audience ſhould chance, in Spite of all this, to carry away ſomewhat that might make their Hearts the better, a ludicrous and ſhameleſs Farce concludes the whole, and with one Stroke eraſes all the little Traces of virtuous Sentiments that were formed by the Play itſelf.

I only beg Leave to aſk you, my dear Countrymen, for what Purpoſe you ſupport a ſacred Order of Men to teach you the pure and holy Laws of the Chriſtian Religion, and at the ſame time encourage by your Countenance and your Riches, a Sett of the very Dregs of Human Nature, who make it their Buſineſs to debauch your Minds by their lewd Compoſitions, and wanton Geſticulations, to fill them with impure and vile Ideas, and to diſappoint the moſt diligent Endeavours of a Chriſtian Miniſtry? Surely it can never be conſiſtent with common Senſe to ſupport in the ſame Country, one Order of Men for the Propagation of Virtue and Religion, and another for the Deſtruction of them; to maintain one Sett of People for promoting a Reformation of Manners, and another

[illegible] bad

People of the Town have been the chief Corrupters of the Stage; who run moſt after thoſe Plays that moſt defile the State.------ 'The Poets pretend their Deſign is to diſcourage Vice; but they really do recommend it in the moſt effectual Manner. It is a Shame to our Nation and Religion, to ſee the Stage ſo reformed in *France,* and ſo polluted ſtill in *England.*-----Till another Scene appears, certainly our Plays are the greateſt Debauchers of the Nation." Concluſion of *Burnet*'s Hiſtory.

I ſhall add to Biſhop *Burnet*'s, the Thoughts of one of the kindeſt, moſt judicious, and beſt Men, that this World ever produced, who never ſaid a hard Thing, but when the Good of Mankind required it, I mean Archbiſhop *Tillotſon,* who in his Diſcourſe againſt corrupt Communication, ſpeaking of Plays, ſays, "They are intolerable, and not fit to be permitted in a civilized, much leſs in a Chriſtian Nation. They do moſt notoriouſly miniſter both to Infidelity and Vice. By their Profaneneſs they are apt to inſtil bad Principles into the Minds of Men, and to leſſen that Awe and Reverence which all Men ought to have for God and Religion; and by their Lewdneſs they teach Vice, and are apt to infect the Minds of Men, and diſpoſe them to lewd and diſſolute Practices."

From the NEW-YORK GAZETTE.

The Letter in our Paper two Weeks ſince (Number 577) *from* Virginia, *and the Expreſs from thence mentioned in the ſame, being the chief Topic of Converſation here, we think it can be no diſagreeable Amuſement to our Readers to give the following Letter and Extracts; which ſeem to have ſome Reference to thoſe Affairs, at leaſt this may ſerve to give ſome better Ideas thereof than are now generally conceived,* viz.

Albany, February 7, 1754.

Meſſ. Printers,

I HAVE lately ſeen in the Votes and Proceedings of the Aſſembly, a Copy of a Letter from the Earl of *Holderneſs,* by his Majeſty's Command, to the ſeveral Governors upon this Continent, in order to prevent any Incroachments on the Limits of his Majeſty's Dominions, &c. This Letter of *Pere Charlevoix,* ſhews the firſt Settlement or Building of the *French* Fort at *Niagara,* a Place of the greateſt Conſequence to them, as it ſecures a free Communication between the *French* Settlements in *Canada,* with *Louiſiana,* and down the *Miſſiſippi* River, into the Gulph of *Mexico.* If you think it will be agreeable to ſome of your Readers, you may give it a Place in your next Paper.

Letter from Father Charlevoix, *a Jeſuit, to the Dutcheſs of* Leſdiguierres, *in* France, *dated at the Falls of* Niagara, May 26, 1721.

Madam,

I HAVE had the Honour already to inform you, that we have a Scheme of making a Settlement here; for the better Underſtanding of which, it is neceſſary to know, that the *Engliſh* pretend, by Virtue of the Treaty of *Utrecht,* to have the Sovereignty over all the Country of the *Five Nations,* and conſequently to be bounded on this Side by the *Ontario* Lake: In the mean Time it is to be apprehended, if their Claim is juſt, that e're it be long, they may ſettle themſelves by main Force in the Center or Middle of *Canada,* or at leaſt abſolutely ruin the Trade of it.

Therefore it has been thought neceſſary to ward off this Inconveniency, or croſs Accident: However, avoiding to ſtrike at the Treaty, there has nothing been found better, than to ſettle ourſelves in a Place which ſecures to us a free Communication with the Lakes, and where the *Engliſh* were not able to oppoſe our Settlement.

A Commiſſion was given to Mr. *De Joncaire,* who had been in his younger Days a Priſoner among the *Seneca's,* and had gained ſo far the Affection of theſe *Indians,* that they adopted him; tho' during the War which we carried on againſt them, in which he behaved very well, yet he always enjoyed the Privileges inſeparable from his Adoption.

When he received his Orders for the Execution of the aforeſaid Scheme, he came among them, aſſembled the principal Men, and after having aſſured them, 'That nothing in the World would give 'him greater Pleaſure, than to live with his Brethren; and farther 'ſaid, if he had a Houſe or Hut among them, where he might 'retire to, when he pleaſed, that he would viſit them much oftener.' They anſwered, "That they had always looked upon him as one "of their Children; that he was at Liberty to live among them "where he pleaſed; that he might make Choice of the Place "which he ſhould think moſt convenient." He aſked no more; he came here ſoon, and pitched upon the Ground, on the Side of the River, the Boundary of the *Seneca's* Country, and there built a Houſe.

This Account was ſoon heard at *New-York,* and occaſioned there ſo much more Jealouſy, as the *Engliſh* had never been able to obtain, in the Country of any of the *Five Nations,* what was now granted to Mr. *De Joncaire.* They complained openly, and their Complaints ſupported by Preſents, gained over immediately the other four *Indian* Cantons to their Intereſt: But they had not yet carried their Point, becauſe the five *Indian* Cantons are independent of each other, and very jealous of that Independency. It was yet neceſſary to gain the *Seneca's,* and the *Engliſh* omitted nothing in order to bring it about: But they ſoon perceived, that they would never be able to diſlodge *De Joncaire* from *Niagara.* They then aſked, 'whether they might build a Houſe alſo among them?' which was refuſed. The *Seneca's* told them, "Our Land is in "Peace, you and the *French,* cannot live here together, without "diſturbing it." Finally they ſaid, "it is of no Conſequence, "that *Joncaire* lives here, he is a Child of this Nation, he enjoys "his Right, and it is not allowable for us to deprive him of it."

The next Extract is a Note of the late Dr. Douglaſs's *of* Boſton, *in a Hiſtorical Summary of the Colonies wrote by him: The Part wherein this is, was wrote in* 1751; *where ſpeaking of ſettling the boundary Line between the* French *and* Engliſh, *now in Agitation at* Paris *by the* Britiſh *and* French *Commiſſaries, the* Doctor *makes theſe Remarks:*

THE various Diſputes between the Courts of *Great-Britain* and *France,* (I muſt once and again beg Pardon for meddling in State Affairs, or *Arcana Imperii,* by Chance they fall in my Way, and in ſome Manner I ſcramble over them) concerning the national Properties and Juriſdictions of ſome diſputable Countries in *America,* which perhaps might have been ſettled in the late *definitive* (ſo called) *Treaty* of *Aix La Chapelle,* more expeditiouſly and with better Effect, conſidering, 1. that by meer Dint of good Fortune, Providence ſeem'd to be on our Side, and gave us Poſſeſſion of *Louiſbourg,* at the Mouth or Entrance of St. *Laurence* or *Canada* Great River, the *French Dunkirk* of *North-America.* 2. By our natural Superiority at Sea, we had entirely obſtructed the *French* Plantation *American* Trade, which might have induced or forced the *French* to make us ſome favourable Conceſſions; than by tedious and generally ineffective ſubſequent Treaties by Commiſſaries, which frequently terminate only in a Neutrality till next general Rupture, or in ſome mutual Conceſſions by way of Equivalents detrimental to that Side who may have lately received the Law: Thus for Inſtance, if the Court of *Great-Britain,* at this Juncture, ſhould quit Claim of the *Neutral-Iſlands* in the *Weſt-Indies* to the *French,* as an Equivalent for ſome Conceſſions to be made in *Nova-Scotia* by the Court of *France* to the *Britiſh.*

At preſent 1751, the *French* with a conſiderable military Force, make a Stand on the North Side of *Chiconecto* Bay and Rivers, in about 45 d. 25 m. The Parallel of 45 d. is the Northern Extent of King *James* I. Grant 1606 to the *North-Virginia* Company, this is perhaps the Foundation of the *French* Claim. If the Partition Line with *French* or *Canada* is to be ſettled at 45 d. North. Lat. continued, it will fall in with St. *Laurence* or *Ontario* River, a little above *Montreal*; including the greateſt Part of *Champlain* or *Corlaers* Lake, with the formerly *Dutch* Country adjoining. If the South Limits of *Canada* are thus ſettled, *New-York* Weſt-Line will begin at this Termination, and paſs along *Ontario* River to *Ontario* Lake, along *Ontario* Lake and its communicating Run of Water to Lake *Erie*; till it meets with *Pennſylvania* North Line.

There is a Tract of valuable Land Weſt Southerly from *Pennſylvania: Pennſylvania* in the Grant extends 5 d. W. from *Delaware* River, and takes in a conſiderable Share of Lake *Erie,* and within which Bounds, ſince the late Peace, the *French* have erected a Fortification with a View of claiming that Country, as formerly they built a Fort at *Crown Point,* to fix a Claim to the Country of Lake *Champlain*: Our *Indian* Traders inform us, that below Lake *Erie,* upon the River *Obio,* called by the *French La Belle Riviere,* and the great River *Ouabache,* which jointly fall into the Grand River of *Miſſiſippi,* are the moſt valuable Lands in all *America,* and extend 500 to 600 Miles in a level rich Soil. Luckily for us, the *French* laſt War, not being capable of ſupplying the *Indians* of thoſe Rivers with Goods ſufficient, theſe *Indians* dealt with our Traders, and a Number of them came to *Philadelphia* to treat with the *Engliſh*: Hitherto they have faithfully obſerved their new Alliance. Theſe *Indians* are called the *Twightwees,* a large Nation, much ſuperior in Numbers to all our *Six Nations,* and independent of them. This gave the Government of *Canada* much Uneaſineſs, that ſo conſiderable a Body of *Indians,* with the Territory, Trade, and Inlet into the *Miſſiſippi* ſhould be lopt from them; accordingly the Governor of *Canada* in *Autumn* 1750, wrote to the Governors of *New-York* and *Pennſylvania,* acquainting them, that our *Indian* Traders had incroached ſo far on their Territories by trading with their *Indians,* that if they did not deſiſt, he ſhould be obliged to apprehend them, wherever they ſhould be found within theſe Bounds; accordingly in the Spring in 1751, ſome *French* Parties, with their *Indians,* ſeized three of our Traders, and confined them in *Montreal* or *Quebeck.* The *Twightwees,* our late Allies, reſented this, immediately rendezvouſed to the Number of 500 to 600, and ſcoured the Woods till they found three *French* Traders, and delivered them up to the Government of *Pennſylvania.* Here the Matter reſts, and waits for an Accommodation betwixt our Governor, and the *French* Governor, as to Exchange of Priſoners; and as to the main Point of the Queſtion, in ſuch Caſes the *French* never cede till drubb'd into it by a War, and confirmed by a ſubſequent Peace. However, it is probable that in a few Years our Settlements, if well attended to, will be carried thither, if with the Protection of the *Indians* of that *Nation,* they are countenanced by our Governments. With this View the Governor of *Pennſylvania* is labouring with the Aſſembly to have ſome Place of Strength, Security, or Retreat for our *Indian* Traders, under the Name of a Trading or Truck-Houſe; the *Indians* have given their Conſent to this Scheme, which they never granted to the *French*; it will be a difficult Matter to perſuade a Quaker Aſſembly into any Thing, where a military Strength or Security is implied.

We may obſerve, that ſome Part of theſe Indian Lands W. Southerly of *Pennſylvania,* to the Quantity of 600,000 Acres, have, a Year or two ago, been granted by the Crown, to a Company of Gentlemen in *Virginia,* called the *Obio* Company, free of Quit-Rent for 21 Years; in the Prayer of their Petition, they propoſe the ſettling and cultivating the ſame, as well as to carry on Trade with the *Indians.* The whole of this Affair is now repreſented at Home to the Miniſtry, by the Governor of *Pennſylvania.*

LONDON, December 20.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Huelva *to his Friend at* Cadiz. *Tranſlated from the* Spaniſh.

Dear Sir,

ON the Information of ſome Boatmen, who lay at the Entrance of our Bar, that a ſtrange Veſſel was aground at low Water upon the Shoals, which anſwer'd the Deſcription of one that had plunder'd an Iriſh Brig, and murder'd the Crew, Peter Velez, and Joſeph Morena, reſolv'd to go in a long Boat, and take a View of her. In boarding her, they found her to be a Caravel, or Portugueſe Bark, and that her Crew conſiſted of five Perſons, viz. An Engliſhman, a Negroe, a Moor, a Spaniard, and a Portugueſe, who was the Commander. This mix'd Crew gave them great Suſpicions; therefore, by pretending to offer them ſome Refreſhment in their Boat, they endeavour'd to ſeparate them, but by their extreme Caution found it ineffectual; and after getting a Sight of their Bill of Health, and Paſſport, ſigned by Don D. M. Corte Real, Secretary to the Marine of the King of Portugal, left them.

This Diſcovery, and the great Number of Fire-arms they had on board, ſerv'd only to confirm the Boatmen that they were the Pyrates they had receiv'd Intelligence of. Accordingly two Long-boats were fitted out, with two ſmall Guns, four Blunderbuſſes, and ſome Muſkets, with which they began to fire the Inſtant the Caravel was hoiſting Sail, in order to eſcape. However, the Wind and Current keeping them in with the Shore, they were under a Neceſſity of ſtanding an Engagement, which continued three Hours, when one of the Long-boats, by a lucky Shot, brought their Main-maſt by the Board, and her Men immediately jumping on the Deck of the Bark, the Engliſhman and the Captain threw themſelves into the Sea, with their Piſtols and Cutlaſſes in Hand, and ſwam aſhore.

The tenth Inſtant the three Priſoners were brought into this Port, and ſecur'd in our Jail, the Moor being dangerouſly wounded; their Fire-arms they threw overboard, when they ſaw their Defeat accompliſhing by the above very fortunate Shot.

Proper Orders were immediately diſpatched for apprehending the two who had eſcaped, and in ſix Days they were taken at Almendzo, four Leagues from the Confines of Portugal, and brought Priſoners hither. The Captain, whoſe Name is Juan Deroſta Pinto, had about him, in Spaniſh, Engliſh and Portugal Coin, to the Value of 380 Dollars: He was born at Viana, in Portugal, and deſcended from a good Family, is about 30 Years of Age, and two Years ſince married Donna Maria Thereſa Roſſa, and had with her 4000 Dollars; he has had an exceeding good Education; he learnt Navigation in London, had a compleat Library in his Cabin, had conſiderable Experience in the late War in naval Affairs, but was diſtinguiſhed for his Barbarity and Cruelty to the Captives, who were unfortunate enough to be taken by him.

He ſeems very penitent, and has made the following Confeſſion; declaring his Deſire to pay with his own, the many Lives he has wantonly taken away without the leaſt Provocation. The Account he gives of himſelf is to this Effect.---- That being at Liſbon without any Employment, he got together Nine others that had been guilty of Murder, and were Italian and Portugueſe Deſerters, who, with one Engliſhman, agreed to go on a pirating Expedition, and on the 10th of Auguſt laſt, ſet Sail in the above Bark from the Bar of Liſbon; the 12th they met a French Ship, which appeared to be too ſtrong for them; but on the Afternoon of the ſame Day, coming up with an Iriſh Brig, which proved to be the Chriſtopher, John Herron, Maſter, from Malaga for Dublin, aſk'd them how many Hands they had on board; and were anſwered 9 or 10. Pinto ſwore in Engliſh, that he would board them that Night.

He then called for a Bottle of Brandy, and gave each of his Crew a Dram, and in the Duſk of the Evening came a long ſide the Brig, when one of the Italians pretending to ſpeak in the Mooriſh Language, they boarded them Sword in Hand. Deroſta ſays, at this Inſtant he ſaw a Stream of Fire in the Sky that caſt a Light on the whole Sea, which threw him into ſuch a Fright, he was undetermined whether he ſhould board them; but being preſſed by his Companions, they attacked the Defenceleſs Iriſh, who all quietly ſubmitted, ſaying only, "Gentlemen, what have we done that you ſhould kill us?"

After they had bound Eight of them, which they ſubmitted to without the leaſt Oppoſition, they began to be afraid that two Portugueſe Paſſengers, whom they had left in their Bark, might diſcover them; wherefore calling to them, told them their Deſign, and that if they did not come into it, they would take proper Methods with them; but the Portugueſe accepted their Invitation with Eagerneſs, offered to go Hand in Hand with them, and to ſhew how compleatly villainous they were qualified for their Company, took up an Iriſh Boy, wrapt him in a Sheet, and threw him over board. The Eight poor Iriſh were all ſerved in the ſame Manner, crying out moſt dolefully, till they were drowned, "Lord forgive them who are guilty of our Deaths, and treat us ſo inhumanly!"-----

The

The Mate was an Eye Witneſs of this unheard of Spectacle, being promiſed Life; but Pinto ſoon altered his Mind, and throwing him into the Sea after his Ship Mates, fell to rifling the Brig of her Gold and Silver, and laſhing the Tillar faſt, diſmiſſed her, ſetting Sail for St. Lucar to change his Silver------The Brig was fallen in with the next Day by a Catalan Bark, Felix Pablo, Maſter, bound to Ferrol, who carried her into Faro, and delivered her to the Engliſh and Spaniſh Conſuls, claiming a third Part of the Value as Salvage, being loaden with Wines, and upwards of 100 Tons Burthen.

Pinto arrived at St. Lucar the 14th, at five in the Evening, where he was deſerted by almoſt all his Crew; and having decoyed one George Dean, an Engliſh Seaman, into his Service, under Pretence of going to Gibraltar, to purchaſe a Portugueſe Veſſel that had been taken by the Moors, he ſet Sail again with three others of his Deſperadoes.---Dean ſoon found he was on a contrary Courſe to what he expected, and off Retta inſiſting to be put aſhore, immediately they tied a great Stone about his Neck, and threw him over board.

Soon after they met an Engliſh Brig, from the River of Seville, which they wanted to board, and followed her all Day; but the Brig ſuſpected their Deſign, and threatened them with a warm Reception.

Off Cape Traffclar they boarded an Engliſh Schooner, loaden with Barley, from whom they took a Caſk of Water and ſome Beer, having nothing elſe worth their Acceptance. Pinto and his Villains, were very deſirous to put theſe poor People out of their Way, as they had done the others, but being ſo poor a Prize, waved putting their Deſigns in Execution.

At his Arrival at Terriff, he went on ſhore, but returned on board in a Hurry, having murdered a Man (who, he ſays, attempted to rob him) by giving the poor Wretch ſo many Stabs with a Knife, that the Handle remained in his Hand, and the Blade in the Body of the Deceaſed. He brought a Negroe on board with him, who was a Slave to the Adminiſtrator of Tobacco, and the fifth Perſon of this infernal Gang. He then directed his Courſe for Liſbon, but hearing at Monte Gordo that two of his Aſſociates, who left him at St. Lucar, were taken up, he altered his Mind, and came to the Bar of this Place as above. *I am, Sir, &c.*

December 22. *A Perſon of Character who arrived laſt Week from Paris brought the following Account of an extraordinary Affair that happened lately at Rouen: A Gentleman for whom the People of that City had a great Regard, being in his laſt Agonies, was deſirous of receiving the Sacraments; but the Prieſt who was called for that Purpoſe, abſolutely refuſed to adminiſter them, becauſe the ſick Man would not declare his Aſſent to the Conſtitution Unigenitus; and ſtood by the Gentleman's Fireſide perſiſting in his Refuſal till he ſaw him expire: Which being told to the People, who waited to know the Event, they ſeized the uncharitable Bigot as ſoon as he appeared, and tore him to Pieces. After this they continued aſſembled the whole Day; and next Morning a written Paper was found paſted on the Door of the Houſe where the Gentleman died, containing theſe Words: "Let the Parliament find Heads, and the People will find Hands." Afterwards the ſame Advertiſement was ſtuck up in Print in moſt publick Places.*

Letters from Dublin of the 15th, ſay, that by the late great Froſts and Snow, and by the heavy Rains that followed, many Rivers overflowed their Banks, and particularly the Liffey, by which ſeveral Ships received great Damage, by running foul of one another; others drove out to Sea, as many more would have done, had it not been for a large Dutch Veſſel that ſunk in the Middle of the River, near Ringſend: Several Sailors were cruſhed to Death among theſe Ships; and it was much feared that they ſhould hear from other Parts of great Damage done by the Floods, and of human Creatures and Cattle being drowned.

The Damages of the above Ships, ſmall Veſſels and Boats, are computed at many Thouſand Pounds, beſides many Lives loſt and Limbs broken.

Cork, Dec. 11. *We hear that a Veſſel, laden with Rum, for Dublin, was burnt by Negligence of the Men, in drawing ſome Spirits ſo near a lighted Candle, that they took Fire. The Crew got ſafe in their Boat to Wicklow.*

Navan, Dec. 12. *The Floods here are greater than the oldeſt Man can remember: Laſt Night the further Arch of the new Bridge over the Boyne was carried away; this Morning the nearer Arch underwent the ſame Fate; and we hourly expect the Deſtruction of the Remainder. One Man is miſſing; the Roads are in ſome Parts impaſſable for Carriages, and the Mills and Houſes on the Bank have ſuſtained the greateſt Damage.*

From the Antigua and Carolina Gazettes we have the following Advices, viz.

Archangel, Nov. 4. *We are here in the utmoſt Confuſion imaginable. A violent Storm roſe in the Evening of the 27th ult. which continued all Night. In the mean time a Fire broke out and burnt with ſuch Rapidity it is ſcarce poſſible to expreſs; it will be beſt comprehended by its dreadful Effects, which, from a careful Inſpection, appears to be ſix Hundred and nine Houſes, including thoſe demoliſhed, nine Hundred Seventy-four; two Hundred and thirty Ware-houſes and Shops, fourteen Mills, eleven publick Manufactories, a publick Bath, three waſt Baking Houſes, ſeven Taverns, and a Salt Work. The Loſs is immenſe, but not calculated as yet.*

Vienna, Nov. 13. *Laſt Week was diſpatched to Moſcow, a Courier, whoſe Letters relate to the new Treaty propoſed to that Court and ours, for jointly forming in caſe of Diſturbance, an Army of 120,000 Men; this Army is to be at the Command of the Britiſh Court and its Allies, and to act as Circumſtances may require, in the Aſſiſtance of any Power who is a Party in the Alliance. This Treaty is ſoon to be ſigned at Moſcow.*

Moſcow, Nov. 6. *The Empreſs's Journey into the Ukraine is put off, on Account of the Negotiations lately ſet on Foot betwixt us and the Courts of Vienna and London, which are ſuch, that the Britiſh Envoy is daily with the Miniſtry.*

Peterſburgh, Nov. 6. *Diſpoſitions are making for keeping in the conquered Provinces, a Body of Men, to be conſtantly ready at the Call of the Power; in the new Alliance with the Empreſs; the Liſt of the Troops of which it is to conſiſt, amounts to 73,000 Men, Irregulars included. After this Draught, there ſtill remains in the Inland Provinces of the Empire, 152,000 diſciplined Soldiers, beſides the national Body of Leſſer Ruſſia.*

Madrid, Nov. 6. *The Court having taken into Conſideration Mr. Keene's Remonſtrances, concerning the Engliſh Veſſel lately brought into Malaga by the Eagle Man of War, have ordered its immediate Releaſe without any Charges; upon which Mr. Keene has waited on his Majeſty with Thanks, and intimated to a chief Miniſter, that it would not be only in the Parts of Old Spain where Equity was to take Place.*

Moſcow, Nov. 8. *The Officers and Seamen belonging to the Cronſtadt Squadron, who had Leave to return to their Homes, are ordered to hold themſelves in Readineſs at the firſt Notice.*

Paris Nov. 26. *The new Remonſtrances of the Parliament of Normandy are juſt publiſhed. They are elegant, nervous and full of Reſpect for his Majeſty's Perſon. The Inconſiſtency of the Bull Unigenitus is fully ſet forth in them. They analiſe and confute in the cleareſt Manner the Chancellor's Anſwer to their firſt Remonſtrances. They even go farther, and accuſe the Chancellor to the King. But notwithſtanding all the Pains taken to ſet Things in the ſtrongeſt Light, the Court give themſelves no Trouble about the Matter, for his Majeſty would not admit the four Deputies, who came to preſent the Remonſtrances, to an Audience; but commanded them to return Home immediately.*

Paris, Dec. 1. *The Publick are not recovered from the Surprize into which they were thrown by the frequent Changes in our Domeſtick Affairs, hitherto they have gained nothing by them, but loſt conſiderably. Money, which was never very plenty, except among a certain Claſs, becomes daily more ſcarce: Commerce, which has languiſhed for ſo many Years, continues to decline; and Bankruptcies, which have been too frequent, ſtill encreaſe.*

LONDON.

Nov. 19. We hear that the Merchants Inſurers of London intend to proſecute ſeveral Perſons who have been concerned in concealing the Perſon after whom great Search has been made, upon an Accuſation of directing the wilful Deſtruction of a Ship to defraud the Inſurers.

Nov. 22. Letters from Madrid of the 23d paſt inform us, that a foreign Ship had been hired, a few Days before, at Cadiz, to carry Orders to the Spaniſh Governors in the Weſt-Indies. The Court has been alarmed with Advice that the French carry on a very conſiderable contraband Trade with Mexico by the Way of Miſſiſippi, to the great Prejudice of the Regiſter Ships. Two Men of War are ready to ſail from Cadiz to reinforce the Spaniſh Squadron in the Weſt-Indies.

Nov. 23. Letters from the Hague intimate, that the Spaniſh Court has made very warm Repreſentations on the Subject of illicit Trade in America, and that Things are at a Criſis upon that Head.

Nov. 27. By a private Letter from Holland we learn, that M. de Quadra, his Catholick Majeſty's Miniſter at the Hague, has made freſh Complaints to the States General, of the Conduct of the Dutch at Coracoa, who have taken ſeveral Spaniſh Ships, and carried them to that Iſland. Among other Things he ſays, 'That the Patience of his Catholick Majeſty was now at an End, and that if they did not give immediate Satisfaction, in reſtoring the ſaid Veſſels, their High Mightineſſes would have themſelves to blame, if his Majeſty ſhould be obliged to ſtop all the Dutch Veſſels now in his Harbours, &c.

Nov. 28. We hear from Modena, That Count Monzone, whoſe unexpected arrival from Paris, has occaſioned ſo many Conjectures, ſet out the 7th Inſtant on his Return to the French Court, and is charged to give his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Miniſters the Eclairciſſements they have deſired, in Regard to the Conſequences of the Duke of Modena's Engagements with the Imperial Court.

According to the Report of ſome Dunkirk Traders arrived in the River laſt Week, the French ſtill go on with the new Works at that Town; and talk of nothing but Encampments in Flanders early next Spring.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague.

"Our Letters from Liſbon repreſent the Conduct of the Guarda-Coſtas, towards all Veſſels bearing Engliſh Colours, to be ſuch as if Spain were actually at War with that Nation. A judicious Miniſter, long verſed in Buſineſs, in reflecting on the Behaviour of the Miniſtry of Aronjuez, both in Europe and America, foretels in a Letter to a Friend, that the Spaniſh Pride is preparing the Way for a new Rupture, which is the more to be apprehended, as it will not break out till after thoſe who are threatned with it, have let ſlip the Occaſion of preventing it in its Beginning. To this Prediction the Miniſter adds, that the Reſult of this new Rupture, will be the ſame as that of the laſt between England and Spain, becauſe the Spaniards having no Merchant Ships at Sea, have very little to apprehend from the Superiority of the Engliſh Naval Force; and are ſtill leſs afraid of the Efforts of the Engliſh by Land."

Extract of a Letter from Paris, Nov. 17.

"*The forlorn Condition to which our Parliament is reduced, for having ſtood up againſt the unwarrantable Attempts of the Clergy to exerciſe an unlimited Dominion over the Conſciences of the Laiety, puts us in Mind of a remarkable inſolent Saying of Cardinal Richelieu, viz.* "*That he would manage Matters ſo as that it would be a Diſgrace to be a Peer of France, and equally Shameful not to be one.*" *We ſenſibly feel it at this Juncture: The Parliament has been borne down by the Influence of the Clergy at Court: And the high Nobility are incapable or unwilling to ſupport it, being in ſome Reſpects greater Slaves than the Dregs of the People.*"

Extract of the Votes of the Houſe of Commons.

Nov. 29. An ingroſſed Bill from the Lords, intituled, An Act to repeal an act of the 26th Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act to permit Perſons, profeſſing the Jewiſh Religion, to be naturalized by Parliament, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, was read the third Time.

Reſolved, Nemine contradicente, That the Bill do paſs.

Dec. 4. The Houſe has moved, that an Act made in the 13th Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act for naturalizing ſuch Foreign Proteſtants, and others therein mentioned, as are ſettled, or ſhall ſettle, in any of his Majeſty's Colonies in America, might be read:

And the ſame being read accordingly; A Motion was made, and the Queſtion being put, that Leave be given to bring in a Bill to repeal ſo much of the ſaid Act, as relates to Perſons profeſſing the Jewiſh Religion, who ſhall come to ſettle in any of the ſaid Colonies, after a Time to be limited:

It paſſed in the Negative.

Nov. 30. In Corſica all Things are at preſent in the greateſt Confuſion, there being implacable Factions in almoſt every Town through the Iſland, who ſuffer no Opportunity to eſcape them of doing private or publick Miſchief to each other, by which Induſtry is cramped, and Commerce annihilated.

We hear that ſome of the Royal Family have cauſed it to be made known, that no Perſon depending on them, muſt make their Appearance in any Part of their Dreſs, but what is purely of the Engliſh Manufacture.

Dec. 6. According to private Letters from Copenhagen, Perſons of Penetration are divided in their Sentiments as to the Deſtination of the Squadron that is to be equipped in the Spring, which ſome ſay will be ſent into the Mediterranean, while others imagine that it will be employed nearer home, ſince from ſome Circumſtances it may be collected that a Fleet of Obſervation will make its Appearance this enſuing Summer in the Baltick.

Charles-Town, South-Carolina, Feb. 12.

On Saturday arrived here His Majeſty's Sloop Jamaica, and on Sunday His Majeſty's Ship Shoreham, commanded by Capt. Julian Legge, from their Cruize in the Windward Paſſage; by which we are informed, that on their Arrival at Turks Iſland, the Caicos's and Heneaga, they met with no French Inhabitants, nor had any yet ſettled there: The only Marks of Poſſeſſion they found on thoſe Iſlands were, Croſſes and large Poſts erected, to which were affixed Copper-plates, whereon were engraved the French King's Arms, and an Inſcription to this Effect, *The Continuation of the Poſſeſſion of Lewis the XVth, King of France, 1753*; all which Marks of Poſſeſſion they cut down and brought away; and, leſt the French ſhould ill treat the Bermudians who were on thoſe Iſlands, when they ſhould find their Marks taken away, Capt. Legge thought proper to direct Lieutenant Sergeant of the Jamaica, who was the Officer that went on Shore, to leave at thoſe Keys the following Declaration, viz.

'*To prevent any Violence being uſed to any of the People who live on Grand-Key, Salt-Key, or Seal-Key, it is thought proper to leave this Declaration, that we cut down the Arms of the moſt Chriſtian King, and the Croſſes that were ſet up as Marks of Poſſeſſion on the ſaid Iſlands, and carried the ſame away, purſuant to Inſtructions for ſo doing: And farther, that his Britannick Majeſty will not ſuffer any Marks of Poſſeſſion to be put up on any of the Keys or Iſlands known by the Name of Turks-Iſlands. Dated 21ſt of January, 1754.*'

We are farther informed, that a Sloop belonging to Capt. David Cutler Braddock of Providence (commanded by Capt. Mackay) which ſail'd from thence at the ſame Time with the Men of War (and on board whom Capt. Legge had put one of his Mates to obſerve Signals) arrived at Turks Iſlands the Day before them, was taken by an armed Sloop, mann'd with Spaniards, who firſt ſtripped Capt. Mackay and his Crew naked, afterwards whipped and obliged them to jump over-board, and ſwim to the Shore for their Lives, and then carried off the Veſſel.

The Salley, of and for Boſton, from Antigua, Henry Irving Maſter, foundered at Sea, about 6 Weeks ago, a little to the Southward of Bermuda: The Captain and Crew took to their Boat, and got to Providence in 18 Days, from whence they are come here.

February 19.

The Depoſitions of William Lewis, Allan Stuart, and Henry Bull, lately belonging to a certain Sloop called the Elizabeth, of which Capt. David Cutler Braddock (then a Pilot on Board his Majeſty's Ship Shoreham) was owner; who, being duly ſworn on the Holy Evangeliſts of Almighty God, depoſe and ſay,

THAT on Tueſday the 15th Day of January 1754, they anchored, in a Sloop called the Elizabeth, William Mackay Maſter, which then attended on his Majeſty's Ship Shoreham, at Turks-Iſland, as the appointed Place of Rendezvous, having parted Company with the Ship, a few Days before in a hard Gale of Wind. That on Wedneſday the 16th of ſaid Month, a large Spaniſh Sloop of 8 Carriage and ſome Swivel Guns, with about 20 Men, came in there, and, without any Reaſon or Provocation, run under the Stern of the ſaid Elizabeth Sloop, fired ſeveral Shot at her, and called to the People to ſend their Boat on Board immediately; which they accordingly did, with a Mate that belonged to the Shoreham, and two of the Sloop's Men, whom the Spaniards detained. That ſome of the Spaniards then came on board the Elizabeth, and took Poſſeſſion of her; immediately after which they plundered all the Men (15 in Number) of all their Money, Cloaths, and other Neceſſaries, ſtripping them naked, and uſing them extremely ill in other Reſpects. That the ſame Afternoon (January 16th) the Spaniards put 6 of the Elizabeth's People into their Boat (three of which were the Deponents) in order to land them on Turks-Iſland, but when they came near the Surge on the Shore, they obliged them all to jump over-board and Swim to the Beach, where they left them without either Victuals or Drink.

The Deponents farther ſay, That the other 9 Men belonging to the Elizabeth (among which was the Mate of the Man of War) were confined in the Hold, and carried away; for as the Spaniards expected the Man of War to arrive, every Moment, he ſail'd from Turks Iſland, on Wedneſday, the 17th of January, at two a Clock in the Morning, with the Elizabeth Sloop. That on the 18th, in the Afternoon, the Shoreham and Jamaica Men of War, arrived there, by whom the Deponents were taken on board. That they do believe, as it blew very hard the Day after the Spaniards ſail'd, they would put into Cape-Francois, or ſome other of the Ports to Leeward of Hiſpaniola; but that they were told, the Spaniſh Sloop belonged to St. Domingo, and was commanded by one Don Juan Calſado. And farther theſe Deponents ſay not. WILLIAM LEWIS, ALLAN STUART, HENRY BULL.

Examined and ſworn before me on Board his Majeſty's Ship Shoreham, the 20th of January, 1754.

JULIAN LEGGE.

After taking the foregoing Depoſitions, Capt. Legge went to Cape-Francois, ſuppoſing the Spaniards might have gone in there, but not meeting with them in that Port, he ſent Expreſſes to St. Domingo on the Occaſion.

The Generous Friend, Stevenſon, from London, is arrived at Georgia; where there were 17 Sail of Sea Veſſels laſt Week.

There are now but 38 Veſſels in this Port, viz. Fifteen Ships, 11 Snows, 1 Brigantine (of which about 15 are loaded) 2 Schooners, and 9 Sloops. And all the Store Houſes in Town are full of Rice.

St. JOHN's, in ANTIGUA, February 8.

Since our laſt ſail'd from this Port, the Schooner Swanton, William Blany Maſter, bound for Boſton, which arrived here on Chriſtmas-Day, with ſix Men on board, in a very diſtreſs'd Condition from the Banks of Nova-Scotia, where ſhe lay fiſhing, the 12th of November laſt, in Sight of ſeven other fiſhing Schooners, which were all diſpers'd the ſame Day in a violent Gale from N. N. W. to N. W. About twelve at Night the Swanton ſhipp'd a Sea that carried away her Boat, Mainſail, Main and Fore Boom, beſt Bow Anchor, Companions, Quarter Rail, Crotchet, and ſhifted her Hold; thus wreck'd they beat till the firſt of December, when unanimouſly agreed to [illegible] All the Proviſions [illegible] they liv'd ten Days upon Fiſh and Urine, with not a Gill of freſh Water each per Day, to produce and qualify their Urine. Some of the Men drank Quarts of Salt Water. One of their weakeſt Hands fell overboard the Morning they arrived, and was drowned.----We are informed that the Schooners which ſeparated from the Swanton as above, were all caſt away on the Iſland of Sable, and the Men ſaved. Sable is ſituated E. S. E. about thirty Leagues from Halifax.

Feb. 15. Laſt Tueſday arrived here, in Diſtreſs, the Snow John and Archibald, of Glaſgow, Robert Claſgow Maſter, which, in her Paſſage from Virginia to Glaſgow, in Lat. 32 15. on the 24th ult. met with a terrible Gale of Wind at W. S. W. attended with a very high Sea, and ſprung a Leak, which conſtantly employ'd both her Pumps till, and after, the Day they put in here. The Violence of the Gale obliged them to ſcud under a reef'd Fore-ſail which was almoſt continually becalmed by a turbulent Sea; to remedy this, and eaſe the labouring Veſſel, ſome Men were ordered to ſet a double reef'd Main-top-ſail; but as they were climbing the Shrouds, the Execution of this Order was then prevented by Lightning and a tremendous Clap of Thunder, which ſuddenly ſplit the Main-top-maſt, conſiderably damaged the Rigging, and caſt two Men from the Shrouds into the Sea, where they periſh'd: Two more upon Deck, were alſo ſtruck in the ſame Inſtant; one immediately expired, and the other ſtill remains incapable of performing Duty. Reduced to this unlovely Condition, by the warring Elements, the ſix Souls remaining on board, unanimouſly agreed to bear away and ſeek Aſſiſtance in this hoſpitable Port, and more indulgent Climate.

The Sloop Buckſkin, Adam Wilſon Maſter, which ſail'd from this Port ſome Time ago, bound to New-York, alſo put in here the 12th, having been diſtreſs'd with a hard Squall ſhe met with, on the 20th ult. in Lat. 39. 40. which obliged her to lay to immediately. The Sea ran high and continually broke over her, with unfavourable Froſt all Night, condenſed above a Foot thick on the Deck, and much about her Rigging, which fatigued and embarraſſed them greatly for ſeveral Days and Nights, when finding no other Remedy would anſwer their Wiſhes to avoid ſuch killing Froſt, and Apprehenſions of Famine, they reſolutely work'd and cleared away enough of Ice from the fore Part of the Veſſel to ſet a Sail free, and then put her before the Wind for this Port.

NEW-YORK, March 11.

Captain Codwiſe, who arrived here this Day Week, in Twenty-four Days from Barbados, removes the Suſpicion inſerted in our laſt, with Regard to the Fowey Man of War being burnt at Sea, as he ſays, That at the Time the Light was ſeen off Antigua ſhe was then at Tobago, and had returned to Barbados before he left that Iſland: That ſhe had taken a French Sloop at Tobago, and brought her up to Barbados, at which Place a French Man of War was arrived to demand her, but had received no ſatisfactory Anſwer when Captain Codwiſe left Bridgetown; and, That ſhe again had left Barbados, and gone down to Antigua, in order to know the General's Pleaſure in appointing a Convoy to about Thirty-five Sail of Northern Men at Barbados, ready to ſail for the Iſland of Tortugas.

We are further told by Capt. Codwiſe, that the Inhabitants of Barbados, are very impatient for the Return of their long-abſent and wiſh'd for Governor Grenville, as the laſt Veſſels from England had brought Intelligence of his Excellency's Expectation to return and reaſſume the Government of an Iſland, no leſs remarkable for its Loyalty and Affection to the Crown, than its Obedience and Reſpect to its Superiors in the Adminiſtration.

By Capt. Ebbets, who arrived here on Saturday laſt, in 35 Days from the Muſquito Shore, we are told, That the Capts. Jones and Koſſler, in a Sloop and Brig of this Port, left that Place a few Days before

Best possible image.

before he arrived there, for the Bay of Honduras: That Captain Cuzzins, of Rh. Iſland, arrived there about the Time he ſailed: That three Perſons who had eſcaped from a Spaniſh Brig at Truxillo, came to Governor Pitts, on the Shore, and reported, That the Veſſel to which they had belong'd, and which proved to be the Brig formerly commanded by Capt. Menzie, (whoſe Return we mentioned in our laſt) in Conſort with another, mounting each from 12 to 18 Guns, were diſpatch'd from Port-Mahoo to ſearch the Muſquitoes, and if nought conſiderable fell in their Way, were to go immediately to the Bay; and that two Galleys were at the Fort only waiting the Return of the Brigs to put to Sea, as they wanted Men where-with-all to be equipp'd: And, That off the Weſt End of Cuba, he ſpoke with one Captain Rogers, in a Snow bound Home from Jamaica, who told him, that a few Days before, he had reliev'd with Proviſions and other Neceſſaries, a Sloop he had ſpoke with from the Muſquitoes bound to Jamaica, who had loſt all her Mules, and was otherways in Diſtreſs: The Captain's Name was Pullen, and ſuppos'd to belong to Rhode-Iſland. This Captain Rogers, unacquainted with the Windward Paſſage, earneſtly requeſted the Company of Capt. Ebbets through; and although promiſed it, yet the Snow, ſoon after they ſpoke each other, going to Leeward in a very extraordinary Manner, ſoon diſappear'd, and Capt. Ebbets ſaw nothing of her the next Morning, although he gave her an Hour's Purſuit to recover the Sight.

Captain Ewing, in a Sloop belonging to the two Meſſrs. Hopes, Merchants in Amſterdam, richly laden from thence bound to the Muſquitoes, was caſt away about ſix Weeks ſince, a ſmall Diſtance from where Capt. Ebbets ſail'd. The Cargo only ſaved.

In Captain Ebbets is returned Nicholas Burger, formerly Maſter of the Sloop Mary, of this Port, but mentioned in this Paper of the 5th of November laſt, to be taken on the 12th Day of September, 1753, on his Paſſage from the Muſquitoes to the Bay of Honduras. He informs us, that a Night or two after he was taken, the Spaniards endeavouring to get into Port with his Sloop, run aſhore near Mahoo, where ſhe was, together with the Cargo, entirely loſt; and the Galley which he was on board of very narrowly eſcaped the ſame Diſaſter near her: That after he got into Mahoo, where he was uſed conſiderably better than many of his Countrymen then there, the Captain of one of the Brigs then ready to ſail on a Cruize, very kindly invited him on board, with the Aſſurance of being ſet at Liberty the firſt convenient Opportunity that ſhould preſent; but tho' they had two ſeveral Attempts for his Diſcharge while on the Cruize, yet they were obliged to put into Porto Cavally, a Place two Leagues to Windward of Mahoo, where he landed; and rather than try a third Attempt on board the Brig, or ſtay in Cavally, he, with ſeven others, choſe to travel round to the Place where Governor Pitts lived on the Muſquito Shore, being 360 Miles Diſtance, which they, with great Difficulty, perform'd in 18 Days Time, ſwimming and wading a Number of ſmall Rivers they met with in their Journey, and ſuſtain'd themſelves on what they caught along the Shore Side. Governor Pitts civilly entertain'd them all, until Captain Ebbets ſail'd, which was near three Weeks.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Inward Entries.

Schooner Anne, G. M'Lennan from New-England. Sloop Free-Maſon, G. Brins from Boſton. Sloop Polly, G. Codwiſe from Barbados. Sloop Diamond, N. Laurence from St. Euſtatia. Brig William, J. Roome from Liſbon.

Outwards. *Sloop Seaflower, Th. Moore for New-England. Brig Banker, G. Wilmot for Boſton. Sloop Benjamin, W. Dickenſon for South-Carolina. Schooner Sea-Nymph, Edward Styles for Antigua. Snow Edinburgh, J. French for Newry in Ireland.*

Cleared. *Sloop Charming-Hannah, J. Bennet to Boſton. Sloop Rambler, L. King to New-Foundland. Sloop Endeavour, D. Merſereau to N. Carolina. Schooner Sarah and Frances, J. Conyers to S. Carolina. Sloop Prince of Orange, P. Albouy to St. Chriſtophers. Sloop Coracoa-Packet, S. Dunſcomb to Madeira. Brig Elizabeth, L. Lyell to Port Liverpool, and Newry in Ireland.*

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.

We hear that the General Aſſembly of this Province is to meet here the ſecond of next Month by Summons from the Governor.

Since our laſt Capt. Knox, from Liverpool, but laſt from Minehead, arrived here, by whom there is Advice, that the Carolina, Meſnard, was to leave London for this Place about the End of January; that the Whitworth, Blake, from this Port, had got ſafe to Briſtol; and that a Ship ſaid to belong here, was tow'd into Arcklow in Ireland, without her Maſts, and her Hold almoſt full of Water.

Captain Dreſon, from Liſbon, informs us, that the Captains Stamper, Dowers, and Edwards, were all to ſail ſoon from thence for this Town.

We hear from Jamaica, that the Friendſhip, Hiern, is ſafe arrived there from this Place.

Friday laſt Capt. Downie, in the Snow Nelly, came up from Antigua, who adviſes, that while he was at that Iſland, a new Snow, belonging to Boſton, and bound to St. Chriſtophers, put in there, having loſt her Maſts, Boats, &c. in a Gale of Wind, but was gone to Leeward: That Capt. Houſton, from this Harbour, Capt. Ford, from Wilmington, and Capt. Sibbald, of this Port, from Madeira, were all arrived there, and Houſton gone to Leeward, whoſe Mate was kill'd on the Paſſage by the Boom of the Veſſel: And that Capt. Sage, bound hither from Barbados, having ſprung his Maſt, had touch'd at Antigua, but ſailed again the Day before him.

Capt. Downie ſpoke with Capt. Rees for Barbados, about 20 Leagues from our Capes.

Extract of a Letter from Antigua, Feb. 19, 1754.

"Our Iſland is in great Diſtreſs for want of Rain, our Ponds, which are the chief Support of our Cattle and Horſes, are moſtly dry, and many of them have been ſo for a long Time. One of our Ponds in Town, that has ſcarce been dry theſe 12 Years, has now been ſo five or ſix Weeks; not a Drop of freſh Water in Town, ſave ſome few Cifterns, that are careſully locked up, and only uſed for Drinking-water, and that will be ſoon very ſcarce and dear, if we are not relieved by the Hand of Providence; and if this Weather continues, our Crops will be very ſhort."

Extract of another Letter from Antigua, February 21, 1754.

"*Some Time ago a Negroe, a notorious Gameſter and Thief, was hanged here, for deluding a Stranger, in the Night, to a Lodging where he had free Acceſs; and, after he was aſleep, robbing him of his Breeches and a conſiderable Sum of Money. Several of the Negroe's Comrades, leſs culpable, were ty'd and whipt at the Gallows, while he was hanging.*"

Yeſterday the Ship Lark, Capt. Morriſon, arrived here from Antigua, who ſpoke with Capt. Albuoy for St. Euſtatia from New-York on Wedneſday laſt, 60 Leagues from our Capes. Capt. Vaughan, from this Place, was not arrived, when Capt. Morriſon ſail'd; tho' Capt. Currie, from Wilmington, who ſail'd with him, had been arrived ſome Time, and gone to Leeward.

Arriv'd at Antigua from other Ports, viz.

The Molly, Scott, Nancy, Williams, Fanny, Haines, Eaſtern Branch, Neven, and Sally, Sullivan, from Virginia. Induſtry, Caldwell, from Maryland. Lydia, Watton, from Boſton. Phœnix, Fairchild, from New-London. And Catherine, Creighton, from New-York.

At Charles-Town, South-Carolina.

The Deſire, Lobdell, Dorcheſter, Hormbey, and Sarah, Potts, from Boſton. Succeſs, Topham, from Rhode-Iſland. And Carolina, Schermerhorn, from New-York.

The Nancy, Ewing; and Peggy, Abercrombie, are ſailed from Charles-Town for Cowes.

On Tueſday Night laſt the Houſe of Mr. Hudſon, in Market-ſtreet, was broke open, and robb'd of ſundry Kitchen Furniture; which Houſe has been ſeveral Times attempted lately.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Eagle, Ferdinand Bowde, from Boſton.
Brig Port Packet, Dennis M'Carty, from Dublin.
Brig Neptune, William Knox, from Liverpool.
Ship Lydia, Peter Reeve, from Jamaica.
Snow Nelly, William Downie, from Antigua.
Brig Cumberland, John Lownes, from Jamaica.
Brig Princeſs, Matthew Dreſon, from Liſbon.
Ship Lark, George Morriſon, from Antigua.
---- Betty Sally, Edward Snead, from Bourdeaux.
Sloop Free-Maſon, George Briggs, from New York.
---- Fanny, Rudeman Robinſon, from South-Carolina.
Brig Shirley, Oſwell Ewe, from Hiſpaniola.
---- Princeſs Louiſa, ---------- from St. Euſtatia.

OUTWARDS.

Sloop Prudence, Bernard Badger, for Weſt-Indies.
---- Suſannah and Nelly, John Hazelwood, for Virginia.
Ship Carpenter, Hugh Bowes, for Barbados.
Sloop Eagle, Ferdinand Bowde, for Newfoundland.
Snow Mary, Nathaniel Donnell, for Antigua.
Brig Molly, John Shankland, for St. Chriſtophers.

CLEARED.

Sloop Betſey, Thomas Auſtin, to Boſton.
Ship Henrietta, John Roſs, to South Carolina.
Ship Molly, William Alliſon, to Cork.
Sloop Dolphin, John Auſtin to St. Kitts.
---- Polly, Robert Ellis, to South-Carolina.

To be ſold by
POLE and HOWELL,

A Good new riding chair, and chaiſe, beſt ſall mackrell, oil, lampblack, gunpowder, Briſtol pipes, with ſundry European goods. Likewiſe good Engliſh Clover-ſeed, at Twelve-pence per pound.

N. B. JOHN POLE inclines to lett part of his houſe, with about 15 acres of good land, lying on the Lower-Ferry road, about two Miles from Town.

PETER PATRIDGE, Skreen-maker,

HAS removed from the houſe of Joſeph Saul, in Market-ſtreet, to the houſe of Charles Stow, ſenior, at the ſign of the Half Moon, on the other ſide of the ſame ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite the New-Printing-Office. Where all perſons may be ſupplied with wheat-ſkreens, hopper-ſkreens, flax-ſkreens, wire riddles. Alſo all ſorts of bird-cages, rat-traps, mouſe-traps, &c. made after the beſt and neateſt manner.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, living in Darby, Cheſter county, a plantation, ſituated in Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, containing 150 acres of land, about one half cleared, a conſiderable quantity of meadow cleared, and more may be made, the other part well-water'd and timber'd; there is on the premiſes a large ſtone dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, ſpring-houſe and orchard, lying convenient to ſeveral mills, about a mile from John Roberts's mill, and ten from Philadelphia, there being a publick road running through it. The purchaſer may have a conſiderable time for payment of one half of the money, giving ſecurity and paying intereſt. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms by applying to RICHARD LLOYD.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, living in Brandiwine hundred, Newcaſtle county, a plantation, containing 170 acres of timber land, ſituated in Little Britain, Lancaſter county, adjoining peach bottom lands, upon Saſquehannah river, there may be very good meadow made, the premiſes being well watered. Reaſonable time will be allowed for payment of the purchaſe-money, as per agreement. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to Thomas Grubb, in ſaid place, who will ſhew the premiſes, or to the ſubſcriber, who will ſhew the title, and inform of the conditions of ſale. EMANUEL GRUBB, junior.

RUN away on the 16th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Kingſeſs, Philadelphia county, an Engliſh ſervant man, named Thomas Hall, about 21 years of age, five feet eight inches high, ſlim made, has a down look, with ſhort black curled hair: Had on when he went away, two blue jackets, with ſlaſh ſleeves, and braſs buttons on the ſame, and carved buttons on the breaſt, light colour'd cloth breeches, homeſpun ſhirt, purple colour'd ſtockings, half worn ſhoes, with large braſs buckles. He ſtole from his maſter a Four Piſtole piece, and a Two Piſtole piece of Gold. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by SWAN JUSTIS.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

TO be ſold by EDMUND NIHELL, in Sixth-ſtreet, between Market-ſtreet and Cheſtnut-ſtreet, five years leaſe of a dwelling-houſe, with a large and commodious brewhouſe, malt houſe, which has two kilns, and floors ſufficient to malt ſix thouſand buſhels, ſtables and out offices, with the brewing utenſils all in good order, the tun will maſh near ſeventy buſhels, the other veſſels are in proportion, and ſufficient cellars, alſo a thriving young hop-yard, very well cultivated, with ſufficient poles, by the laſt year's produce (being the firſt) it is judged it will yield this year a thouſand weight. Alſo a good dray horſe, breeding mare, a yearling foal, and mill-horſe. Likewiſe the intereſt of nine years leaſe of a twelve acres paſture, on Moyamenſing road, near Mr. Henis's brick yard, now under a crop of rye.

N. B. Samuel Carpenter inclines to ſell the dwelling-houſe, brewhouſe, and premiſes thereunto belonging, with a good copper, which holds 18 barrels, and a double geer'd horſe-mill.

For LONDON,
The SHIP
LYDIA,
PETER REEVE,
Commander;

Having Part of her Cargoe provided, will ſail by the latter End of April. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to the ſaid Commander, or James Pemberton.

To be SOLD, by
BENJAMIN MIFFLIN,
At his ſtore, formerly Anthony Morris's malt-houſe, near the Draw-bridge,

IRISH potatoes, at 3s. 9d. by the ſingle buſhel, and 3s. 4d. by the quantity; onions by the bunch or buſhel; Rhode-Iſland cheeſe; raiſins; lemons; bohea and green tea, coffee, chocolate, pepper, alſpice, ginger, indico, wine, rum, ſugar, nails, New-York beef, mackrel, ſoap and candles, wholeſale or retail; Indian corn, flour by the barrel or ſmaller quantity; and ſundry other goods. ⊕ 5 W.

STray'd or ſtolen from John Howard, Joiner, of Philadelphia, on the fourth of January laſt, A black mare, with a ſtar in her forehead, and a ſnip on her noſe, one of her hind feet white, about 14 hands high, paces and trots, and goes a ſmall hand gallop, about 6 or 7 years old. Whoever brings the ſaid mare to the owner, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward if ſtray'd, or Forty Shillings if ſtolen and the thief taken, paid by JOHN HOWARD. Tbc.

A SCHEME

Of a LOTTERY, for raiſing the ſum of *Six Hundred and Seventy-five Pounds*, to be applied to erecting a School-Houſe, aſſiſting a Schoolmaſter, &c. for the benefit of the poor of the ſociety of the Dutch Reformed Congregation, commonly called the Calviniſts, in Philadelphia.

Number of Prizes.		Value in Pieces of Eight.		Total Value.
1	of	500	is	500
2	of	250	are	500
3	of	200	are	600
12	of	100	are	1200
20	of	50	are	1000
40	of	25	are	1000
200	of	10	are	2000
850	of	6	are	5100
			First drawn,	50
1128	Prizes,		Laſt drawn,	50
1872	Blanks,			
3000	Tickets, at four Pieces of Eight,			12000

Not quite one blank and three quarters to a prize.

AS ſoon as the lottery is drawn, an account of the fortunate tickets ſhall be publiſhed in the Pennſylvania Gazette, and the prizes paid by the ſigners of the reſpective tickets, after deducting Fifteen per Cent.

The following perſons are appointed managers, viz. Henry Baſſler, Daniel Bouton, Leonard Melchior, John Goll, Jacob Utrey, John Stillwagon, Jacob Maag, Bernard Lawerſwyler, Chriſtopher Geller, and John Kempfer, who are to give bond, and be on oath for the faithful performance of their truſt.

The prizes not demanded in ſix months after the drawing, to be deemed generouſly given for the uſes aforeſaid, and not to be demanded afterwards.

We hope a deſign of this kind will meet with publick encouragement, as the ſociety, without troubling others, hitherto have done all in their power to erect a place of worſhip in this city; but conceiving the inſtructing the riſing generation of the utmoſt conſequence, and many of the ſociety unable to bear the expence of ſchooling, they have been tempted to take theſe meaſures to procure publick help to erect a ſchool-houſe, and aſſiſting a maſter in inſtructing the helpleſs in the principles of religion, and the uſeful knowledge of reading and writing.

The drawing to begin on the 20th day of May next, and to continue till finiſhed, at the new building next door to the ſign of the Saſſafras-tree, in Saſſafras-ſtreet, commonly called Race-ſtreet, where due attendance and care ſhall be given by the managers; ſuch of the adventurers as chuſe to attend, may be by at the drawing.---Some tickets remaining abroad that we have no account of yet, and a few undiſpoſed of by the managers, oblige us thus to put off the drawing for a few weeks.

Which tickets are now ſelling by the above managers, at their reſpective dwellings; and by Jacocb Winey, Michael Deal, and Henry Shellenberg.

To be LETT,

TWO plantations in the townſhip of Benſalem, Bucks county, ſituated on the river Delaware, with good meadow ground to each, the one contains 135 acres, or thereabouts, adjoining the ferry, called Dunk's Ferry (now Hill's) the other upwards of 100 acres, about three quarters of a mile nearer to Philadelphia; they may be lett together or ſeparately, with or without a handy Negroe boy, about fifteen years old, now on the premiſes. Enquire of ROBERT GREENWAY, in Philadelphia.

The ſervice of ſundry Germans, viz. a butcher, taylor, ſmith, huſbandman, weaver, and ſome women and children, are to be diſpoſed of by GREENWAY and RUNDLE.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of John Johnſon, late of the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment, or expect further trouble; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted by JACOB DUBRE, and JOHN HOOD, adminiſtrators.

N. B. Whereas there are ſeveral books miſſing, ſuppoſed to be lent by the deceaſed, viz. Cole's Latin dictionary, and ſeveral other books, both Latin and Engliſh, thoſe that have them in poſſeſſion are deſired to return them to the ſaid Dubre and Hood.

Philadelphia, December 14, 1753.

RUN away laſt night from the ſubſcriber, living in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, An Iriſh ſervant lad, named John Hanley, about 19 or 20 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, has a ſmooth face, and ruddy complexion, grey rowling eyes, and ſhort brown hair: Took with him, A brown linſey-woolſey jacket with dark ſtripes in the back parts, lined with linſey, of ſheeps grey, grey yarn ſtockings, new ſhoes, with carved white metal buckles; he alſo ſtole and took with him, an aſh colour'd drab coat, lined before with ſhaloon of the ſame colour, a half worn wool hat, a new ſlag ſilk handkerchief, a reddiſh brown country ſtuff jacket, lined with brown ſhaloon, with light mohair buttons, a light colour'd camblet coat, check trowſers, a black wig, three ſhirts of eight hundred linen, in a linen bag, and may have other things not known. He has run away ſeveral times, writes counterfeit paſſes, and perhaps may have one with him. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

GEORGE MACKRILL.

N. B. He had an iron collar about his neck. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. Tbc 9 mo.

RUN away on the 17th ult. from the ſubſcriber, living in Red-lion hundred, Newcaſtle county, a ſervant man, named Matthew Morriſon, a ſhort well-ſet fellow, with brown buſhy hair, about 23 years of age: Had on when he went away, a light-iſh colour'd coat, with white metal buttons, a white flannel jacket, with flat braſs buttons, two homeſpun ſhirts, an old felt hat, a pair of blue camblet breeches, two pair of ſtockings, one pair blue worſted, the other mixed yarn, a pair of old ſhoes, half ſoaled, with braſs buckles; he formerly ſerved Nathaniel Grub, in Cheſter county. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN TAYLOR, or ALEXANDER MONTGOMERY.

Elizabeth-town, New-Jerſey, Feb. 22, 1754.

TWENTY PIECES of EIGHT Reward.

WHereas Iſaac Cory, ſon of John Cory, of Elizabeth-town, went away from his parents that very cold Tueſday, the 22d of January laſt, ſuppoſed to be ſomething diſorder'd in his mind, which cauſed diligent ſearch to be made, for fear he was frozen to death; he was 16 years of age, of a middle ſize, had dark eyes, and light hair: Had on two dark grey jackets, with pewter buttons, the upper one with ſlaſh ſleeves, old wool hat, leather breeches, with braſs buttons, old ſhoes, grey ſtockings, and a coarſe ſhirt. If he be living, any perſon that will bring him home, ſhall have Twenty Pieces of Eight reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN CORY.

NOtice is hereby given, That the Lottery for building a publick Wharff at Baltimore Town, Maryland, will certainly begin to be drawn on the 18th Day of April next.

N. B. There are a few Tickets remaining unſold in the Hands of James Stevenſon, in Water-Street, who will pay the Numbers ſold by him that happen to come up fortunate.

ALL Sorts of Printing-Work, Dutch and Engliſh, done by WILLIAM DUNLAP, Printer, at Lancaſter.

Philadelphia, March 6, 1754.

RUN away on the 5th inſtant from the ſubſcriber, in Fogs Manor, Cheſter county, a native Iriſh ſervant lad, named Arthur M'Cullough, about 18 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, middle ſtature, pretty full faced, round viſage, mark'd with the ſmall-pox, ſhort black curled hair: Had on when he went away, a grey ratteen coat, with metal buttons, part of it lined with old black ratteen, and part with linſey, ſtriped linſey waiſt coat, old dirty ſheepſkin breeches, with trowſers, new blue ſtockings, new ſhoes, without buckles, new felt hat, and coarſe oznabrigs ſhirt. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN BLACK.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

WILLIAM DAWS,
SAIL-MAKER, from London,

DEſires to acquaint the publick, that he has taken the brick ſtore on John Pole's wharff, the next below Cheſtnut-ſtreet wharff, where he carries on the Sail-making buſineſs, fitting and preventing marline-holes, as in London, at Two-pence Halfpenny per yard: All perſons that pleaſe to employ him, may depend upon having their work done in the beſt manner, by their humble ſervant, WILLIAM DAWS.

Philadelphia, March 12, 1754.

RUN away on Friday night the 5th inſtant, from Henry Wolff, of Alſace townſhip, Berks county, a Dutch ſervant man, called Henry Gowmiller, about 37 years of age, five feet five inches high, of a ſandy complexion: Had on when he went away, a yellow wig, fine hat, whitiſh coat, mixed with blue, a fuſtian jacket, and a linſey woolſey ditto, blue cloth breeches, old ſhoes, and a pair of blue or white ſtockings; he alſo took with him maſons tools, and a leather apron. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, paid by HENRY WOLFF.

TO be ſold on the firſt day of April next, a plantation, in Coventry townſhip, Cheſter county, the property of Samuel Meredith, containing 237 acres, about 100 acres cleared, and under good fence, having good buildings thereon, with two apple orchards, one peach orchard, a quantity of meadow, and much more may be made. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe ſaid plantation, may apply to SAMUEL FLOWER, and know the terms of ſale, either on the day of ſale, or before if required.

TO be ſold, by publick vendue, on the premiſes, on the firſt day of April next, a lot of ground, on the ſouth-ſide of South-ſtreet, containing 100 feet front, and 360 feet deep, with two brick two ſtory houſes thereon, good cellars under the ſame, a good large kitchen, of brick and ſtone, two ſtory high, a good pump in the yard, a garden with ſome fruit trees, and a large fram'd ſlaughter-houſe. The ſaid lot is ſubject to a yearly ground-rent of 5 l. Sterling. Alſo one other lot adjoining the ſame on the aforeſaid ſtreet, bounded on the weſt-ſide by a lot and improvements of Mr. George Emlen junior, and contains in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 146 feet 5 inches, and in length or depth 360, or thereabouts. The ground is well manur'd and improv'd, and in good order for gardens, under good fence, and clear of ground-rent. Likewiſe 108 acres, with the allowance of 6 acres of woodland, ſituated at the head of Chickaſtungas Creek, in Lebanon townſhip, and county of Lancaſter, and is ſituated on a convenient place for a ſtore. The title is indiſputable. The purchaſer, paying two thirds of the conſideration money, may have credit for the remainder, paying intereſt. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe before the day of ſale, may apply to the owner of ſaid lands, living on the premiſes. CONRAD WALTACKER.

For ANTIGUA,

The Snow
MARY,
Nathaniel Donnell *Commander,*
Will ſail with all Expedition.
For freight or paſſage, apply to John Reynell, *or ſaid commander on board.*

For DUBLIN directly,

The Brigantine
FRIENDSHIP,
Patrick Kelley, *Maſter,*
For freight or paſſage, apply to Randle *and* Alexander Mitchell, *or ſaid Maſter on board, at* Tun-Alley *wharff.*

To be SOLD or LETT, by
MARTHA GREEN,

A LARGE commodious brick houſe, 40 feet ſquare, 3 ſtories high, 4 rooms on a floor, a genteel court yard, neatly pailed in, a brick waſh-houſe, neceſſary houſe, pump in the yard, good garden, and orchard, fit for a gentleman's ſeat, ſituated about a mile from the city of Philadelphia, on Germantown road, containing thereon 8 perches and a half, and 28 perches and 7 feet back, being the houſe where the ſaid Martha Green now lives. Alſo to be ſold one other brick houſe, with a lot adjoining thereto, as may moſt conveniently ſuit the purchaſer. Likewiſe a good brick houſe, kitchen and garden, with a tanyard, and all other conveniences for the carrying on that buſineſs, being the houſe where Timothy Scarth now lives. Alſo ſome houſes in the city of Philadelphia. Likewiſe ſome lots on the iſland called Petty's iſland, in ſuch quantities in a lot, as may ſuit the purchaſer. Enquire of MARTHA GREEN, Executrix, living on the premiſes.

N. B. Conſiderable time may be had for payment of moſt part of the purchaſe money, upon giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt.

*** All perſons that have any demands on the eſtate of Thomas Green, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be ſettled: And all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, are deſired forthwith to pay their reſpective debts, or they will be ſued for the ſame.

ALL perſons that have any demands againſt the late partnerſhip of Levy and Franks, or eſtate of Nathan Levy, are deſired to bring them in for payment: And all thoſe indebted to them, are earneſtly requeſted to be ſpeedy in their payments, or they may depend on being ſued. DAVID FRANKS.

N. B. To be ſold, exceeding cheap, at the late company's ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, in order to finiſh accounts, A very great aſſortment of European and India goods, cutlary ware, nails, Ruſſia duck, Scotch and rappee ſnuff, &c. &c. &c. Tbctf.

LAtely imported, and to be ſold for ready money, or ſhort credit, by JOSEPH FOX, in Third-ſtreet, and JOHN COX, at his ſtores, on the South ſide of Market-ſtreet wharff, A large and choice parcel of Fyall Wines.

Juſt imported in the laſt ſhips from London and Scotland, and to be ſold cheap for ready money or ſhort credit, by
THOMAS M'JANETT and Company,
At their ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, near the Tun Tavern,

A Large aſſortment of European and India goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon; with broadcloths, kerſeys, halfthicks, red ſerges, flannels, carpets, ſnuff, watches, and ſundry other goods, too tedious to mention. Alſo a very good man and woman's ſaddle. Tbc.

To be SOLD,

A Tract of land, in the Great-Valley, Cheſter county, about 20 miles from Philadelphia, containing 400 acres; 'tis well timbered and watered by the Great-Valley creek, and ſeveral convenient ſprings; there is a quantity of meadow cleared, and much more may be made; the title is good. There is on the premiſes, A dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtable, ſpring-houſe, and an orchard; a great quantity of extraordinary good wheat land may be cleared; it lies convenient to mills, Philadelphia market, and to ſeveral places of publick worſhip. If any perſon inclines to purchaſe, he may know the terms, by applying to Mr. William Griffitts, Merchant, or to Mr. Francis Alliſon, in Philadelphia, or to Iſaac Davis, Eſq; living near the place, in the Great-Valley. Tbctf.

This is to give NOTICE,

THAT the co-partnerſhip between Sankey Hainſworth and Robert Hamilton, of the city of New-York, Merchants, was diſſolved, made void, and of no effect, the twenty-ſixth day of January, 1754; and all perſons that have any bills, notes or demands againſt the ſaid co-partnerſhip, are deſired to apply to Sankey Hainſworth, in order to have them ſettled and diſcharged.

STolen from the ſubſcriber hereof, living in Earl townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the 20th of January laſt, A black mare, with a very long mane and tail, but may be trimmed by the thief, branded with P on the near ſhoulder, a natural pacer, about ſeven years old. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid mare, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me PETER BEAKER.

VERY good hay, in Paſſyunk townſhip, about three miles from town, to be ſold cheap. Enquire of JOSEPH SIMS, below the Draw-bridge.

BENJAMIN GIBBS, SADLER,

HAVING removed from his late dwelling-houſe, in Market-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the ſign of the Indian King, to another houſe in the ſame ſtreet, almoſt oppoſite to James Benezet's, and next door to Joſeph Baker's, at the north-weſt corner of Front and Market-ſtreets, hereby gives notice, that he continues to carry on the Sadler's buſineſs as formerly, where all perſons in town and country may be ſupplied with ſaddles and ſadlary ware, as reaſonable as uſual; thoſe who are pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend upon the beſt uſage, and have their work finiſhed in the beſt manner and neweſt faſhions. § Tbc. 2 Mo.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcribers, a plantation, containing about 245 acres of good land, ſituated in Plumſted townſhip, in Bucks county, about fourteen miles from Newtown, on the main road leading from thence to Durham, late the property of Joſeph Brown, deceaſed; there is on it a good ſtone houſe, and kitchen, with a framed barn, and other out-houſes, two good orchards, twelve acres of meadow cleared, and more may be made; there is more than 100 acres of upland cleared, the whole being under good fence, and well water'd and timber'd. Whoever inclines to purchaſe the ſaid plantation, may apply to the executors, living near the premiſes, and be informed of the title and conditions of ſale.
ALEXANDER BROWN, and NATHAN PRESTON.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, living in Bridge-Town, commonly called Mount-holly, in Burlington county, Weſt-New-jerſey, the following lots of land, viz. A plantation adjoining to the ſaid town, containing 212 acres of land, on which is a good houſe and orchard, with 50 or 60 acres of clear'd land, about 30 acres of deep meadow, the moſt whereof is [illegible] and dry, near 15 acres clear'd and mowable, alſo 12 acres [illegible] good, mostly in clover grass. Another [illegible] acres of good land, about a mile from the above town, the ſouth branch of Rancocas creek, where the tide flows, adjoining to the Old Bridge, on the country road, it has a large ſtream of water running thro' it, ſufficient for a mill, and is ſuppoſed to have 40 acres of good meadow. For terms, enquire of *Abraham Farrington.* Tbc. 3 Mo.

To be SOLD,

SEveral tracts of land, ſituated in the county of Berks; one within about three miles of the town of Reading, on the weſtern ſide of the river Schuylkill, and joining thereto, containing about 200 acres. Another about ſeven miles from Reading, and on the weſtern ſide of the river, lies a conſiderable length on the ſame, and has a run paſſing thro' it, containing about 150 acres. Another, about twelve miles from Reading, and two from Schuylkill, on the weſtern ſide, has ſeveral ſmall ſtreams of water paſſing thro' it, on which a conſiderable quantity of meadow may be made and watered. Another ſituated on Maiden-creek (which runs thro' it, about five miles from the mouth of ſaid creek, there are ſeveral ſtreams or runs paſſing thro' it, by which a large quantity of good land may be water'd, it is remarkably well timber'd, which may be ſawed (there being convenience for a mill of that kind) and floated down in rafts to Reading town, from which it is diſtant about 11 miles, and contains 400 acres, which may be divided into two plantations. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe any of the ſaid tracts, may apply to BENJAMIN LIGHTFOOT, in Reading, or to SAMUEL LIGHTFOOT, in Pikeland, Cheſter county, and be further informed of the terms of ſale, &c.

TO be ſold, 212 acres of good land, well timber'd, and water'd with ſeveral good ſprings, ſituate in Trediffryn, Cheſter county, near Coneſtogoe-road, 15 miles from Philadelphia: The title indiſputable. For terms apply to Joſeph Tucker, or Edward Jones, in Radnor, or to John Roberts, miller, of Merion.

Philadelphia, February 5, 1753.

Province of Pennſylvania, *ſſ.* NOtice is hereby given to all perſons indebted to the honourable the Proprietaries for quit-rent, that attendance will be given at the receiver's office, in Philadelphia, from Friday the 1ſt of March to Saturday the 9th; at Cheſter, from the 11th to the 16th; at Pennſbury, from the 18th to the 23d; at Lancaſter, from the 26th to the 30th inclusive; at which reſpective times and places all who are indebted as aforeſaid are required to pay RICHARD HOCKLEY, or EDMUND PHYSICK.

For *LONDON* directly,

The SHIP
TRYAL,
Will ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having conſiderable part of her Loading engaged, and has good accommodations for paſſengers. For freight or paſſage, apply to Abel James, in Water-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, February 26, 1754.

TO be lett by the ſubſcriber, a good plantation, in the townſhip of Paſſyunk, about four miles from this city, whereof forty acres is good drain'd meadow, and twenty acres choice upland; with a new houſe erected thereon, and a large range on the unimprov'd part thereof; a good ſtock of horſes, cows, &c. and other implements of huſbandry, to be rented therewith, if ſuitable to the tenant. Alſo to be lett or ſold on ground-rent for ever, one hundred and twenty-five acres of fine land, about half a mile diſtant from the above place, with a good houſe and barn, &c. or any part thereof exceeding five acres. Likewiſe to be ſold a tract of land containing three hundred acres, in Bucks county, about ſixteen miles from Philadelphia, bounding upon the line dividing Philadelphia from Bucks. The Southampton road runs thro' part of ſaid tract. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe or rent any of the above ſaid tracts of land, may have a reaſonable time of credit allow'd them, by applying to the owner, BARTHOLOMEW PENROSE, near the Draw-bridge.

N. B. Stolen or ſtray'd away from the firſt mention'd place, a chunky brown horſe, has a black ſpot on one of his buttocks, about the ſize of a ſmall hand. Any perſon producing the ſaid horſe to the ſaid Bartholomew Penroſe, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A Plantation, ſituate in Oxford townſhip, near the church within eight miles of Philadelphia, containing 300 acres of land, about one half cleared, the other well wooded, 22 or 23 acres of meadow, and more may be made, about 200 apple-trees moſt of them juſt beginning to bear, as many bearing heart-cherries, and ſome peach-trees; a large ſtone houſe, two ſtories high four rooms on each floor, good cellars, two kitchens, and a chamber over each; it is made to ſuit either one or two families, a large milk-houſe, and well of fine water in one of the kitchens, two barns, two ſtables, beſides other outhouſes; alſo milch cows, working horſes, ſheep, hogs, waggon, carts, plows, and other implements for huſbandry. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe either plantation, ſtock or implements, may have any reaſonable time for payment, allowing intereſt, and giving ſecurity. The place may be entered upon by tenant or purchaſer the 10th of the Fourth Month called April next. Enquire in Third-ſtreet, between Arch and Market-ſtreets, for SAMUEL PRESTON MOORE. Tbct. 10 A.

To be ſold by the ſubſcribers, at 4 a clock in the afternoon, on the fourth day of April next, by publick vendue, on the premiſes,

THE houſe and lot of ground where Rees Peters late dwelt, ſituated on the north-ſide of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, bounded on the eaſt by ground late of John Bayley's, on the north by ground late of Hermanus Alrichs, weſtward by other ground of ſaid Rees Peters, part of the eſtate of Jonathan Dickinſon, deceaſed, and ſouthward by Cheſtnut-ſtreet aforeſaid, containing in breadth eaſt and weſt 25 feet, and in depth north and ſouth 50 feet. Alſo another houſe and lot, ſituated as the former, bounded on the ſouth by Cheſtnut-ſtreet aforeſaid, eaſtwardly by the above deſcribed lot, northward by a lot late of Hermanus Alrichs aforeſaid, and weſtward by ground part of the eſtate of Jonathan Dickinſon aforeſaid, containing in breadth eaſt and weſt 14 feet 9 inches, and in depth north and ſouth 50 feet; by William Savery, and William Peters, Executors.

N. B. The back part of the firſt deſcribed lot is ſubject to a ground-rent of Eighteen Shillings and Six-pence per annum.

†‡† All perſons that have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate are deſired to bring in their accounts that they may be adjuſted. And thoſe that are indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment. § Tbc 4 W

ON the 15th of April next, will be ſold by publick vendue, by virtue of an order of the orphan's court, at the county of Northampton, the late dwelling plantation of Moſes Dupui, deceaſed, in the poſſeſſion of Daniel Shoemaker, ſituated at Miniſink upon the river Delaware, in Lower Smithfield townſhip, in the ſaid county, late the eſtate of Moſes Dupui, deceaſed, now in the poſſeſſion of Aaron Dupui, Daniel and Ann Shoemaker, Adminiſtrators.

Alſo, at the ſame time, will be ſold, by Daniel Dupui, living near the ſaid plantation, a plantation of 250 acres of very good land, adjoining the above, with a good dwelling-houſe, and barn.

Likewiſe a plantation of 200 acres of land, now in the poſſeſſion of Samuel Dupui, about 30 acres of it being part of an Iſland in the river Delaware, with two dwellings, the greateſt part of it is cleared and fenced. The title indiſputable. ¶ Tbctdof.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A Plantation, or tract of land, containing 485 acres, at Maiden Creek, in the county of Berks, near the Quaker Meeting-houſe, and 7 miles from Reading, with a good dwelling-houſe, new barn, 12 or 14 acres of meadow clear'd, and in good order, a good bearing orchard, with other improvements; there may be made a large quantity more of meadow with little expence, the whole being exceedingly well water'd; there is a good quantity of woodland, and a ſaw-mill, upon the place. Likewiſe a ſmall Tract near the above, containing 40 or 50 acres, with a houſe, and other Improvements. Enquire of Samuel Pennock in Philadelphia, or Benjamin Lightfoot Eſq; at Reading.

To be ſold or lett by the aboveſaid Samuel Pennock, a new and convenient brick dwelling-houſe, three ſtories high, with a kitchen, the houſe three rooms on a floor, and a garden belonging thereunto, with a ſtable, and other conveniences, in Fourth-ſtreet, on the eaſt-ſide, a little above the Academy. Likewiſe to be ſold cheap for ready money, or ſhort credit, at ſaid place, a good milch cow, and three horſes, ſuitable for ploughing or carting, with a new iron chain, collars, &c. Alſo a new ſleigh to be diſpoſed of.

To be SOLD,

A Likely Negro woman, about 28 years old, with her two children, a boy about 7 months old, and a girl about 4 years and a half old. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

TO be ſold by publick vendue on the premiſes, on the firſt day of April next, a tract of land in Eaſt-Nottingham townſhip, in the county of Cheſter, containing 106 acres, whereon John Frew lately dwelt, with a commodious new brick houſe thereon erected, two ſtories high, with four rooms on each floor, and a cellar under the whole, a brick kitchen, and other out-houſes; alſo a large ſtone griſt-mill, fit for country and merchant work, with two pair of ſtones, and bolting mills, &c. (all the mill work new) ſituate on Elk-river, and ſupplied by a never failing ſtream of water; the mill-dam may be ſupported at leſs than Twenty Shillings per annum: There is a large garden paled in, a good young orchard, 30 acres of well improved meadow, and more to be made. Its ſituation is exceedingly pleaſant and healthy, and in a thick inhabited part of the country, and convenient for ſtore-keeping, as well as purchaſing large quantities of wheat, &c. about 15 miles from Whiteclay creek landing. The purchaſer paying one half the conſideration money, may have credit for the reſidue, paying intereſt. Any perſon may be inform'd of the title and terms of ſale, by applying to David Finney in New-Caſtle.

VEry good Lamp-black ſold at the New Printing-Office.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, POST-MASTER, and D. HALL, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the Market.

Best possible image.

March 26, 1754. NUMB. 1318.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

COPY *of Governor* DINWIDDIE's *Letter to the Commandant of the* French *Forces on the* Ohio, *ſent by Major* Waſhington.

SIR,

THE Lands upon the River *Obio*, in the weſtern Parts of the Colony of *Virginia*, are ſo notoriouſly known to be the Property of the Crown of *Great-Britain*, that it is a Matter of equal Concern and Surprize to me, to hear that a Body of *French* Forces are erecting Fortreſſes, and making Settlements upon that River, within his Majeſty's Dominions.

The many and repeated Complaints I have receiv'd of theſe Acts of Hoſtility, lay me under the Neceſſity of ſending, in the Name of the King my Maſter, the Bearer hereof, *George Waſhington*, Eſq; one of the Adjutants General of the Forces of this Dominion, to complain to you of the Encroachments thus made, and of the Injuries done to the Subjects of *Great-Britain*, in open Violation of the Law of Nations, and the Treaties now ſubſiſting between the two Crowns.

If theſe Facts are true, and you ſhall think fit to juſtify your Proceedings, I muſt deſire you to acquaint me, by whoſe Authority and Inſtructions you have lately marched from *Canada*, with an arm'd Force, and invaded the King of *Great Britain*'s Territories, in the Manner complain'd of; that according to the Purport and Reſolution of your Anſwer, I may act agreeably to the Commiſſion I am honour'd with from the King my Maſter.

However, Sir, in Obedience to my Inſtructions, it becomes my Duty to require your peaceable Departure; and that you would forbear proſecuting a Purpoſe ſo interruptive of the Harmony and good Underſtanding, which his Majeſty is deſirous to continue and cultivate with the moſt Chriſtian King.

I perſuade myſelf, you will receive and entertain Major *Waſhington* with the Candour and Politeneſs natural to your Nation; and it will give me the greateſt Satisfaction, if you return him with an Anſwer ſuitable to my Wiſhes for a very long and laſting Peace between us. I have the Honour to ſubſcribe myſelf,

Sir,

Williamſburg, in *Virginia*, *October* 31. 1753. *Your moſt obedient humble Servant,* ROBERT DINWIDDIE.

The COMMANDANT's Anſwer.

Monſieur,

COMME j' ai l' Honneur de commander ici en Chef, Monſieur Waſhington *m'a remis la Lettre que vous ecriviez au Commandant des Trouppes* Françoiſes. *J'aurois eté charmé que vous lui euſſiez donné Ordre, ou qu'il eût eté diſpoſé à ſe rendre en* Canada, *pour voir Monſieur notre General, au quel il appartient mieux qu' à moi, de mettre au jour l' Evidence, et la Realité des Droits du Roi mon Maitre ſur les Terres ſçituées le long de la* Belle Riviere, *et de conteſter les Pretenſions du Roi de la* Grande Bretagne *à cet Egard.*

Je vais addreſſer votre Lettre à Monſieur le Marquis Duquiſne; *ſa Reponſe me ſervira de Loi, et s' il m'ordonne de vous la communiquer, Monſieur, je puis vous aſſurer, que je ne negligerai rien pour vous la faire tenir promptement.*

Quant à la Sommation que vous me faites de me retirer, je ne me crois pas dans l' Obligation de m'y rendre; quelques que puiſſent étre vos Inſtructions, je ſuis ici en vertus des Ordres de mon General, et je vous prie, Monſieur, de ne pas douter un Inſtant que je ſuis dans la conſtante Reſolution de m' y conformer, avec toute l' Exactitude et la Fermeté que l' on peut attendre du meilleur Officier.

J' ignore que dans le Cours de cette Campagne il ſe ſoit rien paſſé qui puiſſe être reputé pour Acte d' Hoſtilité, ni qui ſoit contraire aux Traitez qui ſubſiſtent entre les deux Couronnes, dont la Continuation nous intereſſe, et nous flatte autant que Meſſieurs les Anglois. *S' il vous eût été agreable, Monſieur, d' en venir ſur ce Point à un Detail particulier des Faits qui motivent votre Plainte, j' aurois eu l' Honneur de vous repondre de la Façon la plus poſitive, et je ſuis perſuadé que vous auriez eu lieu d' etre ſatisfait.*

Je me ſuis fait un Devoir particulier de recevoir Monſieur Waſhington *avec la Diſtinction qui convient á vôtre Dignité, à ſa Qualité, et à ſon grand Merite; je puis me flatter qu' il me rendra cette Juſtice auprés de vous, Monſieur, et qu' il vous ſera connoitre ainſi que moi le Reſpect profond avec le quel Je ſuis,*

Monſieur,

Votre tres humble et tres obeiſſant Serviteur,

Du Fort la Riviere au Beuf, 15 Decembre, 1753. LEGARDEUR DE ST. PIERRE.

TRANSLATED INTO *ENGLISH.*

SIR,

AS I have the Honour to command here in Chief, Mr. *Waſhington* delivered me the Letter which you directed to the Commandant of the *French* Troops. I ſhould have been pleaſed if you had given him Orders, or if he himſelf had been diſpoſed to viſit *Canada*, and our General, to whom, rather than to me, it properly appertains, to demonſtrate the Reality of the King my Maſter's Rights to the Lands ſituated along the *Ohio*, and to diſpute the Pretenſions of the King of *Great-Britain* in that Reſpect.

I ſhall immediately forward your Letter to Monſieur Le Marquis *Duquiſne*; his Anſwer will be a Law to me: And if he directs me to communicate it to you, I aſſure you, Sir, I ſhall neglect nothing that may be neceſſary to convey it to you with Expedition.

As to the Requiſition you make, that I retire (with the Troops under my Command) I cannot believe myſelf under any Obligation to ſubmit to it. I am here in Virtue of my General's Orders; and I beg, Sir, you would not doubt a Moment of my fix'd Reſolution to conform to them, with all the Exactitude and Steadineſs that might be expected from a better Officer.

I do not know that, in the Courſe of this Campaign, any Thing has paſſed that can be eſteemed an Act of Hoſtility, or contrary to the Treaties ſubſiſting between the two Crowns, the Continuation of which is as intereſting and pleaſing to us as it can be to the *Engliſh*. If it had been agreeable to you, Sir, in this Reſpect, to have made a particular Detail of the Facts which occaſion your Complaint, I ſhould have had the Honour of anſwering you in the moſt explicit Manner, and I am perſuaded you would have had Reaſon to be ſatisfied.

I have taken particular Care to receive Mr. *Waſhington* with all the Diſtinction ſuitable to your Dignity, and to his Quality and great Merit. I flatter myſelf that he will do me this Juſtice, and join with me in teſtifying the profound Reſpect with which I am,

Sir,

From the Fort at Beef River, December 15. 1753. *Your moſt humble, and moſt obedient Servant,* LEGARDEUR DE ST. PIERRE.

Liſbon, Oct. 30. The following Particulars of the Advantage gained by our Troops in the Eaſt-Indies over the King of Sunda, are juſt made public, and give the higheſt Satisfaction.

"The King of Sunda having violated the Treaties concluded by his Predeceſſors with the Viceroys of the Portugueſe Indies, and refuſed to make Reparation, the Marquis de Tavorn, the preſent Viceroy, reſolved to declare War againſt him. The Indian Prince, intimidated by this vigorous Meaſure, offered to make full Satisfaction, and ſent one of his Generals as a Hoſtage for the Sincerity of his Intentions. But our Viceroy having already been at the Charge of preparing for an Expedition againſt the Indian, reſolved to proſecute it. Accordingly ſailing from the Port of Goa on the 3d of November laſt Year with a Fleet compoſed of ſome Men of War, and ſeveral ſmall Veſſels carrying Land Forces and Stores, he landed his Men on the Coaſt of Sunda, near the important Fortreſs of Piro, which, notwithſtanding it was defended by ſixty Pieces of Cannon, ſerved by European Engineers, was taken by Aſſault, with the Loſs of only ſixteen Soldiers killed, and about ſixty wounded on our Side. During the Attack of this Fortreſs, the Ships made a terrible Firing on the Fort of Ximpin, which defends the Entry of the Harbour of Piro; and the Garriſon, ſeeing Piro taken, capitulated and marched out without Arms. This Surrender was followed by that of the Port of Connin, built on a ſmall Iſland in the Harbour. Our Troops found immenſe Wealth in Piro, which the Viceroy generouſly diſtributed among the Soldiers, reſerving no Part to himſelf. After providing the Place with all Neceſſaries for its Defence, he returned in Triumph to Goa, carrying with him 125 Pieces of Cannon, and ſeveral taken at Piro."

The Capture of Piro is of great Importance. The King of Sunda had a Cuſtom-Houſe, which raiſed a heavy Duty on Pepper, and other Productions of this Kingdom; which Duty muſt be paid for the future to the Portugueze. Our Court is therefore determined to preſerve this new Conqueſt, and with that View has ordered three Men of War to be fitted out, which, with the two Ships that Mr. Oldenberg the Merchant is obliged to ſend to the Indies, will carry 300 Men to Goa, to reinforce the Garriſon of the Forts newly taken, and enable the Viceroy to go upon ſome new Expedition, in which he will be favoured by the Conſternation that the Marattes are ſtill in ſince their War with the Great Mogul.

Madrid, Nov. 2. Orders are ſent to the different Ports of this Kingdom, to haſten the Equipping the ſeveral Men of War and Frigates which are getting ready for the Sea, Part of which are to ſail for the Weſt-Indies, and the reſt are to cruize in the Mediterranean, to protect our Commerce from the Inſults of the Corſairs of Barbary.

Paris A-la-Main, Nov. 5. We learn from Genoa, of the 22d paſt, that the Affairs of Corſica are in ſuch a Situation as the Genoeſe have long deſired to ſee them; that is to ſay, the Corſicans are divided amongſt themſelves and thirſting for one another's Blood. Gaffario's Death has occaſioned ſuch a Spirit of Rancour and ſo much Confuſion, that no Perſon dares ſtir abroad without a Guard. Near 4000 Peaſants are in Arms at Corte, where they live at Diſcretion. They have laid Level with the Ground five Houſes of the Accomplices in the Aſſaſſination of that Chief, who had acquired ſo much Authority, that he acted as abſolute Maſter, and would probably have been acknowledged Sovereign if he had lived ſome Time longer.

Madrid, Nov. 6. It is remoured that our Court is ſtrongly ſollicited to become a principal contracting Party in the League that has been formed to counter-ballance the Alliance of the North.

Copenhagen, Nov. 10. His Majeſty has granted a Charter for erecting an Hoſpital for Children from Five to Fifteen Years of Age, who are to be taught the fundamental Principles of Religion, and inſtructed in different Trades. For the Support of this Charity, among other Funds, there is to be an annual Lottery for twenty Years ſucceſſively.

Bruſſels, Nov. 16. The laſt Advices from Stockholm acquaint us, that the Lodge of Free Maſons in that City, which conſiſts of many Perſons of Rank and Fortune, collected a Sum of Money to celebrate the Birth of the laſt Princeſs, but thinking it more agreeable to the Rules of their Order, to eſtabliſh ſome Charity with it, than lay it out upon a Feaſt, it was reſolved to employ it in erecting an Hoſpital for Foundlings. And this Reſolution was made publick, that abſent Brothers and other Patriots might contribute to it: Accordingly above 40,000 Crowns have been already paid in.

Stockholm, Nov. 16. The Ruſſian Envoy has informed the Miniſtry, that her Majeſty having thought fit to quarter in the conquered Provinces a Body of Troops, who have been marched thither from the more inland Parts of the Empire, the moſt preciſe Orders have been given to the Commanders of this Corps, and from them to the Subalterns, that the Troops be kept in the exacteſt Diſcipline, and eſpecially to take the greateſt Care, that nothing be done contrary to the Friendſhip and good Underſtanding now ſubſiſting, and of which the Continuance is to be deſired, betwixt the two Powers and their reſpective Subjects.

Bruſſels, Nov. 20. Laſt Saturday died here, William Skonnell, aged 102, a Native of Ireland, and Captain of Foot in England; he had ſerved Charles II. and James II. In France Louis XIV. afterwards in Holland, and laſt in the Netherlands, during the Reign of Joſeph I. Charles VI. and the Empreſs Queen; his Senſes and Faculties, which were naturally very good, held out to the laſt Inſtant.

Paris, Nov. 23. On the 19th at Night the Lieutenant Civil and all the Counſellors of the Civil Department of the Chatelet, received each a Lettre de Cachet, enjoining them to meet the next Day, in order to proceed, without Deliberation, to enter the Letters Patent for the Erection of a royal Chamber, which, at that Meeting, ſhould be delivered by the King's Attorney. All the Counſellors being met, the King's Attorney ſignified that he was ordered to deliver to them the Letters Patent for the Erection of the royal Chamber, and that he required them to be read and recorded, in order to be executed and ſent to the ſubordinate Juriſdiction. The Recorder having read the Letters Patent, the Lieutenant Civil roſe to collect the Votes of the Counſellors; not one of them roſe, or made any Anſwer to the Lieutenant Civil, but in the profoundeſt Silence, they all delivered to him their Lettres de Cachet. The Lieutenant Civil ſitting down again, declared his Orders for recording the Patent, in the following Words: "We by his Majeſty's expreſs Command, notified to us by the Lettres de Cachet, ſent to us and to every Member of this Court, do order, that the Letters Patent for the Erection of a royal Chamber be recorded, in order for their Execution, according to their Form and Tenor."

Paris A-la-Main, Nov. 28. Yeſterday the Letters Patent were publiſhed in Form of Declaration, authoriſing the Solicitors of the Parliament to execute their Functions for the Royal Chamber in the ſame Manner as they uſed to do for the Parliament, and enjoining them to do all the Buſineſs which ſhall be required of them to do on Pain of their being removed from their Employments.

LONDON.

November 13. Captain Clive, who ſerved the Company ſo well during his Command of the Troops upon the Coaſt of Coromandel, will have a conſiderable Penſion during his Life, as a Recompence for his Services: Thus rewarding the Valour and Capacity of this Officer is not only doing Juſtice to his Merit, but at the ſame Time is an Encouragement to others to follow his glorious Steps. And as the new Convention will put a Stop to all military Enterprizes in the Eaſt-Indies, 'tis uncertain whether Capt. Clive will return thither, there being no more Opportunities for him to ſignalize himſelf by his Martial Genius.

Nov. 17. It is ſaid that an Application will be made for a ſettled Reward for apprehending ſuch as rob in the Streets, or on the Roads, within Ten Miles of London, to be paid in open Court upon Conviction, by direction of the Judge; which, it is hoped, will excite ſuch Alacrity in purſuing Offenders, as will quickly put an End to ſuch Diſorders, by rendering it impracticable to eſcape.

A Gentleman who arrived by the laſt Packet from Holland reports, that in paſſing through the Palatine, the Officers were every where as buſy in exerciſing their Recruits, compleating their Corps, recalling Furlo's, and putting Things in the ſame Condition as if they were to take the Field early in the Spring, in Virtue of preciſe Orders from the Court for that Purpoſe, which occaſioned much Speculation.

Nov. 21. We hear, the Inhabitants of Mancheſter are raiſing a Subſcription for building an Hoſpital to receive a Number of expoſed and deſerted Children, whoſe Mothers have been abandoned to Infamy and Want by a Sett of Men, that are the Peſt of the good People of that Place. They force themſelves uninvited into the beſt Families, amuſe the Daughters with ſolemn Vows of Marriage, and when they have ſucceeded in their curſed Deſigns, leave them.

Nov. 24. The Amſterdam Gazette tells us, that beſides what has been formerly ſaid of the Convention between the Engliſh and French Eaſt-India Companies, it is agreed, that from henceforth they ſhall enjoy in Common the Settlement of Muſulipatan and ſome other Diſtricts on the Coaſt of Coromandel, the Poſſeſſion of which had been long diſputed.

Nov. 28. Yeſterday between Eleven and Twelve at Noon, died the Right Honourable Edward Ironſide, Eſq; Lord Mayor of this City, to the univerſal Concern of his Fellow Citizens, his Life being uniform in the Exerciſe of every Virtue. His Heart was at all Times fortified againſt Corruption; and his Abilities exerted in the Service of the Public. Under the moſt intenſe Pain the true Chriſtian was apparent; and with the greateſt Calmneſs and Reſignation he embraced his approaching Change.

The Conferences between the Ruſſian and Swediſh Miniſters ſeem to be pretty well over, and there are Appearances which indicate ſome Iſſue or other of their Proceedings; but what this Iſſue is we muſt learn from the Event, as Conjectures about it are diametrically oppoſite.

Nov. 29. According to private Letters from Bruſſels, the late Placard, enjoining the Clergy and Religious Houſes to deliver in a true State of the Value of their Revenues, and their Titles to what they hold in Mortmain, is executed with great Rigour. All the Steps taken by the Clergy to obtain a Repeal of it has been ineffectual: Their Offer of a free Gift of Eight Millions, was abſolutely rejected by a Body of Nobleſſe, who are careful to ſee the Edict ſtrictly executed. The Convents, particularly, are ſtrangely embarraſſed to produce their Titles and Rights to their Poſſeſſions. Scarce a Day paſſes but ſome illegal or forged Title, or the Want of any Title whatever, is found out, and the Diſcoverer is ſure to be amply rewarded.

The Empreſs Queen, in order to improve her Cavalry, reckoned at preſent the beſt in Europe, has reſolved to add a Riding-Maſter to every Regiment, to teach the private Men.

Nov. 30. They write from Berlin, that the Report of his Pruſſian Majeſty's parting with his little Sovereignty in Switzerland to the Canton of Bern is revived, which, as it can be done with no other View than to bring a large Maſs of Treaſure into the King's Coffers, and the ordinary Expences of the Government do not require, occaſions many Speculations.

Our laſt Letters from the Hague intimate, that the Eſtabliſhment of a free Port is again retarded by the ſtarting of freſh Difficulties: But that the true Patriots pleaſe themſelves with the Hopes of overcoming theſe by the ſame Zeal and Diligence which enabled them to remove former Obſtacles.

Dec. 1. A young Gentleman, Son of an eminent Merchant of this City, came home to his Father's Houſe between Twelve and One a Clock laſt Wedneſday Morning, and ordered the Servant who ſat for him, to make a good Fire in his Bed-chamber, and then go to Bed, and ſtrictly ordered not to be diſturbed on any Account till Eleven a Clock; at which Hour the Servant went to call him, and after knocking at his Chamber Door for a conſiderable Time, in vain, he acquainted his Maſter therewith, and that he was fearful ſome Misfortune had befel his Son; on which the Door being forced open, the melancholly Scene preſented itſelf to their View, of the unhappy Youth lying on the Floor, with his Throat cut almoſt from Ear to Ear; and a Letter was found upon the Table, wrote in the moſt moving Stile to his Father, acquainting him with the Cauſe of his melancholly Cataſtrophe: The Purport of which was, That he was unwarily drawn in to go to a Hazard Table, kept

kept at a House near Covent Garden, where he had lost a considerable Sum of Money of his Father's.

Dec. 5. By Letters from Vienna, Ratisbon, and other Places in the Empire, it appears, that a League is formed in Opposition to the Alliance of the North; yet it still remains doubtful whether the former will be a Match for the latter. That League is known to consist of France, Sweden, and Prussia; but a fourth Power is talked of, though not particularly mentioned: Therefore some People suppose this Power may be the Ottoman Porte, in which Case the Northern Alliance may be counterballanced effectually: But if it is Spain, as others affect to believe, the two Empresses and their Allies need not be much alarmed, as the Scales will then hang pretty even; and as several of the European Powers are deeply in Debt, a new War may, in the Words of a certain Author, be compared to a *Cudgel Match in a China Shop*.

They write from Stockholm, that from various Circumstances a general Opinion prevails there, that a considerable Army will be assembled near that Capital as soon as the Season will permit in the Spring; but whether for Shew or Service, Time will inform us.

Extract of a Letter from Berlin, Nov. 24

"The King has charged his Ministers at Vienna, and Ratisbon, (notwithstanding the Rescript lately sent to the Austrian Ministry at the Dyet) to bestir themselves in the most effectual Manner, in order to procure a Redress of the Grievances complained of by the Protestants in the Empress's hereditary Countries, or at least to obtain Permission for them to remove out of those Countries. There is much Talk here of an Alliance ready to come to Light between some Powers, in order to counterballance the Northern League. It is certain that the Plan of this new Alliance has been formed since the Month of September last; that the Courts concerned are actually fixing the Conditions of it; that three of them are already agreed about the reciprocal Obligations, and the Nature of the Succours they are to furnish to one another; and that little else but the Resolution of a fourth Power is waited for, in order to put the finishing Hand to the Treaty."

Extract of a private Letter from Paris, Nov. 24.

"We are so Over run with Lions here, that there is no opening one's Mouth with Safety. The best of it is, that now and then they bite one another. A few Days ago, 5 Persons, very genteelly dressed, talked amongst themselves at a Coffee-house, of the Steadiness of the Parliament, and the tyrannical Behaviour of the Clergy. One of the Audience having lodged an Information, they were seized and carried under a strong Guard before a Magistrate, who knew them at first Sight to be his own Lions, and dismissed them quietly to their Den. The last Remonstrances from the Parliament of Rouen are equally weighty and warm; a great Minister is expressly attacked, but the Deputies who carried them to Court were refused Admittance, and ordered to return home. Notwithstanding all this, some People offer great Wagers that the Parliament will keep their Christmas in this City."

Extract of a Letter from Amsterdam, dated Nov. 28.

"*There is a great Outcry against the Political Publick Writers of a neighbouring Country, who breathe nothing but War, and spread Reports in order to make People believe that it is near at Hand. Of this Sort is the News of a new Treaty, between France, Sweden, and the King of Prussia, in order to regulate the respective Contingents, in case that one of the three Parties should be attack'd. But by whom? Is there a Power in Europe which menaces any of these three Powers, or who has any Quarrel with any of them? For it must be remembered, that the Treaties of Alliance between these two Powers are defensive. The Report of this pretended Convention has its Origin from that which is actually negociating between the Courts of Russia, Vienna, England, and Hanover, in order to settle the Contingents, in case the Electorate of Hanover should be attack'd, as it is threatened to be, by the King of Prussia, who absolutely refuses to submit to the Decision of the Diet, or the Aulick Council of the Empire, in respect to his Pretensions upon East Friesland.*

"*It is necessary to observe, that the Treaties of these two Alliances are equally defensive; wherefore, supposing the Convention which is talked of between Sweden, France, and Prussia, true, it is only to defend each other in case of being attacked; and none of the Powers of the Alliance of Petersbourg seem to have any Inclination to attack either France, Sweden, or Prussia; so that one may conclude, it is only to put each other in a Situation of not being surprized and overwhelm'd, in case of an Attack, that these Alliances are enter'd into, and that of Petersbourg, to prevent the Electorate of Hanover from being exposed to the Danger of being treated as that of Saxony was, if the King of Prussia, upon any Advantage, should take the same Resolution against it as he did against the other; which Determination against Saxony appears in a Letter of that Monarch, dated the 18th of December, 1745, to M. de Villiers*: You will see me and all my Army perish rather than to give up the least Title of my Pretensions. Let me know, whether the King of Poland prefers the Total Ruin of his Country, the Sentiments of Hatred to that of Friendship; in short, whether he likes the Conflagration of War, rather than to establish Peace with his Neighbours. *From whence one may conclude, that if the King of Poland had not complied, all Saxony would have been sack'd and plunder'd.*"

KINGSTON, in Jamaica, February 16,

On Wednesday last the Hon. Major General Charles Price, Esq; Speaker of the Assembly, the Hon. Rose Fuller, Esq; Chief Justice of this Island, the Hon. James Fearon, and the Hon. William Wynter, Esqrs; two of his Majesty's Assistant Judges of the Supream Court of Judicature of this Island; waited on his Excellency the Governor in this Town, and delivered to him a Petition of the Inhabitants of the Town of St. Jago de la Vega, in the Island of Jamaica; and of the Planters and other Proprietors and Occupiers of Lands and Settlements in the Neighbourhood of the same, to his Majesty, in order that his Excellency might transmit the same; in which we are informed they prayed his Majesty, that he would be graciously pleased to suspend giving his Judgment upon a Petition to him, and a Memorial to the Board of Trade; which had been drawn up and signed by the Inhabitants of this Town, in Relation to removing the Seat of Government, Courts of Justice and Records, from the Town of St. Jago de la Vega to this Town, until the Inhabitants of St. Jago de la Vega, should be able to obtain Copies of the Kingston Petition, and Memorial, which they declare they had not seen at the Time of signing their Petition, although they had requested the same in Writing, of the Custos Rotulorum of this Town; and until they have Time and an Opportunity of laying before his Majesty their Answer thereto: And we hear that the said Gentlemen were received by his Excellency with that Warmth they had a Right to expect. And that his Excellency after receiving the said Petition, was pleased to deliver to the said Gentlemen a Copy of the Petition of the Inhabitants of the Town of Kingston to his Majesty.

We are assured from one of our Correspondents in Spanish-Town, (upon whose Veracity we can depend) that on Thursday last, the Hon. Major General Charles Price, Esq; Speaker of the Assembly, the Hon. Rose Fuller, Esq; Chief Justice of this Island, the Hon. William Wynter, Esq; one of his Majesty's Assistant Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature of this Island, and Henry Dawkins, Esq; presented a Petition to His Excellency the Governor, signed by themselves and several other Gentlemen, in which they prayed His Excellency would be pleased to grant to, or obtain for the Inhabitants of that Town and Neighbourhood, Copies of a Memorial to the Lords of Trade and Plantations, that were lately signed by the Inhabitants of the Town of Kingston, and of a Petition that the said Inhabitants had presented to His Excellency, and likewise of a Petition presented to Commodore Cotes, all upon the Subject Matter of the Petition of the Inhabitants of the said Town of Kingston to his Majesty, and also that His Excellency would from Time to Time, grant the said Gentlemen Copies of such Papers as should come to his Hands, in Relation to the said Matters, that they might have an Opportunity to answer the same, and lay their Reasons against the Prayer of the said Petition, before His Majesty, and His Excellency; and that His Excellency was pleased to give a most favourable Answer to the said Petition.

Extract of a Letter from a Merchant at Kingston in Jamaica, to his Friend in New-York, dated Feb. 18, 1754.

"*The Governor has ordered all Vessels to enter and clear in this Town, which is a great Advantage to Trade. The Merchants here have raised a voluntary Subscription, of upwards of 10,000 £. Sterling, in order to carry on the Expence they may be at, in presenting and prosecuting a late Petition to his Majesty, praying, that the Courts of Justice and Records, may be remov'd from Spanish-Town to this Place, and that Kingston may be made the Chief Seat of Government. 'Tis impossible for me to describe to you, the Animosity that has lately arose on this Account, between Spanish Town and Kingston: The planting Interest about Spanish-Town, are greatly alarm'd, and have likewise preferr'd their Petition or Remonstrance, in order to shew the Inconveniences that will result, from granting the Prayer of our Petition. The Oppression we labour under, is so great, that we are oblig'd to cry aloud. His Excellency our Governor, is lately remov'd here, and the South-Sea House is now fitting for his Reception: He lately call'd a Council in this Town, and will shortly hold the Courts of Chancery, and Ordinary, in this Town: It is also imagin'd, that the General Assembly will likewise be call'd to meet here.*

"*I shall send you a Copy of the Memorial to the Board of Trade by the next Vessel, and hope that you, and all Friends in North-America, will unite your Endeavours to get the Affair properly represented to your Agents at home, which will greatly strengthen our Interest; and it really will be worth while for the Merchants to use their most vigorous Efforts, and to make themselves a Party in so good a Cause, by which those of them trading hither, will save some Thousands per Annum.*"

I am, &c.

BOSTON, March 4.

One Day last Week an old Batchelor of Medfield, about 20 Miles from this Town, drove hither a five Years old Steer of his own raising, the Weight whereof was 2268 Pounds, and so very fat that it was admired by all who saw it. The Owner had brought it up in the most tender Manner, and set his Affections so much upon it, that at parting with it, he mourned as one that had lost an only Son.

NEW-YORK, *March* 18.

Capt. White of the Snow Charming-Sally, who was reported in our late News-Papers to be blown off this Coast the Beginning of November last, bound in here, from Waterford in Ireland, and to have put into Antigua, arrived here on Friday last in 18 Days from the Virgin-Islands: He advises of the safe Arrival thither of Capt. Tingley in a Sloop of this Port, from Antigua: That several New-Yorkers, and other Northern Vessels were at those Islands preparing for their Return home, as fast as the Crops would admit: And that the Night in which he sail'd from St. Eustatia, a large French Schooner, in the midst of the Fleet then there, to the Number of 50 Sail, took Fire; and he only supposes her to have burnt to the Water's Edge, as himself, and sundry other Captains, to avoid bad Consequences, immediately weigh'd Anchor, and came off by the Light of her.

Last Week was brought to Town, and kill'd in this City, two young Steers of but five Years old each, raised and fatted by Richard Thorne of Hampstead Bounds on Long-Island. They were extremely fat, and with an Allowance of their Age, One of them was supposed to equal, if not exceed the large Ox mentioned in this Paper of Jan. 7. last to be kill'd in Philadelphia, the four Quarters of it, with the Tallow, weighing 1224 Pounds.

Custom-House, New-York, Inward Entries.

Sloop Rose, J. Clark from Philadelphia. Sloop Bumper, A. Hunter from South-Carolina. Brig Elizabeth, J. Smith from Jamaica. Sloop Kingston, J. Ebbets from Musquetos. Sloop Ruby, A. Gordon from Coracoa. Snow Charming Sally, Th. White from Waterford in Ireland, and St. Eustatia.

Outwards, *Sloop William, C. Tucker for New-Foundland. Brig Lark, W. Hyer for South-Carolina. Sloop Diamond, N. Lawrence for Antigua.*

Cleared. *Brig Banker, G. Wilmot to Boston. Sloop Sea Flower, Th. Moore to Marblehead in New England. Sloop Free-Mason, G. Briggs to Philadelphia. Sloop William, J. Cropper to Virginia. Sloop John, A. Williamson to North-Carolina. Sloop Phœbe and Polly, J. Spellen to South-Carolina.*

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.

To the PRINTERS *of the* GAZETTE.

THE Quotations in your last Paper from *Britain's Remembrancer*, Bishop *Burnet*, and Archbishop *Tillotson*, contain a very just Censure of *bad* Plays: But that those eminent Writers did not intend (with Mr. *A. B.*) a Condemnation of *all* Theatrical Entertainments, seems to me evident from the Quotations themselves. For the first owns there are *decent, modest*, and even *grave* Plays, and only objects to their being *tag'd with scandalous Farces*; he likewise allows that there are *good* Plays, such as are capable of *forming virtuous Sentiments*, and *mending the Heart*; but dislikes, and justly, their being accompanied with any thing that may efface the *good*, and leave *bad Impressions*. Archbishop *Tillotson*'s Censure is plainly level'd against *profane* and *lewd* Plays, in which every good Man must join him, and not against *all Plays*, as Mr. *A. B.* would, I think a little unfairly, have us to understand him. Bishop *Burnet* speaks of the *English* Stage only as in a *polluted* State, which implies its having been in a *pure* State: He thinks it needs *Reformation*, and allows that the Stage is *reform'd* in *France*. If so, why may it not likewise be *reform'd* in *Philadelphia*? I hope it will. And indeed I have heard, that one *express Condition* of the Permission lately granted for the Acting a few Plays here, is, that nothing indecent, nothing even in its *Tendency* immoral, shall be exhibited. In this View I am not so much dissatisfied with the Opposition some well-meaning People have endeavour'd to give the Acting of Plays among us: It may at least have this good Effect, to occasion that Condition to be more closely attended to, and more strictly observ'd.

That the Church of *England* generally is not against Plays, as Plays, but only against the Abuse of them, might be shown from many Passages of her most eminent Writers. Some even of her Clergy have been Makers of Plays, without incurring Censure, or even giving Offence. Doctor *Young*, Author of the *Night Thoughts* (than which few Books are more closely fill'd with sublimely pious and religious Sentiments) has very lately wrote a *Tragedy*, call'd *The Brothers*, acted the last Year; the Profits of which, amounting to a Thousand Guineas, were accepted as his Gift by the *Society for propagating the Gospel*. The pious, learned and great *Milton*, tho' a *Puritan*, wrote the Play of *Samson Agonistes*; and his first Plan of *Paradise Lost* was a *Tragedy*. That there should be some gloomy Spirits in all Sects, averse to Theatrical Representations in general, is not to be wonder'd at: But if these have inveigh'd against Plays, they have likewise as bitterly inveigh'd against each others religious Principles and Practices: And if they have agreed in condemning the *Theatre*, they have likewise agreed in condemning very innocent Things, as the Wearing of *Periwigs*, the Taking of *Snuff*, or the Smoaking of *Tobacco*. Where *Superstition* mixes with Religion, she frequently paints the Deity as a sour morose Being, disgusted with Chearfulness and Gaiety in his Children, offended with their Amusements and Diversions, and delighted only with Penance and Mortification. Her Votaries are often fighting against Nature and Reason, embracing Things that are painful, because they are disagreeable; and denying themselves innocent Gratifications, because they are pleasing. But the bountiful Creator has given Man an *Eye* to be delighted with beautiful Appearances, an *Ear* to enjoy Harmony, and a *Taste* to relish, not only the Variety of Food intended him, but every Convenience and even *Elegance* of Life. We are here happily situated in a *free Country*, under a *good Prince*, and a *mild Government*; and it is not at present unlawful for any Man, or Sett of Men, to be entertain'd in any Manner injurious to their Neighbours. If there are any among us, chuse to cloister themselves up in Cells, because Sunshine, Air Liberty are pleasing to Human Nature; if any chuse Silence, discordant Sounds, because the Sense of Hearing is delighted Musick; if any will whip themselves, because Nature is averse Pain; if they will watch and pray at Midnight, because they then most sleepy; or fast all Day, because they are then most hungry; they may do so; and let us by no Means grudge them their harmless Diversions. On the other hand, let not those have fetter'd themselves by their own too rigid Rules, and there cannot enjoy Entertainments of a more agreeable Kind, how soever they desire them, envy those that have preserv'd their Liberty, nor endeavour to deprive them of it. *Y. Z.*

By Captain Sage from Barbados, there is Advice of the Arr there of the Rebecca, Captain Lowther, from this Place.

The Greyhound, Captain Falkner, of this Port, is safe arr at Cadiz.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Charming Elizabeth, James Treadwell from R. Island.
----Hannah, Arthur Newton from Boston.
----Nancy, Alexander Sage from Barbados.
Schooner Humming Bird, William Rees from Maryland.

OUTWARDS.

Ship Lydia, Peter Reeve for London.
----Tryall, William Cuzens for Do.
Sloop Dove, John Cowpland for Antigua.
----Nancy, Alexander Sage for W. Indies.
Ship Mifflin, Joseph Brown for Do.

CLEARED.

Snow Agnes and Ann, Archibald Stewart to Jamaica.
Ship Rebecca, John M'Clelland to S. Carolina.
Sloop Prudence, Bernard Badger to W. Indies.

N. B. In the Inward Entries last Week, the Master's Na [William Gardiner] of the Brig Princess Louisa, from St. Eu tia, was omitted.

ROBERT IBISON,

HAVING erected a new CHOCOLATE MIL a few doors above the sign of the Conestogoe Waggon, Market-street; Makes chocolate in the best manner; and all p sons that please to favour him with their custom, may depend being well used. Likewise sells Chocolate by wholesale or re at the lowest prices; also a variety of shop goods. ¶

Philadelphia, March 26, 1754.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on Sunday, the 17th instant, from Brian W kinson, of this city Carver, A Dutch servant man, na Lawrence Perkley, by trade a Carver in wood and stone, he is wards of 40 years of age, a thin visage, came into this cou last fall, speaks no English, but can speak several other langua such as the French and Turkish, and says he has travelled that Had on when he went away, A light colour'd cloth coat, with hair buttons, old green nap jacket, ozenbrigs shirt, worsted felt hat, sheep-skin breeches, light blue ribbed stockings, old sh with one large flat metal buckle, the other a small buckle of ther make; he is much given to drink, and a very great sn taker, and works left-handed. Whoever takes up the said serv and secures him, so as his master may have him again, if taken or within ten miles of Philadelphia, shall have Thirty Shillings farther Five Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

5 BRIAN WILKINSON.

Philadelphia, March 26, 1754.

For the ENTERTAINMENT *of the* CURIOUS,

ON Monday and Tuesday, and on Wednesday and Thurs in Easter Week, it is proposed to exhibit, in one of Chambers of the Academy, a Course of Experiments on that Branch of Natural Philosophy called *Electricity*, to be accompa with two methodical Lectures on the Nature and Properties of wonderful Element. In the first Lecture will be exhibited Twen and in the second Lecture Twenty-three, very curious and enterta ing Experiments; by which, among other Things, will be demo strated, that the electrick Element, extracted from the Earth, the Attrition of Glass and other electrick Substances, is the with *Lightning*, and subject to the same Laws; and that Hou Ships, *&c.* may very easily be secured from being ever dama by Lightning. The Circumstances of the late unhappy Acci which befel Professor *Richman*, at *Petersburgh*, will also be expla ed, and be shewn to strongly confirm the above Doctrine. A as some are apt to doubt the Lawfulness of endeavouring to gu against Lightning; it will be farther shewn, that the doing it, the Manner proposed, cannot possibly be chargeable with Presu tion, nor be inconsistent with any of the Principles either of N tural or Revealed Religion. The Lectures to begin precisely Eleven a Clock in the Forenoon. Tickets to be had at Mr. K NERSLEY's House, in *Arch-street*. Price Half a Dollar each Lecture.

Imported in the last Vessels from London, Liverpool and Dubl and but just now opened, and to be sold by

WALLACE and BRYAN,

At their store, on Market-street wharff,

A Great variety of goods suitable for the approaching season, a fresh parcel of Irish linens, which they will sell on very r sonable terms, at a short credit, and will give good encouragem to those who buy for cash.

N. B. They have some choice Irish beef, red Port and Fyall wi English beer, double and single refined sugar in loaves, red clo seed, English flax, and sail-cloth, earthen-ware of all sorts, wh will be sold at prime cost. Also a Dutch boy and a woman serva time to be sold.

TO be sold by the subscriber, by publick vendue, on the Pre ses, on the 26th day of April next, in the afternoon, A lo ground, at Christine-bridge, New-Castle county, containing ab three quarters of an acre, with a large commodious brick dwelli house, two stories high, thereon, a good brick kitchen, good pu in the yard, large garden, well pailed in, shades and yard, convenient for a tavern or store, being the house where Ha Rudolph formerly kept tavern, it being an extraordinary place custom, there being a tavern kept ever since, and now in the ten of John M'Carty. The purchaser may have a considerable time the payment of one half of the money, giving security, and pay interest. Attendance will be given at the time and place afore by WILLIAM ARMSTRONG and TOBIAS RUDOLPH. ¶

This is to give NOTICE,

THAT at the School-house next door to the Widow Bittle's, *Strawberry-alley*, The Subscriber purposes, after the Hou Five in the Afternoons, to teach on that agreeable Instrum the GERMAN FLUTE, by an easy Method; and some Gentlemen are afraid to undertake it by Reason of its tak more Wind then they think they can well spare, the Subscriber invented a Mouth-piece, made either of Tin or Silver, and does in the least alter the Tone of the Flute, but does the same as if blo by the nicest Lip. Any Gentleman inclining to lear , may, by pay Fifteen Shillings Entrance, and Fifteen Shillings per Month.

*** Also the subscriber carefully teaches, Reading grammatica the various Hands in Writing, and Vulgar and Decima Arithmeti those that are pleased to favour him with their Children, may pend upon his Care and Diligence in teaching and bringing them ward in their Learning. ‖ ROBERT CO

*** *Saturday* next will be published the VOTES of the two last Sessions of Assembly of the Province of *Pennsylvania*.

Best possible image.

To be sold by
WILLIAM and DAVID M'ILVAINE,

A Tract of land, containing about 200 acres, situated in New London townſhip, Cheſter county, within two miles of the croſs roads, formerly the property of Robert Allan deceaſed; there is a good part of the land cleared, and the reſt very well timber'd, ſome meadow made, and a good deal more may be made, it is very well water'd; there is a good dwelling-houſe and barn on it, and a very good orchard. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, by paying down one half of the purchaſe money, may have credit for the reſt, allowing intereſt, and giving ſecurity. § 5s. Tbc.

Stray'd from off the commons of Philadelphia, the beginning of April, 1753, A young ſprightly bay mare, hard to catch, trots and gallops well, ſhe has a good full neck, with a hanging mane, a ſmall ſwitch tail, about 14 hands high, ſuppoſed to be branded on the near ſhoulder I P. *She was bred near the head of Elk, and is thought to be gone back that way. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare, and brings her to William Gray's, at the ſign of the Conеſtogoe Waggon, in Market-ſtreet, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, paid by me*

‡ JOHN PARRISH.

To be LETT,

A Plantation, in Moyamenſing, containing 60 acres of land, 16 acres whereof is good mowing meadow; 100 acres of ſwamp and 30 acres drained meadow, over Hollander's creek, to be lett together or in parcels; the land being rich, will be good for paſturing or mowing; with a houſe and orchard. Enquire of *Joſeph Lownes*, in Third-ſtreet. §

For *CORK* and *DUBLIN*,

The Ship BETTY SALLEY,
EDWARD SNEAD Maſter,
Will ſail in three Weeks. For freight or paſſage, apply to Randle and Alexander Mitchell, in Water-ſtreet, or ſaid maſter, at Fiſhburn's wharff.
N. B. They will give the higheſt price for barrel ſtaves and boat boards.

For the Improvement of the Breed of Horſes in this and the neighbouring Governments;

NOtice is hereby given, That there is kept at Chatham Rope-Yard, on the Paſſyunk road, by George Goodwin, late of the city of York, in Great-Britain, A very fine Stallion from Ireland, well known by the name of YOUNG TIFTER, being formerly advertiſed in this paper, which ſhewed his deſcent is from the beſt breed in England; but as it is thought neceſſary again to inſert his pedigree, the following particulars relating to it may certainly be depended on.

Young Tifter was bred by the Hon. Charles O Neal, Eſq; of Stains-Caſtle, and begot by the famous Tifter, brought from England by the Right Hon. Arthur Hill, Eſq; who was begot by Tifter of Warwick, the beſt twelve ſtone horſe in England: Tifter of Warwick was begot by the famous Toulous Barb, and bred out of Cream-Cheeks, full ſiſter to Leeds, and Grand-dam to old Childers; the preſent Tifter's dam was the famous Primroſe, daughter to Dimple, and her dam daughter to Waſp. Any perſon inclining to ſend their mares to this horſe, are deſired to apply to the Groom, in order to have them diſtinctly liſted, and ſerved in their turns. The conditions, One Piſtole for each leap, Two Piſtoles leap and trial, and Half a Crown to the Groom, paid at the ſtable door.

¶ Tbc. 6 W. GEORGE GOODWIN.

To be ſold by
ELEANOR DEXTER,
Living in White-horſe-alley, near the Preſbyterian Meeting-houſe,

RUM, ſugar, melaſſes, tea, coffee, chocolate, rice, indigo, allom, copperas, brimſtone, roſin, all ſorts of ſpices, cinnamon, aniſeed, clove, tanſey, ſnake-root waters, and ſundry other cordials, brandy, Stoughton's elixir, ſpirits of calamus, Hungary water; coarſe and fine ſalt; all ſorts of earthen-ware, glaſſes and china; half-thicks, flannel, naps, calimancoes, ſhaloons and tammies, chints and calicoes, ſtamped and ſtriped cottons and linnens, cotton and linen checks, cambricks and lawns, coarſe and fine Iriſh linens, ozenbrigs, ſilk, linen and cotton handkerchiefs, mens, womens and childrens thread and worſted ſtockings, and gloves, wool and cotton cards, horſe-hair and Leghorn hats, black taffety, white, black and bluſh perſians, mohair and buttons, mens cotton and worſted caps, ſundry ſorts of knives, ſciſſars and buckles, tobacco and ſnuff-boxes, nails, white and colour'd threads, ſewing ſilks (by retail) at the cheapeſt rates, &c. &c. &c. ¶

N. B. All perſons indebted to the eſtate of Henry Dexter, deceaſed, are once more deſired to pay their reſpective debts to
ELEANOR DEXTER, Executrix.

THE Members of the *PHILADELPHIA CONTRIBUTIONSHIP* for inſuring Houſes from Loſs by Fire, are deſir'd to meet at the Court-houſe, on Monday, the eighth of April next, at Three a Clock in the Afternoon; then and there to chuſe twelve Directors and a Treaſurer for the enſuing Year, in Purſuance of the Deed of Settlement.

To be ſold for the prime Coſt in England,

A SETT of the *Statutes at Large*, in 33 volumes in folio; containing the publick and private acts down to the 23d of George II. incluſive, neatly bound, gilt and letter'd; they are fit for either a private gentleman, or a legiſlative body. Alſo a compleat ſett of the *Univerſal Hiſtory*, in 20 volumes, half bound. Any perſon may ſee them, by applying to *David Hall*, at the *New-Printing-Office*. Tbctf.

ON Monday, April the eighth, will be open'd an Evening-ſchool, to teach Writing, Arithmetick Vulgar and Decimal, Pſalmody by an eaſy and regular Method, with Demonſtrations of the Nature and Quality of Vocal Muſick in all its Parts; for the Amuſement of ſuch young Gentlemen and Ladies as are pleaſed to employ the Summer Evenings in theſe neceſſary and delightful Exerciſes; from the Hour of Five to Eight, at the Sign of the Hand and Pen, in Third-ſtreet, by
WILLIAM DAWSON.

N. B. The Whole, or Part of the Time, may be employ'd in any of theſe Exerciſes, which is diſcretionary to thoſe who give Encouragement. Said Dawſon teaches Navigation and Merchants Accompts by the Italian Method.

SEVEN PISTOLES Reward.

SENT out with tin-ware to ſell, on the 31ſt of January laſt, by the ſubſcriber, living in Amwell, Hunterdon county, Weſt-New-Jerſey, a ſervant man, nam'd Nicholas Goddard, who ſince run away; he is a tin-plate worker by trade, was born and ſerv'd his time in London, is about 28 years of age, of ſhort ſtature, and walks ſomewhat ſtooping, dark complexion, full mouth'd, black ſtrait hair, and much ſcarified under one of his cheek-bones, occaſion'd by the king's evil, and very much given to drink. Had with him an old black mare, ſhort dock'd, and ſhod all round, an old ſaddle, and two baſkets of tin ware. Had on when he went away, a blue bear-ſkin coat, with flower'd braſs buttons, whitiſh cloth jacket, with the ſame ſort of buttons, buckſkin breeches, old white tow ſhirt, half-worn felt hat, lightiſh colour'd ſtockings. He parted from his comrade at the White Horſe, on Coneſtogoe road, on Tueſday, the fifth day of February laſt, and is ſuppoſed to be gone towards Virginia. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Seven Piſtoles* reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by *Samuel Kempton*.

N. B. He formerly belong'd to Iſaac Corin, Tinner in Philadelphia. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

To be SOLD,

A Collection of valuable BOOKS, in divinity and phyſick, being the library of the Rev. Mr. John Pugh, late miſſionary at Apoquiminy. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may, by applying to JACOB GOODING, at St. George's, in Newcaſtle [illegible], be further informed. D

Baltimore Iron-works, March 18. 1754.

RUN away from the *Baltimore* Iron-works, on Patapſco, in Mary [illegible] Baltimore Iron-works, on Pe-Oulton, is of middle ſtatu[illegible] a [illegible] much ſervant man, nam'd John complexion, ſandy beard and hair, very ſmo[illegible]mark'd, of a whitiſh liſhman, and has been about three years in the [illegible]ouken, is an Eng-him a bear-ſkin coat, without lining, of a darkiſh Had with white metal buttons, a blue waiſtcoat, with braſs buttons, with three check ſhirts, one white ſhirt, old hat, and white cap, no or ſhoes and ſtockings, two ſilk handkerchiefs, and a woman's ri cloak. Whoever ſecures ſaid runaway within forty miles of ſaid works, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have *Forty Shillings* reward; if taken at a greater diſtance *Four Pounds*; and if out of the province *Four Piſtoles*, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by RICHARD CROXALL.

TO be ſold, a tract of good land, containing 67 acres, about 40 thereof clear'd, and about 6 acres of meadow, well water'd, and more may be made, the whole being well water'd with ſeveral good ſprings, and a large ſtream ſufficient for a mill; the clear'd land is very fertile for grain, and the woodland well timber'd. There is on ſaid place a commodious ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, good framed barn, and a thriving bearing orchard. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid place, may know the terms of ſale, by applying to the owner on ſaid place. JOSHUA RICHARDS.

N. B. The land lies in the lower end of Northwales. ⊕

Philadelphia, March 26, 1754.

To be LETT,

BY the ſubſcriber, of Benſalem townſhip, Bucks county, a commodious Griſt-mill, with two pair of ſtones, double geer'd; the boulting-works go by water, the meal likewiſe hoiſted by water, very well ſituated for merchant work, being on the navigable part of Neſhaminey-creek, about a mile and a half above the ferry, flats come to take in their load cloſe by the mill; there is a houſe likewiſe to accommodate the above mill, &c. Any perſon inclining to rent the abovementioned premiſes, by applying to the ſubſcriber, near the ſame, may know the terms. ⊕ WILLIAM RODMAN.

Philadelphia, March 26, 1754.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in North-wales townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 23d inſtant, Two ſervant men; one named Henry Ramſay, about 18 Years of age, about 5 feet 11 inches high, ſtraight limb'd, has ſtraight brown hair, and pale fac'd; he underſtands part of the cooper's trade: Had on when he went away, An old caſtor hat, old cloth coat of a light colour, with flat metal buttons, worſted jacket of walnut and blue colours, leather breeches, linen drawers, grey woollen ſtockings, neats leather ſhoes, copper buckles, with braſs anchors and tongues. The other a Welſhman, named John Owen, about 24 Years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, has light brown curled hair, and rocks as he walks: Had on, An old caſtor hat, ſtriped linſey jacket, with flat metal buttons, and an old one under it, linen drawers and trowſers, blue and white woollen ſtockings, neats leather ſhoes, with braſs buckles. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervants, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward for each, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ AMOS GRIFFITH.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry them off at their peril.

WHereas Joſeph Gibbs, Joſeph Lilley, and the Subſcriber hereof, became bound unto Benjamin Gibbs, ſen. for the ſum of One Hundred and Forty Pounds, conditioned for the payment of the ſum of Seventy Pounds, current money of Pennſylvania, dated in January, 1753; which ſaid bond was unjuſtly obtained; Theſe are therefore to forewarn all perſons from taking any aſſignment on ſaid bond, ſignifying hereby that I will not pay any part of ſaid bond, as witneſs my hand this 13th day of March, Anno Domini, 1754. ¶ 6s. 4W DANIEL M'CLEAN.
Cæcil County, Maryland.

This is to give NOTICE,

THAT the co-partnerſhip between Sankey Hainſworth and Robert Hamilton, of the city of New-York, Merchants, was diſſolved, made void, and of no effect, the twenty-ſixth day of January, 1754; and all perſons that have any bills, notes or demands againſt the ſaid co-partnerſhip, are deſired to apply to Sankey Hainſworth, in order to have them ſettled and diſcharged. ¶

STolen from the ſubſcriber hereof, living in Earl townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the 20th of January laſt, A black mare, with a very long mane and tail, but may be trimmed by the thief, branded with P on the near ſhoulder, a natural pacer, about ſeven years old. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid mare, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me PETER BEAKER. ¶

BENJAMIN GIBBS, SADLER,

HAVING removed from his late dwelling-houſe, in Market-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the ſign of the Indian King, to another houſe in the ſame ſtreet, almoſt oppoſite to James Benezet's, and next door to Joſeph Baker's, at the north-weſt corner of Front and Market-ſtreets, hereby gives notice, that he continues to carry on the Sadler's buſineſs as formerly, where all perſons in town and country may be ſupplied with ſaddles and ſadlary ware, as reaſonable as uſual; thoſe who are pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend upon the beſt uſage, and have their work finiſhed in the beſt manner and neweſt faſhions. § Tbc. 2 Mo.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcribers, a plantation, containing about 245 acres of good land, ſituated in Plumſted townſhip, in Bucks county, about fourteen miles from Newtown, on the main road leading from thence to Durham, late the property of Joſeph Brown, deceaſed; there is on it a good ſtone houſe, and kitchen, with a framed barn, and other out-houſes, two good orchards, twelve acres of meadow cleared, and more may be made; there is more than 100 acres of upland cleared, the whole being under good fence, and well water'd and timber'd. Whoever inclines to purchaſe the ſaid plantation, may apply to the executors, living near the premiſes, and be informed of the title and conditions of ſale.

⊕ ALEXANDER BROWN, and NATHAN PRESTON.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, living in Bridge-Town, commonly called Mount-holly, in Burlington county, Weſt-New-Jerſey, the following lots of land, viz. A plantation adjoining to the ſaid town, containing 212 acres of land, on which is a good houſe and orchard, with 50 or 60 acres of clear'd land, about 30 acres of deep meadow, the moſt whereof is ditch'd and dry, near 15 acres clear'd and mowable, alſo 12 acres of dry meadow, very good, moſtly in clover graſs. Another tract of 250 acres of good land, about a mile from the above town, extending to the ſouth branch of Rancocas creek, where the tide flows, adjoining to the Old Bridge, on the country road, it has a large ſtream of water running thro' it, ſufficient for a mill, and is ſuppoſed to have 40 acres of good meadow. For terms, enquire of *Abraham Farrington*. Tbc. 3 Mo.

VEry good Lamp-black ſold at the New-Printing-Office.

Philadelphia, March 6, 1754.

RUN away on the 5th inſtant from the ſubſcriber, in Fogg Manor, Cheſter county, a native Iriſh ſervant lad, named Arthur M'Cullough, about 18 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, middle ſtature, pretty full faced, round viſage, mark'd with the ſmall-pox, ſhort black curled hair: Had on when he went away, a grey ratteen coat, with metal buttons, part of it lined with old black ratteen, and part with linſey, ſtriped linſey waiſt-coat, old dirty ſheepſkin breeches, with trowſers, new blue ſtockings, new ſhoes, without buckles, new felt hat, and coarſe ozenbrigs ſhirt. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN BLACK. ♔

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

Philadelphia, March 12, 1754.

RUN away on Friday night the 5th inſtant, from Henry man, Wolff, of Alſace townſhip, Berks county, a Dutch ſervant five inched Henry Gowmiller, about 37 years of age, five feet away, a yeſh, of a ſandy complexion: Had on when he went a fuſtian jacket, vig, fine hat, whitiſh coat, mixed with blue, old ſhoes, and a pair [illegible] linſey woolſey ditto, blue cloth breeches, with him maſons tools, [illegible]lue or white ſtockings; he alſo took and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo [illegible] leather apron. Whoever takes up ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, [illegible]id by HENRY WOLFF ⊖

TO be ſold on the firſt day of April next, a plantation, in Coventry townſhip, Cheſter county, the property of Samuel Meredith, containing 237 acres, about [illegible] acres cleared, and under good fence, having good buildings thereon, with two apple orchards, one peach orchard, a quantity of meadow, and much more may be made. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe ſaid plantation, may apply to SAMUEL FLOWER, and know the terms of ſale, either on the day of ſale, or before if required.

TO be ſold, by publick vendue, on the premiſes, on the firſt day of April next, a lot of ground, on the ſouth ſide of South-ſtreet, containing 100 feet front, and 360 feet deep, with two brick two ſtory houſes thereon, good cellars under the ſame, a good large kitchen, of brick and ſtone, two ſtory high, a good pump in the yard, a garden with ſome fruit trees, and a large fram'd ſlaughter-houſe. The ſaid lot is ſubject to a yearly ground-rent of 5 l. Sterling. Alſo one other lot adjoining the ſame on the aforeſaid ſtreet, bounded on the weſt-ſide by a lot and improvements of Mr. George Emlen junior, and contains in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 146 feet 5 inches, and in length or depth 360, or thereabouts. The ground is well manur'd and improv'd, and in good order for gardens, under good fence, and clear of ground-rent. Likewiſe 108 acres, with the allowance of 6 acres of woodland, ſituated at the head of Chickaſatungas Creek, in Lebanon townſhip, and county of Lancaſter, and is ſituated on a convenient place for a ſtore. The title is indiſputable. The purchaſer, paying two thirds of the conſideration money, may have credit for the remainder, paying intereſt. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe before the day of ſale, may apply to the owner of ſaid lands, living on the premiſes. CONRAD WALTACKER.

N. B. The ſale to begin at two a clock in the afternoon.

To be SOLD or LETT, by
MARTHA GREEN,

A LARGE commodious brick houſe, 40 feet ſquare, 3 ſtories high, 4 rooms on a floor, a genteel court yard, neatly pailed in, a brick waſh-houſe, neceſſary houſe, pump in the yard, good garden, and orchard, fit for a gentleman's ſeat, ſituated about a mile from the city of Philadelphia, on Germantown road, containing thereon 8 perches and a half, and 28 perches and 7 feet back, being the houſe where the ſaid Martha Green now lives. Alſo to be ſold one other brick houſe, with a lot adjoining thereto, as may moſt conveniently ſuit the purchaſer. Likewiſe a good brick houſe, kitchen and garden, with a tanyard, and all other conveniences for the carrying on that buſineſs, being the houſe where Timothy Searth now lives. Alſo ſome houſes in the city of Philadelphia. Likewiſe ſome lots on the iſland called Petty's iſland, in ſuch quantities in a lot, as may ſuit the purchaſer. Enquire of MARTHA GREEN, Executrix, living on the premiſes.

N. B. Conſiderable time may be had for payment of moſt part of the purchaſe money, upon giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt.

*** All perſons that have any demands on the eſtate of Thomas Green, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be ſettled: And all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, are deſired forthwith to pay their reſpective debts, or they will be ſued for the ſame. ¶

LAtely imported, and to be ſold for ready money, or ſhort credit, by JOSEPH FOX, in Third-ſtreet, and JOHN COX, at his ſtores, on the South ſide of Market-ſtreet wharff, A large and choice parcel of Fyall Wines. ⊕

THE SUBSCRIBERS to this Paper who live remote from Philadelphia, many of whom are many Years in Arrear, are once more requeſted to conſider how impracticable it is for us to wait on every one of them at their Houſes for the Money, and how eaſy it is for them to find proper Opportunities of conveying it to us. As a News-paper, which is a publick Convenience, cannot poſſibly be maintained under ſuch Diſcouragements, we hope we ſhall be excuſed, if, for the future, we diſcontinue it to ſuch as do not pay at the Year's End, and take ſome proper Method of recovering what has been long unjuſtly withheld from us.

FRANKLIN and HALL.

OUR Subſcribers in *Virginia*, are called to pay their reſpective Ballances due for this Gazette, to WILLIAM HUNTER, Eſq; of *Williamſburgh*; thoſe on the Weſtern Shore of *Maryland*, to WILLIAM YOUNG, Eſq; of *Baltimore* County; and thoſe on the Eaſtern Shore, to THOMAS RINGOLD, Eſq; of *Cheſter* Town; their ſeveral Accounts being left with thoſe Gentlemen for that Purpoſe, who are fully impowered by us to receive, give Diſcharges, &c. FRANKLIN and HALL.

For ANTIGUA.

The Snow
MARY,
Nathaniel Donnell *Commander*,
Will ſail with all Expedition.
For freight or paſſage, apply to John Reynell, *or ſaid commander on board.*

For DUBLIN directly,

The Brigantine
FRIENDSHIP,
Patrick Kelley, *Maſter*,
For freight or paſſage, apply to Randle *and* Alexander Mitchell, *or ſaid Maſter on board,* at Tun-Alley *wharff.*

Philadelphia, December 14, 1753.

RUN away last night from the subscriber, living in Leacock township, Lancaster county, An Irish servant lad, named John Hanley, about 19 or 20 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, has a smooth face, and ruddy complexion, grey rowling eyes, and short brown hair: Took with him, A brown linsey-woolsey jacket with dark stripes in the back parts, lined with linsey, of sheeps grey, grey yarn stockings, new shoes, with carved white metal buckles; he also stole and took with him, an ash colour'd drab coat, lined before with shaloon of the same colour, a half-worn wool hat, a new flag silk handkerchief, a reddish brown country stuff jacket, lined with brown shaloon, with light mohair buttons, a light colour'd camblet coat, check trowsers, a black wig, three shirts of eight hundred linen, in a linen bag, and may have other things not known. He has run away several times, writes counterfeit passes, and perhaps may have one with him. Whoever secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

GEORGE MACKRILL.

N. B. He had an iron collar about his neck. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. Tbc 9

E

A SCHEME

Of a LOTTERY, for raising the sum of *Six hundred and Seventy-five Pounds*, to be applied to erecting a School-House, assisting a Schoolmaster, &c. for the benefit of the poor of the society of the Dutch Reformed Congregation, commonly called the Calvinists, in Philadelphia.

Number of Prizes.		Value in Pieces of Eight.		Total Value.
1	of	500	is	500
2	of	250	are	500
3	of	200	are	600
12	of	100	are	1200
20	of	50	are	1000
40	of	25	are	1000
200	of	10	are	2000
850	of	6	are	5100
			First drawn,	50
			Last drawn,	50
1128	Prizes,			
1872	Blanks,			
3000	Tickets, at four Pieces of Eight,			12000

Not quite one blank and three quarters to a prize.

AS soon as the lottery is drawn, an account of the fortunate tickets shall be published in the Pennsylvania Gazette, and the prizes paid by the signers of the respective tickets, after deducting Fifteen per Cent.

The following persons are appointed managers, viz. Henry Bassler, Daniel Bouton, Leonard Melchior, John Goll, Jacob Utrey, John Stillwagon, Jacob Maag, Bernard Lawerswyler, Christopher Geller, and John Kempfer, who are to give bond, and be on oath for the faithful performance of their trust.

The prizes not demanded in six months after the drawing, to be deemed generously given for the uses aforesaid, and not to be demanded afterwards.

We hope a design of this kind will meet with publick encouragement, as the society, without troubling others, hitherto have done all in their power to erect a place of worship in this city; but conceiving the instructing the rising generation of the utmost consequence, and many of the society unable to bear the expence of schooling, they have been tempted to take these measures to procure publick help to erect a school house, and assisting a master in instructing the helpless in the principles of religion, and the useful knowledge of reading and writing.

The drawing to begin on the 20th day of May next, and to continue till finished, at the new building next door to the sign of the Sassafras-tree, in Sassafras-street, commonly called Race-street, where due attendance and care shall be given by the managers; such of the adventurers as chuse to attend, may be by at the drawing.---Some tickets remaining abroad that we have no account of yet, and a few undisposed of by the managers, oblige us thus to put off the drawing for a few weeks.

Which tickets are now selling by the above managers, at their respective dwellings; and by Jacob Winey, Michael Deal, and Henry Shellenberg.

NOtice is hereby given, That the Lottery for building a publick Wharff at Baltimore Town, Maryland, will certainly begin to be drawn on the 18th Day of April next.

N. B. There are a few Tickets remaining unsold in the Hands of James Stevenson, in Water-Street, who will pay the Numbers sold by him that happen to come up fortunate.

To be sold by

POLE and HOWELL,

A Good new riding chair, and chaise, best fall mackrell, oil, lampblack, gunpowder, Bristol pipes, with sundry European goods. Likewise good English Clover seed, at Twelve-pence per pound.

N. B. JOHN POLE inclines to lett part of his house, with about 15 acres of good land, lying on the Lower-Ferry road, about two Miles from Town.

PETER PATRIDGE, Skreen-maker,

HAS removed from the house of Joseph Saul, in Market-street, to the house of Charles Stow, senior, at the sign of the Half Moon, on the other side of the same street, and nearly opposite the New-Printing-Office. Where all persons may be supplied with wheat-skreens, hopper-skreens, flax-skreens, wire riddles. Also all sorts of bird-cages, rat-traps, mouse-traps, &c. made after the best and neatest manner.

TO be sold by the subscriber, living in Darby, Chester county, a plantation, situated in Merion township, Philadelphia county, containing 150 acres of land, about one half cleared, a considerable quantity of meadow cleared, and more may be made, the other part well water'd and timber'd; there is on the premises a large stone dwelling-house, barn, stables, spring-house and orchard, lying convenient to several mills, about a mile from John Roberts's mill, and ten from Philadelphia, there being a publick road running through it. The purchaser may have a considerable time for payment of one half of the money, giving security and paying interest. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms by applying to RICHARD LLOYD.

TO be sold by the subscriber, living in Brandiwine hundred, Newcastle county, a plantation, containing 170 acres of timber land, situated in Little Britain, Lancaster county, adjoining peach bottom lands, upon Susquehannah river, there may be very good meadow made, the premises being well watered. Reasonable time will be allowed for payment of the purchase-money, as per agreement. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to Thomas Grubb, in said place, who will shew the premises, or to the subscriber, who will shew the title, and inform of the conditions of sale. EMANUEL GRUBB, junior.

STray'd or stolen from John Howard, Joiner, of Philadelphia, on the fourth of January last, A black mare, with a star in her forehead, and a snip on her nose, one of her hind feet white, about 14 hands high, paces and trots, and goes a small hand gallop, about 6 or 7 years old. Whoever brings the said mare to the owner, shall have Twenty Shillings reward if stray'd, or Forty Shillings if stolen and the thief taken, paid by JOHN HOWARD. *Tbc.*

ALL Sorts of Printing-Work, Dutch and English, done by WILLIAM DUNLAP, Printer, at Lancaster.

RUN away on the 16th instant, from the subscriber, living in Kingsess, Philadelphia county, an English servant man, named Thomas Hall, about 21 years of age, five feet eight inches high, slim made, has a down look, with short black curled hair: Had on when he went away, two blue jackets, with stash sleeves and brass buttons on the same, and carved buttons on the breast, light colour'd cloth breeches, homespun shirt, purple colour stockings, half worn shoes, with large brass buckles. He got from his master a Four Pistole piece and a Two Pistole piece of Gold. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by SWAN JUSTIS.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

To be sold by EDMUND NIHELL, in Sixth-Street, between Market-street and Chestnut-street, five years lease of a dwelling-house, with a large and commodious brewhouse, malt-house, which has two kilns, and floors sufficient to malt six thousand bushels, stables and out offices, with the brewing utensils all in good order, the tun will mash near seventy bushels, the other vessels are in proportion, and sufficient cellars, also a thriving young hop-yard, very well cultivated, with sufficient poles, by the last year's produce (being the first) it is judged it will yield this year a thousand weight. Also a good dray horse, breeding mare, a yearling foal, and mill-horse. Likewise the intereset of nine years lease of a twelve acres pasture, on Moyamensing road, near Mr. Henis's brick yard, now under a crop of rye.

N. B. Samuel Carpenter inclines to sell the dwelling-house, brewhouse, and premises thereunto belonging, with a good copper, which holds 18 barrels, and a double geer'd horse-mill.

For LONDON,

The SHIP

LYDIA,

PETER REEVE,

Commander;

Having Part of her Cargoe provided, will certainly sail the twentieth of April. For Freight or Passage, apply to the said Commander, or James Pemberton.

To be SOLD, by

BENJAMIN MIFFLIN,

At his store, formerly Anthony Morris's malt-house, near the Draw-bridge,

IRISH potatoes, at 3s. 9d. by the single bushel, and 3s. 4d. by the quantity; onions by the bunch or bushel; Rhode-Island cheese; raisins; lemons; bohea and green tea, coffee, chocolate, pepper, allspice, ginger, indico, wine, rum, sugar, nails, New-York beef, mackrel, soap and candles, wholesale or retail; Indian corn, flour by the barrel or smaller quantity; and sundry other goods. 5 W.

Philadelphia, February 26, 1754.

TO be lett by the subscriber, a good plantation, in the township of Passyunk, about four miles from this city, whereof forty acres is good drain'd meadow, and twenty acres choice upland; with a new house erected thereon, and a large range on the unimprov'd part thereof; a good stock of horses, cows, &c. and other implements of husbandry, to be rented therewith, if suitable to the tenant. Also to be lett or sold on ground-rent for ever, one hundred and twenty-five acres of fine land, about half a mile distant from the above place, with a good house and barn, &c. or any part thereof exceeding five acres. Likewise to be sold a tract of land, containing three hundred acres, in Bucks county, about sixteen miles from Philadelphia, bounding upon the line dividing Philadelphia from Bucks. The Southampton road runs thro' part of said tract. Any person inclining to purchase or rent any of the above-said tracts of land, may have a reasonable time of credit allow'd them, by applying to the owner, BARTHOLOMEW PENROSE, near the Draw-bridge.

N. B. Stolen or stray'd away from the first mention'd place, a chunky brown horse, has a black spot on one of his buttocks, about the size of a small hand. Any person producing the said horse to the said Bartholomew Penrose, shall have Twenty Shillings reward.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A Plantation, situate in Oxford township, near the church, within eight miles of Philadelphia, containing 300 acres of land, about one half cleared, the other well wooded, 22 or 23 acres of meadow, and more may be made, about 200 apple-trees, most of them just beginning to bear, as many bearing heart-cherries, and some peach-trees; a large stone house, two stories high, four rooms on each floor, good cellars, two kitchens, and a chamber over each; it is made to suit either one or two families, a large milk-house, and well of fine water in one of the kitchens, two barns, two stables, besides other outhouses; also milch cows, working horses, sheep, hogs, waggon, carts, plows, and other impiements for husbandry. Any person inclining to purchase either plantation, stock or implements, may have any reasonable time for payment, allowing interest, and giving security. The place may be entered upon by tenant or purchaser the 10th of the Fourth Month called April next. Enquire in Third-street, between Arch and Market-streets, for SAMUEL PRESTON MOORE. Tbct. 10 A.

To be sold by the subscribers, at 4 a clock in the afternoon, on the fourth day of April next, by publick vendue, on the premises,

THE house and lot of ground where Rees Peters lately dwelt, situated on the north-side of Chestnut-street, bounded on the east by ground late of John Bayley's, on the north by ground late of Hermanus Alrichs, westward by other ground of said Rees Peters, part of the estate of Jonathan Dickinson, deceased, and southward by Chestnut-street aforesaid, containing in breadth east and west 25 feet, and in depth north and south 50 feet. Also another house and lot, situated as the former, bounded on the south by Chestnut-street aforesaid, eastwardly by the above described lot, northward by a lot late of Hermanus Alrichs aforesaid, and westward by ground part of the estate of Jonathan Dickinson aforesaid, containing in breadth east and west 14 feet 9 inches, and in depth north and south 50 feet; by William Savery, and William Peters, Executors.

N. B. The back part of the first described lot is subject to a ground-rent of Eighteen Shillings and Six-pence per annum.

†‡† All persons that have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts that they may be adjusted: And those that are indebted to the said estate, are desired to make speedy payment. § Tbc 4 W

To be SOLD,

A Tract of land, in the Great-Valley, Chester county, about 20 miles from Philadelphia, containing 400 acres; 'tis well timbered and watered by the Great-Valley creek, and several convenient springs; there is a quantity of meadow cleared, and much more may be made; the title is good. There is on the premises, A dwelling-house, barn, stable, spring-house, and an orchard; a great quantity of extraordinary good wheat land may be cleared; it lies convenient to mills, Philadelphia market, and to several places of publick worship. If any person inclines to purchase, he may know the terms, by applying to Mr. William Griffitts, Merchant, or to Mr. Francis Allison, in Philadelphia, or to Isaac Davis, Esq; living near the place, in the Great-Valley. Tbctf.

Just imported in the last ships from London and Scotland, and to be sold cheap for ready money or short credit, by

THOMAS M'JANETT and Company,

At their store, in Water-street, near the Tun Tavern,

A Large assortment of European and India goods, suitable for the season; with broadcloths, kerseys, halfthicks, red serges, flannels, carpets, snuff, watches, and sundry other goods, too tedious to mention. Also a very good man and woman's saddle. Tbc.

ON the 15th of April next, will be sold by publick vendue, by virtue of an order of the orphan's court, at the county of Northampton, the late dwelling plantation of Moses Dupui, deceased, in the possession of Daniel Shoemaker, situated at Minisinks, upon the river Delaware, in Lower Smithfield township, in the said county, containing 200 acres, being most of it exceeding rich bottom land, the greatest part of it cleared, and well fenced; there is a good orchard and barn upon it, and the title is indisputable. Aaron Dupui, Daniel and Ann Shoemaker, Administrators.

Also, at the same time, will be sold, by Daniel Dupui, living near the said plantatian, a plantation of 250 acres of very good land, adjoining the above, with a good dwelling-house, and barn.

Likewise a plantation of 200 acres of land, now in the possession of Samuel Dupui, about 30 acres of it being part of an island in the river Delaware, with two dwellings, the greatest part of it is cleared and fenced. The title indisputable. ¶ Tbctdos.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A Plantation, or tract of land, containing 485 acres, at Maiden Creek, in the county of Berks, near the Quakers Meeting-house, and 7 miles from Reading, with a good dwelling-house, new barn, 12 or 14 acres of meadow clear'd, and in good order, a good bearing orchard, with other improvements; there may be made a large quantity more of meadow with little expence, the whole being exceedingly well water'd; there is a good quantity of woodland, and a saw-mill, upon the place. Likewise a small Tract near the above, containing 40 or 50 acres, with a house, and other Improvements. Enquire of Samuel Pennock of Philadelphia, or Benjamin Lightfoot Esq; at Reading.

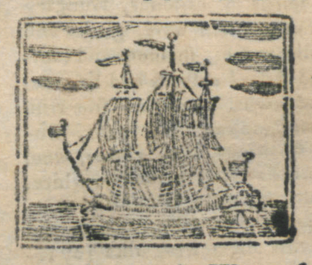
To be sold or lett by the aboveaid Samuel Pennock, a new and convenient brick dwelling-house, three stories high, with a kitchen, the house three rooms on a floor, and a garden belonging thereunto, with a stable, and other conveniences, in Fourth-street, on the east-side, a little above the Academy. Likewise to be sold cheap for ready money, or short credit, at said place, a good milch cow, and three horses, suitable for ploughing or carting, with a new iron chain, collars, &c. Also a new sleigh to be disposed of.

To be SOLD,

A Likely Negro woman, about 28 years old, with her two children, a boy about 7 months old, and a girl about 4 years and a half old. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

TO be sold by publick vendue on the premises, on the first day of April next, a tract of land in East-Nottingham township, in the county of Chester, containing 106 acres, whereon John Frew lately dwelt, with a commodious new brick house thereon erected, two stories high, with four rooms on each floor, and a cellar under the whole, a brick kitchen, and other out-houses; also a large stone grist-mill, fit for country and merchant work, with two pair of stones, and bolting mills, &c. (all the mill work new) situate on Elk-river, and supplied by a never failing stream of water; the mill-dam may be supported at less than Twenty Shillings per annum: There is a large garden paled in, a good young orchard, 30 acres of well improved meadow, and more to be made. Its situation is exceedingly pleasant and healthy, and in a thick inhabited part of the country, and convenient for store-keeping, as well as purchasing large quantities of wheat, &c. about 15 miles from Whiteclay creek landing. The purchaser paying one half of the consideration money, may have credit for the residue, paying interest. Any person may be inform'd of the title and terms of sale, by applying to David Finney in New-Castle.

For *LONDON* directly,



The SHIP

TRYAL,

Will sail with all convenient speed, having considerable part of her Loading engaged, and has good accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage, apply to Abel James, in Water-street, Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, February 5, 1753.

Province of Pennsylvania, *ss.* NOtice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the honourable the Proprietaries for quit-rent, that attendance will be given at the receiver's office, in Philadelphia, from Friday the 1st of March to Saturday the 9th; at Chester, from the 11th to the 16th; at Pennsbury, from the 18th to the 23d; at Lancaster, from the 26th to the 30th inclusive; at which respective times and places all who are indebted as aforesaid are required to pay RICHARD HOCKLEY, or EDMUND PHYSICK.

To be SOLD,

SEveral tracts of land, situated in the county of Berks; one within about three miles of the town of Reading, on the western side of the river Schuylkill, and joining thereto, containing about 200 acres. Another about seven miles from Reading, and on the western side of the river, lies a considerable length on the same, and has a run passing thro' it, containing about 150 acres. Another, about twelve miles from Reading, and two from Schuylkill, on the western side, has several small streams of water passing thro' it, on which a considerable quantity of meadow may be made and watered. Another situated on Maiden-creek (which runs thro' it, about five miles from the mouth of said creek, there are several streams or runs passing thro' it, by which a large quantity of good land may be water'd, it is remarkably well timber'd, which may be sawed (there being convenience for a mill of that kind) and floated down in rafts to Reading town, from which it is distant about 11 miles, and contains 400 acres, which may be divided into two plantations. Any person inclining to purchase any of the said tracts, may apply to BENJAMIN LIGHTFOOT, in Reading, or to SAMUEL LIGHTFOOT, in Pikeland, Chester county, and be further informed of the terms of sale, &c.

TO be sold, 212 acres of good land, well timber'd, and water'd with several good springs, situate in Trediffryn, Chester county, near Conestogoe-road, 15 miles from Philadelphia: The title indisputable. For terms apply to Joseph Tucker, or Edward Jones, in Radnor, or to John Roberts, miller, of Merion.

WILLIAM DAWS,

SAIL-MAKER, from London,

DEsires to acquaint the publick, that he has taken the brick store on John Pole's wharff, the next below Chestnut-street wharff, where he carries on the Sail-making business, fitting and preventing marline-holes, as in London, at Two-pence Halfpenny per yard: All persons that please to employ him, may depend upon having their work done in the best manner, by their humble servant, WILLIAM DAWS.

VERY good hay, in Passyunk township, about three miles from town, to be sold cheap. Enquire of JOSEPH SIMS, below the Draw-bridge.

[*See the Half-sheet for the rest of the Advertisements.*]